

JBB BUILDERS **INTERNATIONAL LIMITED**

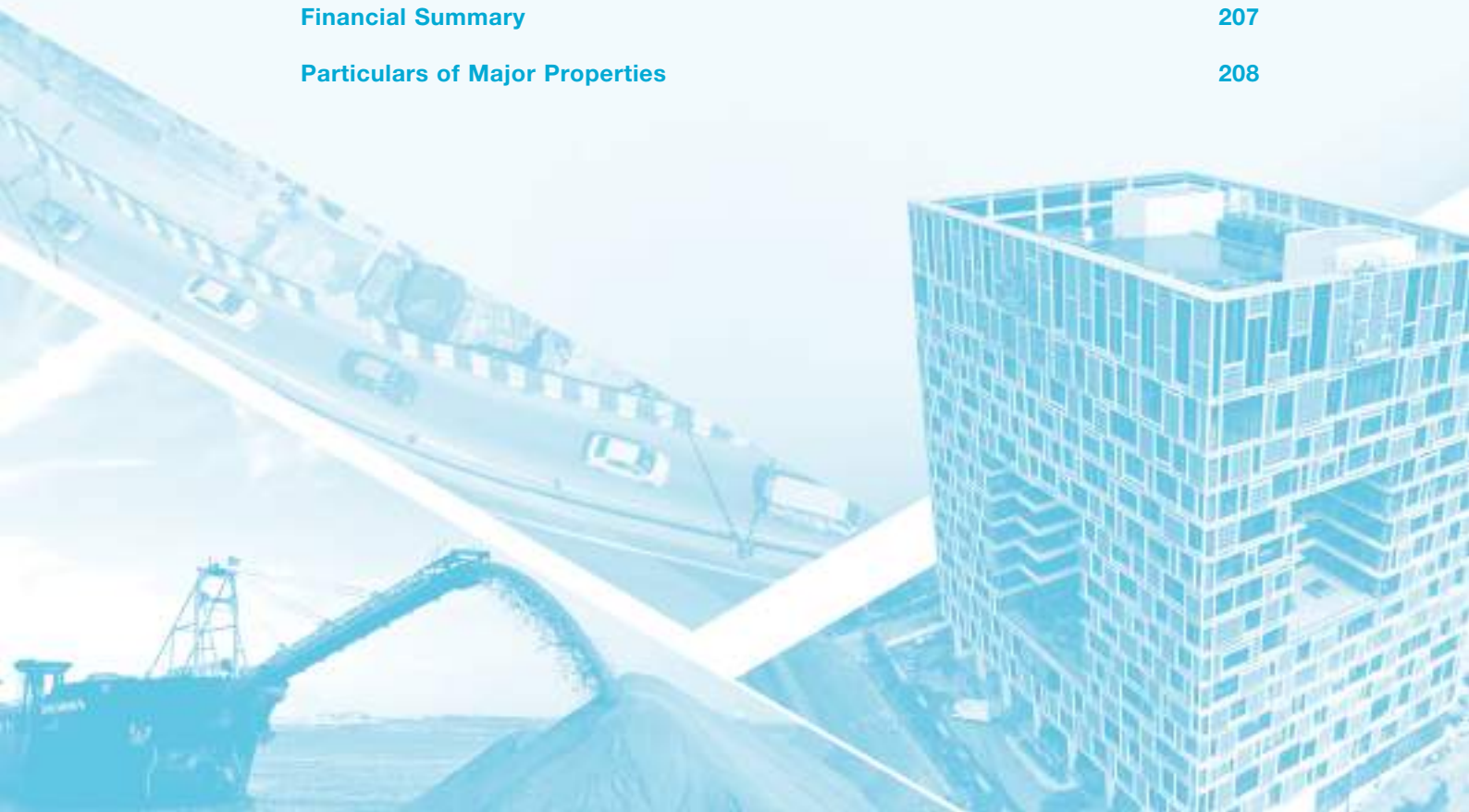
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
Stock Code : 1903



2024
ANNUAL
REPORT

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Dato' Ng Say Piyu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lam Fung Eng
Mr. Ng Chong Boon

Non-executive Director

Datin Ngooi Leng Swee

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Tai Lam Shin
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Tai Lam Shin (*Chairman*)
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Tai Lam Shin (*Chairman*)
Dato' Ng Say Piyu
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dato' Ng Say Piyu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Tai Lam Shin
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lam Lam

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES (FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE LISTING RULES)

Mr. Lam Fung Eng
Ms. Lam Lam

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVE (FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE)

Ms. Lam Lam

AUDITOR

Crowe Malaysia PLT

E-2-3 Pusat Komersial Bayu Tasek
Persiaran Southkey 1, Kota Southkey
80150 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

LEGAL ADVISORS AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Ma Tang & Co.

Rooms 1508-1513, Nan Fung Tower
88 Connaught Road Central
Central
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

DBS Bank (HK) Limited

16/F The Center
99 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch

10/F., Fortis Tower
No. 77 Gloucester Road
Wan Chai
Hong Kong

Corporate Information

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17th Floor, Menara Affin
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50200 Kuala Lumpur
Malaysia

AmBank Islamic Berhad

Level 31, Metropolis Tower
Jalan Dato' Abdullah Tahir
80300 Johor Bahru
Malaysia

Maybank Islamic Berhad

Level 8, Office Tower
Johor Bahru City Square
No. 108, Jalan Wong Ah Fook
80000 Johor Bahru
Malaysia

Citibank N. A.

5 Changi Business Park Crescent
Singapore 486027

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS IN MALAYSIA

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Taman Tampoi Utama
81200 Johor Bahru
Malaysia

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN SINGAPORE

18 Howard Road
#08-07 Novelty Bizcentre
Singapore

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1222, 12/F, Soundwill Plaza II – Midtown
1-29 Tang Lung Street
Causeway Bay
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited

17/F, Far East Finance Centre
16 Harcourt Road
Hong Kong

STOCK NAME/CODE

JBB BUILDERS/1903

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.jbb.com.my

Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the “**Board**” or “**Directors**”), I am pleased to present you the chairman's statement and the annual results of JBB Builders International Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Group**”) for the year ended 30 June 2024.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

The Group is an established engineering contractor which engaged in the business of marine construction services, building and infrastructure services and trading business of marine gas oil in Malaysia and Singapore.

BUSINESS REVIEW

With our focus on execution of the existing contracts and efforts on negotiation with customers for new contracts, the Group's revenue increased from approximately RM217.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM329.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. Owing to the continuous increase of subcontracting cost, the gross profit margin decreased from approximately 5.6% for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately 2.5% for the year ended 30 June 2024. However, the Group recorded profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RM3.0 million for the year ended 30 June 2024 as compared with loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RM8.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 which was contributed from (i) the additional income of arrangement of marine transportation related activities for our subcontractors and suppliers at the site areas; and (ii) the reversal for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets due to the improvement of collection from the customers and the agreement of the settlement plan with customers of long aged trade receivables.

OUTLOOK

New contracts were awarded throughout the year ended 30 June 2024 and the Group keeps on receiving invitations for new projects. With the positive news from the market, such as the work progress on the Johor Bahru-Singapore Rapid Transit System Link project and the announcement of developing a special economic zone in the southern Malaysian state of Johor jointly between the government of Singapore and Malaysia, it is expected that this would be an unprecedented opportunity to boost the cross-border flow of goods and people, strengthen business, and benefit the economies of both. The Group will closely monitor the situation and pursue the opportunities should the business and financial situation allowed, including the engagement for pre-contract feasibility studies as early opportunities to engage with first set information of the potential projects to explore further opportunities and widen our customer base.

Despite the above, the Group will remain vigilant in monitoring the uncertainties faced by the Group and market development, in order to stay abreast of business opportunities in the operating countries. The Group will also optimise its business models and portfolios to solidify its market competitiveness by participating in different tenders actively to safeguard the return to the shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”).

The Group is committed to achieving high standard of corporate governance by reference to the Corporate Governance Code as set out in the Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**” or “**HKEx**”) (the “**Listing Rules**”) (the “**CG Code**”) issued by the Stock Exchange. Through transparent and accountable policies, we believe these can help achieve our long-term objectives, maximise our long-term return and performance, and benefit our employees.

Chairman's Statement

The Group also acknowledges the importance of sustainability and it is incorporated into our business decision making process in order to align with our long-term strategy.

APPRECIATION

The Board would like to express its sincere gratitude to the Shareholders, business partners and customers of the Group for their continued support, guidance and contribution to the Group and appreciation to our management and employees for their hard work and dedication.

Dato' Ng Say Piyu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 September 2024

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is an established engineering contractor which engaged in three major types of services:

- Marine construction services – core business, which can be categorised into:
 - (a) reclamation and related works, which includes land reclamation and other marine civil works. Reclamation may involve soil investigation, hydrographic survey, pre-reclamation design, sand handling/filling, ground treatment, sand surcharge removal work and other related works. Marine civil works generally include construction of jetty, channel-crossing works, maintenance dredging and river diversion; and
 - (b) marine transportation, which involves transportation of marine sand and the filling material normally used in land reclamation, including the loading of marine sand extracted from the approved sand source onto sand carriers and carriage and delivery of marine sand to designated sites where the marine sand is unloaded to be used for land reclamation.
- Building and infrastructure services – the services include general building works in construction of properties and infrastructure works.
- Trading business of marine gas oil – the trading of marine gas oil.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group had completed a total of 2 building and infrastructure contracts with original contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM40.2 million. The Group and a customer mutually terminated a building and infrastructure contract with original contract sum of approximately RM143.1 million given that the market conditions have shifted significantly since the award of this contract.

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had 6 ongoing marine construction contracts comprising 4 reclamation and related works contracts and 2 marine transportation contracts with original contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM1,365.5 million (including estimated original contract sum of contracts which stated at unit rate at time of award), and 2 ongoing building and infrastructure contracts with original contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM164.2 million. The Group also entered into trading business of marine gas oil with a customer in Singapore who is our existing subcontractor during the year ended 30 June 2024.

As at 30 June 2023, there were a total of 5 tenders and 2 quotations with expected contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM1,789.8 million submitted (including a revised tender and a revised quotation submitted subsequently). As at 30 June 2023, the results of the said tenders and quotations had not yet been released. During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group had submitted 1 tender and 2 quotations for marine construction contracts and 6 tenders for building and infrastructure contracts with original contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM405.5 million, and the Group had been awarded 3 contracts with original contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM564.0 million. As at 30 June 2024, there were 3 tenders and 2 quotations with expected contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM177.2 million submitted but thus far no results has been returned.

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Revenue increased by approximately RM111.5 million or 51.2% from approximately RM217.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM329.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. The great increase in revenue was primarily due to the (i) increase in volume of sand transported from marine transportation works in Singapore; (ii) increase in volume of work generated from new contracts awarded during the years ended 30 June 2023 and 2024, while partially offsetting by the (i) decrease in demand of marine gas oil; and (ii) completion of certain contracts which contributed to a certain portion of revenue for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Marine construction services

Revenue from marine construction services represented approximately 93.8% of the total revenue for the year ended 30 June 2024. It increased by approximately RM125.2 million or 68.2% from approximately RM183.6 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM308.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Revenue from reclamation and related works, which represented approximately 8.7% of the total revenue from marine construction services for the year ended 30 June 2024, increased by approximately RM16.9 million or 169.0% from approximately RM10.0 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM26.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. Such increase was mainly due to the increase in volume of work generated from new contracts awarded during the year ended 30 June 2024 while partially offsetting by the decrease of volume of work performed upon the completion of certain contracts which contributed to a substantial portion of revenue for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Revenue from marine transportation, which represented approximately 91.3% of the total revenue from marine construction services for the year ended 30 June 2024, increased by approximately RM108.3 million or 62.4% from approximately RM173.6 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM281.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. Such increase was mainly due to the substantial increase in volume of sand transported generated from marine transportation contracts in Singapore, while partially offsetting by the completion of a contract in Malaysia which contributed to a certain portion of revenue for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Building and infrastructure services

Revenue from building and infrastructure services represented approximately 5.5% of the total revenue for the year ended 30 June 2024. Revenue from building and infrastructure services increased by approximately RM1.5 million or 9.0% from approximately RM16.7 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM18.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. Such increase was mainly due to the increase in volume of work performed from a new contract awarded in 2023 with progressive work performed for the year ended 30 June 2024, while partially offsetting by the decrease in volume of work performed for building and infrastructure services upon the completion of certain contracts which contributed to a substantial portion of revenue for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Trading business of marine gas oil

Revenue from trading business of marine gas oil, which represented approximately 0.7% of the total revenue for the year ended 30 June 2024, decreased by approximately RM15.2 million or 86.9% from approximately RM17.5 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM2.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. Such decrease was attributed from the decrease in demand of marine gas oil from our subcontractors given that the marine gas oil industry is competitive.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

Gross profit decreased by approximately RM4.0 million or 32.5% from approximately RM12.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM8.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. The overall gross profit margin decreased from approximately 5.6% for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately 2.5% for the year ended 30 June 2024.

The decrement of gross profit was primarily caused by (i) the record of gross loss for the segment of building and infrastructure services for the year ended 30 June 2024 due to the increase of subcontracting cost as compared with gross profit for the year ended 30 June 2023; and (ii) the decrease of gross profit margin of marine transportation works, while partially offsetting by the increase in revenue as abovementioned.

Other revenue

The other revenue increased from approximately RM3.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM5.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2024, which was mainly due to (i) the additional income of arrangement of marine transportation related activities for our subcontractors and suppliers at the site areas amounted to approximately RM2.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2024; and (ii) the increase in interest income on deposits placed in the Group's banks in Hong Kong and Malaysia during the year ended 30 June 2024 as a result of the increase in bank interest rates, while partially offsetting by the decrease in imputed interest income on contract assets in relation to part of the balances owing from a customer to be settled by instalments in more than one year given that the balances have been substantially received.

Other net income/(loss)

Other net income was approximately RM0.5 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. It mainly included (i) gain on disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM314,000; (ii) reversal for impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM181,000; and (iii) the recognition of the foreign exchange loss of approximately RM51,000 arising from the translation of foreign currency denominated balances into Ringgit Malaysia.

Other net loss was approximately RM0.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2023. It mainly included (i) the recognition of the foreign exchange loss of approximately RM263,000 arising from the translation of foreign currency denominated balances into Ringgit Malaysia; and (ii) impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM33,000.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Reversal/(allowance) for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets

During the year ended 30 June 2024, with the improvement of collection from the customers and the agreement of the settlement plan with customers of long aged trade receivables, the credit risk on these customers are significantly decreased. Taking into account of such factor, the overall increase in balances of trade receivables and contract assets, and expected loss rate applied based on historical credit loss experience, adjusting factors that are specific to the debtors and assessment of both current and forecasted general economic conditions (including the consideration of the expected loss rate performed by an independent valuer), reversal of allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets of approximately RM5.7 million was recognised for the year ended 30 June 2024 while impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets of approximately RM5.8 million was recognised for the year ended 30 June 2023.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately RM1.3 million or 8.7% from approximately RM14.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM16.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2024. Such increase was mainly due to the increase of staff costs arising from the increase of staff salaries and bonus provided to employees, increase of commissions paid arising from the disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties, while partially offsetting by the decrease of legal and professional fees, and donations and contributions incurred.

Finance costs

Finance costs decreased from approximately RM1.4 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 to approximately RM1.0 million for the year ended 30 June 2024, which was mainly due to the decrease of interest on bank loans arising from the reduction of balances of bank loans, and the decrease of imputed interest on contract assets.

Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses of approximately RM0.8 million was recorded for the year ended 30 June 2024 as compared with approximately RM1.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2023. The decrease was mainly due to (i) the decrement of taxable profit of Malaysia subsidiaries; and (ii) the reduction of the recognition of deferred tax expenses, while partially offsetting by the increment of taxable profit of a Singapore subsidiary for the year ended 30 June 2024 as compared with the year ended 30 June 2023.

Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company

Due to the abovementioned items, the Group reported profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RM3.0 million for the year ended 30 June 2024 while recorded loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RM8.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Since the revenue generated was less than expected and the operating expenses incurred was higher than expected, the profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2024 is less than the estimated figures as stated in the announcement of the Company dated 18 July 2024.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Final dividends

The Board does not recommend to declare any final dividends for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

CORPORATE FINANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Liquidity and Financial Resources/Capital Structure

The Group finances its working capital requirements through a combination of cash generated from operations, Shareholder's equity and banking facilities.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately RM94.1 million (2023: RM77.5 million) and pledged bank deposits of approximately RM8.1 million (2023: RM9.8 million). The Group did not have fixed deposits with maturity over three months as at 30 June 2024 (2023: approximately RM5.4 million). The increment was mainly due to the net operating and investing activities cash inflows and positive effect of foreign exchange rate changes while netting off the net financing activities cash outflows during the year ended 30 June 2024. All are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Singapore dollars and Ringgit Malaysia.

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had lease liabilities of approximately RM0.7 million (2023: RM0.4 million) carrying interest rate ranging from 4.3% to 8.5% (2023: ranging from 4.6% to 8.2%). All are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Ringgit Malaysia. As at 30 June 2024, the Group had bank loans of approximately RM10.5 million (2023: RM14.2 million) carrying interest rate at 7.2% (2023: 7.2%). All are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia. The Group had unutilised banking facilities of approximately RM47.0 million (2023: RM47.0 million).

The Group continued to maintain a healthy liquidity position. The current ratio decreased from approximately 2.1 times as at 30 June 2023 to approximately 1.7 times as at 30 June 2024 which was mainly due to the increase of subcontracting cost incurred and so the decrease of gross profit margin for the year, which contributed to the increase of current liabilities in a larger portion than that of the current assets. The gearing ratio decreased from approximately 10.9% as at 30 June 2023 to approximately 8.2% as at 30 June 2024 which is calculated based on the total loans and borrowings (which represent bank loans and lease liabilities) divided by total equity at the end of the year. The decrease of gearing ratio was mainly due to the decrease of total bank loans and lease liabilities from approximately RM14.6 million as at 30 June 2023 to approximately RM11.2 million as at 30 June 2024.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to Shareholders, return capital to Shareholders, or sell assets to reduce debt. No changes in the objective, policies or processes for managing capital were made during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendation of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends as well as issue of new debt or the redemption of the debt.

There had been no material change in the capital structure of the Group during the year ended 30 June 2024.

Capital commitments

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had capital commitments of approximately RM81,000 (2023: RM96,000).

Pledge of assets

As at 30 June 2024, pledged bank deposits of approximately RM8.2 million (2023: RM9.8 million) have been pledged to banks as security for banking facilities granted to the Group with approximately RM5.8 million (2023: RM7.4 million) related to performance bonds. Pledged bank deposits related to performance bonds include (i) minimum amount of deposits pledged to banks for facility lines for performance bonds; (ii) sinking fund (calculated at 6%-11% of the progress payment from the particular contract related to the corresponding performance bonds); and (iii) interest income of deposits pledged to banks.

Deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties with carrying amount of approximately RM12.9 million (2023: RM12.9 million) and investment properties with carrying amount of approximately RM2.2 million (2023: RM2.2 million) as at 30 June 2024 were pledged to a bank as security for bank facilities granted to the Group.

Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June 2024, the Group did not have contingent liabilities in respect of performance bonds for contracts in favour of customers (2023: approximately RM2.4 million). It is in the process of arranging the performance bonds related to new contracts awarded in 2024 as at 30 June 2024.

The performance bonds were given by banks in favour of some of the Group's customers as security for the due performance and observance of the Group's obligations under the contracts entered into between the Group and its customers. If the Group fails to provide satisfactory performance to its customers to whom performance bonds have been given, such customers may demand the banks to pay to them the sum or sums stipulated in such demand. The Group will then become liable to compensate such banks accordingly. The performance bonds will be released based on the terms of the respective contracts for the relevant customers. The performance bonds were secured and guaranteed by (i) deposits with licensed banks of approximately RM5.8 million; and (ii) corporate guarantees given by the Company as at 30 June 2024.

Risk management

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables, contract assets, fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and cash at banks. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. As at 30 June 2024, approximately 61% (2023: 50%) of the total gross trade receivables and contract assets was due from the Group's largest customer and approximately 91% (2023: 87%) of the total gross trade receivables and contract assets were due from the Group's five largest customers.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle their debts. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

For certain large customers or customers with a high risk of default, the Group assesses the risk of loss of each customer individually based on their financial information, past trends of payments and external credit rating, where applicable.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, which is calculated using a provision matrix. The Group segments its trade receivables and contract assets based on geographic regions, due to different loss patterns experienced in the different regions.

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Other receivables and deposits

The management of the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable. The management of the Group believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of other receivables and deposits since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12 months expected credit losses. As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group assessed the expected credit losses for other receivables and deposits were insignificant and thus no loss allowance was recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits with maturity over three months and pledged bank deposits

Cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits with maturity over three months and pledged bank deposits are mainly placed with reputable financial institutions with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to the Group's fixed-rate short-term fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and lease liabilities. The management of the Group considers that the Group's exposure from these fixed-rate short-term fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and lease liabilities to interest rate risk is not significant.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from cash at banks and bank loans. Cash at banks and bank loans at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Malaysia base lending rate from the Group's bank loans denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

Foreign currency exchange risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, hence exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arises. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and to keep the net exposure to an acceptable level. The Group will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

For the risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, please refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" in the prospectus of the Company dated 25 April 2019 (the "**Prospectus**") and section headed "Principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group" under the "Directors' Report" (on pages 22 to 24) of this annual report.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

Save as disclosed in this annual report and the circular of the Company dated 19 July 2022, the Group did not hold any significant investments during the year ended 30 June 2024.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in the Prospectus, circular of the Company dated 19 July 2022 and this annual report, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets as at 30 June 2024.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year ended 30 June 2024.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no other important events affecting the Group that have occurred since 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this annual report.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

Excluding the Directors, the total number of full-time employees of the Group increased from 55 as at 30 June 2023 to 64 as at 30 June 2024 for the expansion of the business activities.

The Group determines the remuneration of its employees with references to market rates and individual's qualifications, experience, skills, performance and contributions. The Group regularly reviews compensation and benefits policies as well as the individual performance of employees and encourages the employees to pursue their professionalism and personal goals.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The Board determined the remuneration of the Directors based on recommendation from the remuneration committee of the Company. The Board took into consideration a number of relevant factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, job responsibilities, duties and scope, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group, market practices, financial and non-financial performance, and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The remuneration committee of the Company will determine the overall amount of each component of remuneration, taking into account both quantitative and qualitative assessment of performance. No individual Director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

No equity-based remuneration (e.g. share options or grants) with performance-related elements shall be granted to independent non-executive Directors. This measure aims to ensure the independent non-executive Directors are demonstrating objective judgement throughout their tenure. This is because equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity and independence.

The Company adopted a share option scheme so that the Company may grant options to the eligible persons as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group. In addition, employees are always encouraged to attend job-related seminars, webinars, courses and programs organised by professional or educational institutions, in Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong or other jurisdiction.

PROSPECTS

Since July 2023, the Group has secured new contracts, including a building and infrastructure contract of a new ultra-modern 5 storey court complex in Johor, a reclamation and related works contract for the land reclamation works and mixed development in the district of Mukim Plentong, Johor and a reclamation and related works contract at the Maharani Energy Gateway Project, Muar with original contract sum in aggregate of approximately RM564.0 million. The delivery of marine transportation works in Singapore is expected to be stable and the delivery volume will gradually increase. It is expected that these contracts will enhance and strengthen the revenue and profitability of the Group in the near future.

The construction industry remains competitive. The industry is also facing inflationary pressures and labour shortages. The rising interest rates have increased the cost of capital, putting pressure on the Group's profitability. Despite these challenges, the Group keeps on receiving invitations for new projects, including marine transportation for the expansion of projects in Singapore and government related projects in Malaysia. With the work progress on the Johor Bahru-Singapore Rapid Transit System Link project and the announcement of developing a special economic zone in the southern Malaysian state of Johor jointly between the government of Singapore and Malaysia which aims to attract investments and free up movement of goods and people, it is expected that this would be an unprecedented opportunity to boost the cross-border flow of goods and people, strengthen business, and benefit the economies of both. The Group will closely monitor the situation and pursue the opportunities should the business and financial situation allowed, including the engagement for pre-contract feasibility studies as early opportunities to engage with first set information of the potential projects to explore further opportunities and widen our customer base.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Taking into account of the cash and cash equivalents in hand, available banking facilities, tight cost control measures and capital commitments, the Group believes its liquidity position remains healthy. Moving forward, the Group will remain vigilant in monitoring the uncertainties faced by the Group and market development, in order to stay abreast of business opportunities in the operating countries. The Group will also optimise its business models and portfolios to solidify its market competitiveness by participating in different tenders actively. At the same time, the Group is focusing on executing the construction works of the new contracts awarded in 2024 in order to deliver the quality work on schedule. The Group is actively realising the value of the properties on hand by selling the properties in the market through engagement with the team. The Group will leverage its financial position, extensive network from its management, strong quality management system and resources available to implement appropriate business strategies to mitigate the potential adverse impact on its business operations and to ensure sustained value creation.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of the global offering of the ordinary shares of the Company (the “**Shares**”) received by the Company were approximately HK\$125.2 million (approximately RM62.6 million)^(Note 1), after deduction of underwriting fees and related listing expenses, of which HK\$15.0 million of the total amount of fees and expenses in connection with the global offering of the Shares had been paid from the proceeds of the pre-IPO investments. Set out below is the breakdown of use of net proceeds from the global offering of the Shares from 10 May 2019 (the “**Listing Date**”) up to 30 June 2024:

Use of net proceeds as at 30 June 2024	Percentage of net proceeds ^(Note 2) %	Original allocation of the net proceeds ^(Note 1) RM million	Revised allocation of the unutilised net proceeds ^(Note 3) RM million	Amount utilised as at 30 June 2024 RM million	Unutilised net proceeds balance as at 30 June 2024 RM million	Expected timeline on utilising the remaining proceeds ^(Note 4)
Acquiring one rebuilt sand carrier from one of the existing subcontractors for marine transportation services	57.9	36.2	–	–	–	N/A
Purchasing new land-based machineries	7.3	4.6	–	–	–	N/A
Satisfying performance bonds requirement of prospective projects	23.4	14.7	14.7	(4.0)	10.7	By June 2028
Upgrading the information technology and project management systems	0.6	0.4	0.4	(0.3)	0.1	By June 2028
Recruiting and expanding management team for the building and infrastructure works	3.4	2.1	2.1	(0.9)	1.2	By June 2028
Working capital and general corporate purposes	7.4	4.6	4.6	(4.6)	–	N/A
Funding and capital requirements for new contracts	–	–	40.8	(1.4)	39.4	By June 2028
	<u>100.0</u>	<u>62.6</u>	<u>62.6</u>	<u>(11.2)</u>	<u>51.4</u>	

As at 30 June 2024, approximately RM51.4 million (representing approximately 82.1% of the net proceeds from the global offering) had not yet been utilised. The unutilised portion of the net proceeds were deposited in the Group’s banks in Malaysia.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Notes:

- (1) The net proceeds allocated for each specific use have been adjusted proportionally in the manner as stated in the Prospectus due to the difference between the estimated net proceeds and the actual net proceeds received.
- (2) Such utilisation of the net proceeds was in accordance with the proposed allocations as set out in the section headed “Future Plans and Use of Proceeds” in the Prospectus.
- (3) On 23 February 2024, the Board has resolved to reallocate part of the unutilised net proceeds as at 31 December 2023 in the sum of approximately RM40.8 million, which was originally allocated for acquiring one rebuilt sand carrier and for purchasing new land-based machineries, to the use of funding and capital requirements for new contracts awarded to the Group. For further details, please refer to the section headed “Change in Use of Proceeds” of the announcement of the Company dated 23 February 2024.
- (4) The expected timeline on utilising the remaining proceeds is the best estimation of the Directors based on: (i) the latest information provided by the customers on the expected commencement date of the construction contracts previously secured; (ii) ongoing contracts on hand; and (iii) the present business and economic environment including the consequential impact of COVID-19 outbreak, as of the date of this annual report. In view of the above, the Directors expect the remaining proceeds will be utilised alongside the resumption of the economic activities in general by the year ending 30 June 2028 should the market and economic situation require, and would be subject to change based on the future development of market conditions.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dato' Ng Say Piyu ("**Dato' Ng**"), aged 71, is the co-founder of our Group and has been appointed as our Chairman and executive Director since 30 April 2018. Dato' Ng is primarily responsible for overall business planning, corporate strategies and overall management of our Group. Dato' Ng is also the chairman of nomination committee, member of remuneration committee and a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Dato' Ng has over 44 years of experience in the construction industry. From 1980 to 1983, he was a quantity surveyor in Jabatan Kerja Raya (Public Works Department Malaysia), during which he was mainly responsible for negotiation, procurement and construction management. From 1983 to 1993, Dato' Ng briefly worked as a project manager in PC Holdings Sdn. Bhd., a construction company in Malaysia; and subsequently served in SBBU Sdn. Bhd. (a subsidiary of Urban Development Authority Malaysia) with his last position as a senior project manager, where he was responsible for managing property development projects. From 1994 to 1997, he was appointed as a director of Idealland Sdn. Bhd., a company engaged in mixed property development projects. From 1998 to 2006, he became an entrepreneur actively investing in mixed property development in Malaysia. Since 2007, he began actively investing in the business of sand processing and trading.

Dato' Ng graduated from the Polytechnic of Wales (presently known as University of Glamorgan), United Kingdom, with a Bachelor of Science in Quantity Surveying in July 1980.

Dato' Ng is the spouse of Datin Ngooi Leng Swee ("**Datin Ngooi**") (a non-executive Director), and the uncle of Mr. Lam Fung Eng (an executive Director) and Mr. Ng Chong Boon (an executive Director).

Mr. Lam Fung Eng, aged 48, has been appointed as our executive Director since 10 May 2018. Mr. Lam is primarily responsible for overall corporate strategies and policies formulation, business development and general management of our Group. He is currently a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lam has over 24 years of experience in contract management in Malaysia's construction industry. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Lam was a contract executive from November 1999 to August 2001 in Perwik Sdn. Bhd., in which he was responsible for the preparation of tender and negotiation with subcontractors and suppliers. From September 2001 to December 2003, he worked in Kumpulan Jayaputera Sdn. Bhd. with his last position as an assistant contract manager, and was responsible for assisting in the contract management of construction projects. From April 2004 to April 2008, he served as a contract manager of Prosmier Construction Sdn. Bhd., during which he was responsible of pre and post-contract management, including tender procurement and site valuation. From May 2008 to April 2012, he was appointed as a director of Full Alliance Sdn. Bhd., during which he was primarily responsible for overseeing the contract department of the company.

Mr. Lam graduated from the Nottingham Trent University, United Kingdom, with a Bachelor of Science majoring in quantity surveying in June 2000.

Mr. Lam is the nephew of Dato' Ng (an executive Director) and Datin Ngooi (a non-executive Director), and a cousin of Mr. Ng Chong Boon (an executive Director).

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Ng Chong Boon, aged 53, has been appointed as our executive Director since 10 May 2018. Mr. Ng is primarily responsible for the overall management of our business operation as well as project management and supervision. He is currently a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Ng has over 29 years of experience in project management in Malaysia's construction industry. Prior to joining our Group, he was a quantity surveyor from January 1995 to February 1996 in JB Bergabung Consult, a consulting quantity surveying firm, and was mainly responsible for tender preparation. From March 1996 to May 1997, he served as a senior project executive of Seri Alam Properties Sdn. Bhd., a company engaged in mixed property development, and was responsible for risk management and operation of construction projects. From May 1997 to May 2000, he served as a contract manager of Dubon Berhad, a construction company, and was responsible for overseeing project operation and financial management of projects. From June 2000 to April 2011, he served as a project manager of SSB Construction Sdn. Bhd., a construction company, where he was responsible for conducting general project management.

Mr. Ng graduated from Glasgow Caledonian University, United Kingdom, with a Bachelor of Science majoring in quantity surveying in November 1995.

Mr. Ng is the nephew of Dato' Ng (an executive Director) and Datin Ngooi (a non-executive Director), and a cousin of Mr. Lam Fung Eng (an executive Director).

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Datin Ngooi, aged 70, has been appointed as our non-executive Director since 30 April 2018. Datin Ngooi is primarily responsible for the overall strategic management and corporate development. She is the co-founder of our Group and has been serving as a director of JBB Builders (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("**JBB Builders**") since its incorporation. Datin Ngooi has over 29 years of experience in management. From 1995 to 2000, Datin Ngooi was a senior IT manager of Malaysia Shipyard & Engineering Sdn. Bhd., a company engaged in ship repairing and conversion, where she was responsible for planning and directing the responsibilities of the IT department. In May 1996, she founded Computer Landmark Sdn. Bhd. (presently known as JBB Builders) and commenced business of computers trading in the capacity of a director. She remained as a director of JBB Builders since it commenced business as a subcontractor in the marine construction industry in 2012.

Datin Ngooi graduated from Aston University, United Kingdom, with a Bachelor of Science majoring in computer science in June 1982.

Datin Ngooi is the spouse of Dato' Ng (an executive Director), and the aunt of Mr. Lam Fung Eng (an executive Director) and Mr. Ng Chong Boon (an executive Director).

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Tai Lam Shin, aged 66, has been appointed as our independent non-executive Director since 11 April 2019. He is mainly responsible for supervising and providing independent judgement to our Board. He is also the chairman of audit committee and remuneration committee and a member of nomination committee. Mr. Tai has over 40 years of experience in management and accounting services. From January 1984 to January 2007, Mr. Tai worked at Ernst & Young with his last position being a senior manager, and he was responsible for overseeing accounting and financial activities, as well as advising his clients on corporate governance matters. From April 2008 to December 2016, he served as an audit director of Moore Stephens Associates & Co., and was responsible for providing audit services to public and private companies of various industries. Since June 2014, Mr. Tai has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Keck Seng (Malaysia) Berhad, a company listed on Bursa Malaysia (stock code: 3476), and is currently member of its audit, nominating and remuneration committee. Since June 2016, he has also been serving as an independent non-executive director of MCE Holdings Berhad, a company listed on Bursa Malaysia (stock code: 7004). He was re-designated as a non-independent non-executive director on 10 August 2022, and is currently the member of its audit and risk management committee and the nomination and remuneration committee. On 1 July 2019, Mr. Tai is appointed as an independent non-executive director of White Horse Berhad, a company listed on Bursa Malaysia (stock code: 5009), and chairman of its audit committee.

Mr. Tai has been admitted as a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) in June 1987, and has been certified as a Fellow of The Chartered Association of Certified Accountants (FCCA), United Kingdom in February 1992.

Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold (陳進財), aged 64, has been appointed as our independent non-executive Director since 25 May 2020. He is mainly responsible for supervising and providing independent judgement to our Board. He is also a member of the audit committee and nomination committee. Mr. Chan has over 38 years of experience in financial industry. From June 1986 to December 1990, Mr. Chan worked at The China State Bank, Ltd. Hong Kong Branch with his last position being a deputy manager under the investment department, and he was responsible for credit control and investment activities. From December 1990 to July 1993, Mr. Chan worked at Unicoopjapan (H.K.) Ltd. with his last position being a senior manager and he was responsible for controlling and overseeing the treasury and finance operations, and advising investment opportunities in People's Republic of China for Japanese investors. From July 1993 to December 1997, Mr. Chan worked at China Development Investment Management Limited with his last position being the head of China business department and he was responsible for investment opportunities identification, project management and corporate finance. From January 1998 to December 2019, Mr. Chan worked at Dragages Hong Kong Limited, a subsidiary of Bouygues Construction, with his last position as special advisor to chairman. He was the structured finance director and project finance director of Dragages Hong Kong Limited from March 2005 to March 2019. He was responsible for fund raising activities and financing for construction projects in Hong Kong and Asia Pacific. On 4 June 2020, Mr. Chan is appointed as an independent non-executive director of Harbour Equine Holdings Limited (formerly known as Shen You Holdings Limited), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8377), and is currently member of its audit, nomination and remuneration committee. On 26 August 2022, Mr. Chan is appointed as an independent non-executive director of Upbest Group Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 335), and is currently the chairman of its audit committee and member of its nomination and remuneration committee.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Chan obtained a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1986. He obtained a postgraduate diploma in Banking and Finance from the City Polytechnic of Hong Kong (presently known as City University of Hong Kong) and a degree of Master of Science in Finance from City University of Hong Kong in November 1990 and November 1995, respectively.

Mr. Chan was admitted as an associate of The Institute of Management (presently known as Chartered Management Institute) in the United Kingdom in January 1990 and was admitted as a fellow in March 2018. He was admitted as a member of The International Institute of Management in February 1997. He was admitted as Certified Practising Accountant of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants (presently known as CPA Australia) in August 1997 and was awarded a fellow membership in July 2015. He was admitted as associate of Hong Kong Society of Accountants (presently known as Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants) in December 1997 and certified as fellow member in May 2015. He was admitted as member of Hong Kong Securities Institute (presently known as Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute) in December 1998 and certified as fellow member in November 2014. He obtained Chartered Financial Analyst from CFA Institute in September 2007.

Ms. Chan Pui Kwan (陳佩君), aged 58, has been appointed as our independent non-executive Director since 11 April 2019. She is mainly responsible for supervising and providing independent judgement to our Board. She is also a member of audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee. Ms. Chan has over 22 years of experience in the corporate consultancy industry. In April 2002, she founded SINOVA Management Consultancy Limited (later renamed to ANT-SINOVA (Hong Kong) Limited), a company engaged in the provision of advice and support to investors entering into the PRC market, and remained as the chief executive officer until September 2012. Since September 2012, Ms. Chan was appointed as the chief executive officer of Delta Think (HK) Limited, a company engaged in the provision of business development consultancy services to private and public companies. Since July 2014, she has been serving as the non-executive director of DT Capital Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 356), and was subsequently appointed as the chairman of its board in July 2014.

Ms. Chan has been acting as a licensed representative of Hua Yu Investment Management Limited for Type 6 (Advising on Corporate Finance) and Type 9 (Asset Management) regulated activities since June 2016 and September 2015 respectively.

Ms. Chan also actively participates in community service and holds advisory positions in various institutions. She is at present a member of the board of directors of Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation as well as a member of the Competition Commission (Hong Kong). Ms. Chan has also been appointed as a member of the advisory committee of Enhancing Self-Reliance Through District Partnership Programme (ESR) as well as a non-official member of the Trade and Industry Advisory Board (TIAB) since 1 July 2020 and 1 January 2022 respectively. Ms. Chan is also a member of the Advisory Board of the Dutch Chamber of Commerce from October 2020. In December 2009, Ms. Chan was selected as one of “China’s 100 Outstanding Female Entrepreneurs”.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Eddy Bin Daud, aged 63, joined our Group in March 2015 and is the general manager (contract and planning) of our Company. He is mainly responsible for overseeing the contracts and planning department of our Group. Mr. Daud has over 34 years of experience in the construction industry of Malaysia. Prior to joining our Group, he worked in BW Perunding Sdn. Bhd., an engineering firm, from June 1990 to July 1994 with his last position as a project manager, where he was responsible for management of turnkey construction projects. From July 1994 to September 1997, he served as a general manager (operations) in Southern Water Corporation Sdn. Bhd., a water treatment plant operator, and was in charge of the operations and maintenance of water treatment plants. From July 2000 to September 2004, he worked in Dr Nik & Associates Sdn. Bhd., an engineering and project management consultant firm, with his last position as a senior project manager, and was responsible for the management of dredging and reclamation works of construction projects. From October 2004 to February 2015, he served as a senior manager (contracts and commercial) in Malaysian Maritime & Dredging Corporation Sdn. Bhd., a dredging and reclamation contractor, during which he was in charge of the design and operation of construction projects.

Mr. Daud obtained a degree of Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from Aston University, United Kingdom, in July 1984. He is a registered professional engineer (CIVIL) with practicing certificate with the Board of Engineers of Malaysia and has been certified as a member of the Institution of Engineers Malaysia in July 1989.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lam Lam (林琳), aged 36, joined our Group as a financial controller in April 2018, and was also appointed as our company secretary since 10 May 2018. She is mainly responsible for managing the financial operations as well as overseeing the company secretarial and compliance affairs of our Group. Prior to joining our Group, she was employed by the Hong Kong office of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from October 2010 to April 2018 with her last position being a manager in the audit function, where she was responsible for providing audit services for Hong Kong and overseas clients.

Ms. Lam obtained a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting and Finance from the University of Hong Kong in November 2010, and was included on the Dean's Honor List of Faculty of Business and Economics for the academic year 2009/2010. She has been certified as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2014 and certified as fellow member since February 2022. She has been certified as a financial risk manager of the Global Association of Risk Professionals since April 2016. She also earned a certificate in Sustainability and Climate Risk from the Global Association of Risk Professionals in November 2021.

Directors' Report

The Directors are pleased to present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries and joint venture are set out in notes 28 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. There were no significant changes to the Group's principal activities during the year ended 30 June 2024.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Review of the Group's business and analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators during the year and an indication of the likely future development of the Group's business are provided in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" (on pages 4 to 5), "Management Discussion and Analysis" (on pages 6 to 16), "Corporate Governance Report" (on pages 42 to 64), "Financial Summary" (on page 207) and "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" (on pages 135 to 206) of this annual report.

Principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group

The Group's business operation, financial condition and results may be affected by certain risks and uncertainties pertaining to the Group's business. The principal risks and uncertainties identified by the Group are set out as follows which are by no means exhaustive or comprehensive:

The Group's future business from marine construction services and building and infrastructure services is dependent on the contracts on hand and its ability to secure new contracts

The Group's contracts are on a non-recurring and project-by-project basis and secured through tendering or quotation process. There is no guarantee that the Group will continue to secure new contracts after the completion of the existing awarded contracts and that the Group will always be able to maintain similar levels of profitability in the future.

The Group's profitability may be adversely affected by the delay or change of sizable contracts

There are unforeseeable conditions after the contracts are awarded and/or during the execution of the contracts, such as time required to obtain approval on the commencement of marine construction works from the authorities from the customers, additional standard operating procedures imposed by the authorities, change of design layout requested by the customers, adverse weather conditions, unexpected geological conditions, unexpected technical problems and additional resources required, etc. These may lead to the Group's project costs to increase unexpectedly, affect the timing on generating the revenue for the Group and the Group's profitability which caused by gross profit margin compression.

Directors' Report

The Group's revenue may be substantially different from the original contract sum due to factors such as variation orders/adjustments

The aggregate amount of revenue that the Group is able to derive from a contract may be different from the original contract sum specified in the relevant contract due to factors such as variation orders (including additions, modifications and/or cancellations of certain contract works) placed by its customers from time to time during the course of execution or adjustments made. As such, there is no assurance that the amount of revenue derived from the ongoing/awarded contracts will not be substantially different from the original contract sum as specified in the relevant contracts. The Group's financial condition may be adversely affected by any decrease in the Group's revenue and gross profit margin as a result of variation orders/adjustments.

The Group's performance is dependent on the general economic conditions and government policies of the markets in which the Group operated

The construction industry is cyclical in nature and depends on the market conditions. Any downturn in the construction sector and/or reduction in the overall value and number of contracts due to, amongst other reasons, economic downturn, change of government policies and/or civil unrest, delay on approval for funding proposals for public works contracts may correspondingly reduce the demand for the Group's construction services. These also affect the pricing of the diesel which in turn affects the demand of marine gas oil for trading. As such, the Group's revenue and profitability may be adversely affected.

The Group's credit risk may be increased and liquidity may be affected due to the delays in collections from our customers

The credit terms in relation to the settlement of amounts due from customers vary from contract to contract. The credit terms also vary according to the nature of the transactions, with settlement typically ranging from 14 to 90 days from the invoice date. For contracts in relation to reclamation and related works and building and infrastructure services, the Group is required to submit interim payment applications to customers usually on a monthly basis or by stages after specified project milestones are completed, and final accounts after the construction works have been completed as per terms of the contracts. The invoices are issued to the customers after the customers issue interim payment certificates or finalisation of final accounts. For marine transportation services, invoices are issued upon the completion of the transportation services once or twice every month. For trading of marine gas oil, invoices are issued upon completion of delivery of goods for each order. Any delay on the certification of interim payment applications and final accounts from the customers will affect the timing of issuing the invoices and hence the collection. If the Group's customers experience financial distress or are unable to settle their payments or release the retention monies or performance bonds to the Group in a timely manner or at all, the Group's financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

Occasionally, after commencement of construction works, customers may request settlement of their payment by instalments. Some may even request settlement of their payment only after the completion of construction works during the negotiation of the contracts. At the same time, our contracts require us to commit a certain amount of cash and other resources prior to receiving any payments from our customers as a result of our payments being dependent on work progress and subject to retention money. As such, we typically incur significant costs associated with a project at the beginning of the contract or before achieving the relevant project milestones. If we are not able to maintain a sufficient amount of working capital and cash flow for meeting these cost requirements, our capacity to undertake new contracts may be limited and accordingly, our liquidity, financial performance and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Directors' Report

The Group's business may be affected by the environmental and climate related risks

The potential adverse impacts of climate change on the natural environment and physical systems, such as infrastructure, property, and ecosystems has the potential to disrupt the Group's assets and services in marine construction, as extreme weather events such as floods and heat waves are expected to be more frequent due to climate change, and their impacts are predicted to intensify over time. It is also anticipated that the existing policies and regulations will be tightened with more restrictions on the current technologies and practices of marine construction services, as well as the capacity for greenhouse gas emissions in accordance with the Malaysia and Singapore's net zero commitment for the purpose of reaching carbon neutrality by 2050 and 2060 respectively. These environmental and climate related risks may affect the labour productivity and project progress, damage machinery and infrastructure, increase the operating costs, insurance premiums and liquidity risk.

For others risks and uncertainties facing the Group, please refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" in the Prospectus.

For review of the Group's environmental policies and performance, compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group and understanding of the Group's key relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers and others that have a significant impact on the Group, please see section headed "Corporate Governance Report" (on pages 42 to 64) and "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" (on pages 65 to 123) of this annual report and discussions as follows:

Environmental policies and performance

We are environmentally aware and we ensure that environmental compliance and protection measures are properly implemented for the contracts. We have established, maintained and worked through regular review for the continuous improvement of the Environmental Management System which clearly states and provides for the implementation of environment target for offices operations and project execution which contributes to the prevention of environmental pollution. We strive to minimise the burden on the environment by reducing the municipal waste and energy, promoting reuse and recycle and controlling the air quality, water, soil, ambient noise and biodiversity from the procurement and design stage of the projects. The Group has also adopted measures and work procedures governing environmental protection compliance that are required to be followed under the relevant contract.

Please refer to more details as per section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" (on pages 65 to 123) of this annual report.

Directors' Report

Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

Our Group has adopted internal control measures to monitor the continuous compliance with relevant laws and regulations such as the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Securities and Futures Ordinance, the Listing Rules and other rules and regulations implemented in relevant jurisdictions. During the year ended 30 June 2024, as far as the Board is aware, having made all reasonable queries, there was no non-compliance in material aspects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of our Group during the year ended 30 June 2024.

Our Group continues to commit to comply with the relevant laws and regulations.

Key relationships with employees

We recognise our employees as our most valuable assets and the key to business growth and success. As at 30 June 2024, we had a total of 64 (2023: 55) employees (excluding the Directors) in Hong Kong, Malaysia and Singapore. To attract new talents, retain high quality employees and bring our Group's continued success in the future, we value their supports and contributions at all times. Our Group regularly reviews compensation and benefits policies as well as the individual performance of employees and encourages our employees to pursue their professionalism and personal goals. Employees' handbook, code of conduct and corporate governance policies are established and communicated with our employees and emphasis on honesty, integrity and fairness with an aim to protect our Group's interests and reputation. In addition, whistleblowing policy, anti-corruption policy, anti-competition policy and anti-fraud policy are established to encourage employees to report any violation within our Group.

We are committed to providing a respectable, safe and healthy working environment for both our employees and employees of our subcontractors and encourages collaboration and cooperation between employees and across departments. We also strive to promote a motivating and supportive culture, workforce diversity and equal opportunity in our offices and sites.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2024 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the Group's consolidated financial statements on page 129 to 131 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend to declare any final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

There is no arrangement under which a Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

Directors' Report

DIVIDEND POLICY

The recommendation of the payment of any dividends is subject to the discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval of our Shareholders.

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall take into account the following criteria, including:

- the Company and its subsidiaries' actual and expected financial results;
- general financial conditions of the Group;
- current and future business conditions and strategies;
- retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company;
- the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and financial covenants to which the Group is subject;
- any contractual restrictions on payment of dividends by the Company to its Shareholders or by the Company's subsidiaries to the Company;
- the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans;
- liquidity position;
- statutory and regulatory restrictions; and
- other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The Company's ability to pay dividends is also subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules and all relevant applicable laws, rules and regulations in the Cayman Islands, Hong Kong and the amended and restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

Dividends may be paid out by way of cash or by other means that the Directors consider appropriate.

The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time, and the Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

Directors' Report

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the right to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 14 November 2024 to 19 November 2024, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, unregistered holders of Shares should ensure that all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and appropriate transfer forms must be lodged with the office of the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 13 November 2024.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report, the Board is of the view that the Company had adopted and complied with all applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY THE DIRECTORS

The Company adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by the Directors of Listed Issuers (the **"Model Code"**) as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions of the Company by the Directors. The Company had made specific enquiry with all the Directors and the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code regarding securities transactions by the Directors during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this annual report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 207 of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 25(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the written resolutions passed on 11 April 2019, the Company has conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the **"Share Option Scheme"**), which became unconditional and effective on the Listing Date.

(a) Purpose and Participants of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable our Company to grant options to the employee, director, adviser, consultant, service provider, agent, customer, partner or joint-venture partner of our Company or any subsidiary who is in full-time or part-time employment with or otherwise engaged by our Company or any subsidiary at the time when an option is granted to such employee, director, adviser, consultant, service provider, agent, customer, partner or joint-venture partner or any person who, in the absolute discretion of the Board (the **"Eligible Participants"**), has contributed or may contribute to our Group as incentive or reward for their contribution to our Group to subscribe for the Shares thereby linking their interest with that of our Group.

Directors' Report

(b) Grant and acceptance of options

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board shall be entitled at any time within 10 years after the adoption date of the Share Option Scheme to make an offer to any Eligible Participants as the Board may in its absolute discretion select to subscribe for such number of Shares as the Board may determine. An offer shall be made to an Eligible Participant in writing in such form as our Directors may determine from time to time and shall remain open for acceptance by the Eligible Participant concerned for a period of 21 days from the date upon which it is made provided that no such offer shall be open for acceptance after the 10th anniversary of the adoption date of the Share Option Scheme or the termination of the same.

An offer shall be deemed to have been accepted by an Eligible Participant concerned in respect of all Shares which are offered to such Eligible Participant when the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by the Eligible Participant, together with a remittance in favour of our Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by our Company within 21 days from the date of offer or within such time as may be determined by the Board.

Any offer may be accepted by an Eligible Participant in respect of less than the total number of Shares which are offered provided that it is accepted in respect of a board lot for dealing in Shares on the Stock Exchange or an integral multiple thereof.

(c) Subscription price of Shares

The subscription price for Shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined at the discretion of our Directors but in any event will not be less than the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the offer date of the particular option, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as shown in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date of that particular option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the offer date of particular option.

(d) Maximum number of Shares

- (i) Subject to (ii) below, the maximum number of Shares in respect of which option may be granted at any time under the Share Option Scheme together with options which may be granted under any other share option schemes for the time being of our Company shall not in aggregate exceed such number of Shares as equals 10% issued share capital of our Company at the Listing Date (the “**Scheme Mandate Limit**”) unless Shareholders’ approval has been obtained pursuant to the subparagraph immediately below. On the basis of a total of 500,000,000 Shares in issue as at the Listing Date, the relevant limit will be 50,000,000 Shares which represent 10% of the issued Shares at the Listing Date. As at the date of this annual report, the number of Shares available for issue is 50,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 10% of the issued Shares at the date of this annual report.

Our Company may seek approval by its Shareholders in general meeting to refresh the Scheme Mandate Limit provided that the total number of Shares available for issue upon exercise of all options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of our Group must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of our Company at the date of approval of refreshing of the Scheme Mandate Limit. Options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Group (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit as refreshed. Our Company shall send a circular to our Shareholders containing the information required under the Listing Rules.

Our Company may authorise our Directors to grant options to specified Eligible Participants beyond the Scheme Mandate Limit if the grant of such options is specifically approved by our Shareholders in general meeting. In such case, our Company must send a circular to our Shareholders in connection with the general meeting at which their approval will be sought containing a generic description of the specified Eligible Participants who may be granted such options, the number and terms of the option to be granted, the purpose of granting options to the specified Eligible Participants with an explanation as to how the terms of the options serve such purpose, the information and disclaimer required under the Listing Rules and such further information as may be required by the Stock Exchange from time to time.

- (ii) The limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share options schemes of our Group must not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of our Group if this will result in the limit being exceeded.

Directors' Report

- (iii) Unless approved by our Shareholders in the manner set out below, the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each grantee (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue. Where any further grant of options to an Eligible Participant would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the Shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by Shareholders in general meeting with such Eligible Participant and his close associates (or his associates if the Eligible Participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting. Our Company must send a circular to our Shareholders and the circular must disclose the identity of the Eligible Participant, the number and terms of the options to be granted (and options previously granted to such Eligible Participant), and such information as may be required under the Listing Rules from time to time. The number and terms (excluding the subscription price) of options to be granted to such Eligible Participant must be fixed before Shareholders' approval and the date of meeting of the Board for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price.
- (iv) The exercise of any option shall be subject to our Shareholders in general meeting approving any necessary increase in the authorised share capital of our Company. Subject thereto, our Directors shall make available sufficient of the then authorised but unissued share capital of our Company to allot the Shares on the exercise of any option.

(e) Exercise of options

An option may be exercised at any time during the period to be determined and identified by the Board to each grantee at the time of making an offer for the grant of an option, but in any event no later than 10 years from the date of grant.

Subject to terms of the Share Option Scheme, an option shall be exercisable in whole or in part in the circumstances by giving notice in writing to our Company stating that the option is thereby exercised and the number of Shares in respect of which it is so exercised. Each such notice must be accompanied by a remittance for the full amount of the subscription price for Shares in respect of which the notice is given. After receipt of the notice and remittance and, where appropriate, receipt of the auditors' certificate, our Company shall within 30 days of the date upon which an option is effectively exercised (being the date of such receipt by the secretary of our Company) allot the relevant Shares to the grantee (or his personal representative(s)) credited as fully paid and instruct the relevant share registrar to issue to the grantee (or his personal representative(s)) a share certificate in respect of the Shares so allotted.

Though there is no specified minimum period under the Share Option Scheme for which an option must be held or the performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, our Directors may make such grant of options, subject to such terms and conditions in relation to the minimum period of such options to be held and/or the performance targets to be achieved as our Directors may determine in their absolute discretion.

Directors' Report

(f) Duration, administration and remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective commencing from the adoption date of the Share Option Scheme until the termination date as provided therein (which being the close of business of our Company on the date which falls 10 years from the date of the adoption of the Share Option Scheme), after which period no further options will be granted but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in force to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted or exercised prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme.

The Share Option Scheme shall be subject to the administration of our Board whose decision on all matters arising in relation to the Share Option Scheme or its interpretation or effect shall (save as otherwise provided therein and in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding on all persons who may be affected thereby.

The remaining life of the Share Option Scheme is approximately 4 years and 6.5 months (to be expired on 10 April 2029).

No option had been granted, exercised, lapsed nor cancelled under the Share Option Scheme since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme up to the date of this report.

For details of the Share Option Scheme, please refer to the section headed "Statutory and General Information — E. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities (including sale of treasury shares) during the year ended 30 June 2024.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's amended and restated Memorandum and Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

Directors' Report

RESERVES

Details of the movements of the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity to the consolidated financial statements on page 132 of this annual report.

Details of the movements of the reserves of the Company during the year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as at 30 June 2024 amounted to approximately RM131.1 million.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in the investment properties and deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 14 and 16(a) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Particulars of the major properties of the Group are set out on pages 208 to 212 of this annual report.

BANK LOANS

Details of bank loans of the Group as at 30 June 2024 are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Details of employee retirement benefits of the Group during the year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to approximately RM0.5 million (2023: RM1.5 million).

Directors' Report

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUBCONTRACTORS

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's largest and five largest customers amounted to approximately 85.6% and 98.4% of the Group's revenue, respectively. The largest and five highest suppliers accounted for approximately 43.2% and 94.1% of the Group's direct costs, respectively.

Southern Diggers Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. ("**Southern Diggers**"), which is approximately 33.3% owned by Mr. Toh Ang Poo, a connected person of our Company at the subsidiary level, is one of our top five largest suppliers for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors of the Company or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's number of issued shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

Key relationships with customers

We have built a solid and diversified base of customers with whom we have maintained stable business relationships throughout the years. Our key customers include government-linked Company in Malaysia, and property developers based in Malaysia, Singapore and overseas. We are also the preferred transportation agent of the sole authorised agent of sand concession owners in Johor and a government-linked company.

Relationships with customers are one of the key drivers of our Group's success. We provide integrated solutions with strong execution capabilities to our customers throughout the different stages of a project, ensuring that marine construction projects are executed efficiently and organised. We also provide professional and quality services for building and infrastructure projects. We endeavour to improve and leverage our existing customer relationships to further develop new business opportunities, expand our customer base, build a strong reputation in the industry, and maintain long-term profitability and business growth.

Key relationships with suppliers and subcontractors

Our Group has established and maintained a strong and mutually beneficial working relationship with a network of suppliers and subcontractors. Our Directors believe that this relationship enables us to have greater flexibility in pricing and selection, and secures our competitive position in bidding for new projects. Additionally, it helps to mitigate the risk of shortage or delay in delivery, which could cause material disruption to project execution.

We proactively communicate with our suppliers and subcontractors to ensure their commitment to delivering high-quality services. We have established a comprehensive management system and provide our subcontractors with our safety manuals and regular updates on safety matters. This ensures that our subcontractors meet our quality standards, including all relevant rules and regulations, as well as their responsibilities and policies relating to code of conduct, quality control, work safety, and environmental protection. We evaluate our existing subcontractors at least annually based on their delivery promptness, cost, workmanship quality, responsiveness, and corrective actions. This helps us to decide whether to sustain, discontinue, or increase our business with them.

Directors' Report

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Dato' Ng Say Piyu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lam Fung Eng
Mr. Ng Chong Boon

Non-executive Director:

Datin Ngooi Leng Swee

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tai Lam Shin
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan

In accordance with article 84(1) of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Lam Fung Eng, Mr. Ng Chong Boon and Mr. Tai Lam Shin shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Directors of the Company written annual confirmations of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Biographical details of Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 17 to 21 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors have entered into service agreements or letters of appointment with the Company for a term of three years unless and until terminated by a three months' notice in writing served by either party, the details are as follows:

Name of Directors	Date of Commencement
Dato' Ng	10 May 2022
Mr. Lam Fung Eng	10 May 2022
Mr. Ng Chong Boon	10 May 2022
Datin Ngooi	10 May 2022
Mr. Tai Lam Shin	10 May 2022
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold	25 May 2023
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan	10 May 2022

Directors' Report

Each of the executive Directors and non-executive Director shall also be entitled to a bonus for each financial year of the Company which is at the discretion of the Board and determined by reference to the operating results of the Group for the financial year concerned, salaries paid by comparable companies, performance of each Director concerned and based on the recommendation from the remuneration committee of our Company.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets or profits of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Board resolved and the Company has taken out and maintained Directors' and officer's liability insurance that provides appropriate cover for the Directors and officers of the Company.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions" and note 29 to the consolidated financial statement in this annual report, there was no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or the Company's holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or a connected entity of a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this report, none of the Directors and their respective close associates was considered to be interested in the businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The Directors' fees are subject to Shareholders' approval at general meetings. Their emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

Details of the remuneration of the Directors of the Company and five highest paid individuals during the year are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Directors' Report

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

At as 30 June 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong ("SFO")) which will have to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which will be required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO to be recorded in the register referred to therein or which will be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interests	Total number of Shares/ underlying Shares held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
Dato' Ng	Interest in a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	181,816,500(L)	36.36%
	Interest of spouse ⁽³⁾	161,233,500(L)	32.25%
	Beneficial owner	12,432,000(L)	2.49%
	Interest held jointly with Datin Ngooi ⁽⁶⁾	355,482,000(L)	71.10%
Datin Ngooi	Interest in a controlled corporation ⁽⁴⁾	161,233,500(L)	32.25%
	Interest of spouse ⁽⁵⁾	194,248,500(L)	38.85%
	Interest held jointly with Dato' Ng ⁽⁶⁾	355,482,000(L)	71.10%
Mr. Lam Fung Eng	Beneficial owner	6,216,000(L)	1.24%
Mr. Ng Chong Boon	Beneficial owner	6,216,000(L)	1.24%

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes a person's "long position" (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such Shares.
- (2) Dato' Ng beneficially owns 100% of the share capital of JBB Jade Investment Limited. By virtue of the SFO, Dato' Ng is deemed to be interested in 181,816,500 Shares held by JBB Jade Investment Limited, representing approximately 36.36% of the entire issued share capital of our Company.
- (3) Dato' Ng is the spouse of Datin Ngooi. Accordingly, Dato' Ng is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares in which Datin Ngooi is interested for the purpose of SFO.
- (4) Datin Ngooi beneficially owns 100% of the share capital of JBB Berlian Investment Limited. By virtue of the SFO, Datin Ngooi is deemed to be interested in 161,233,500 Shares held by JBB Berlian Investment Limited, representing approximately 32.25% of the entire issued share capital of our Company.
- (5) Datin Ngooi is the spouse of Dato' Ng. Accordingly, Datin Ngooi is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares in which Dato' Ng is interested for the purpose of SFO.
- (6) Pursuant to the confirmatory deed dated 16 May 2018, Dato' Ng and Datin Ngooi are parties acting in concert (having the meaning ascribed to it under The Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs issued by the Securities and Futures Commission). As such, Dato' Ng and Datin Ngooi will together control approximately 71.10% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.

Directors' Report

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2024, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, required to be recorded in the register or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate with the exception of granting of share options to subscribe for Shares under the Share Option Scheme.

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the year had the Company or any of its subsidiaries entered into any contract of significance with the controlling shareholder of the Company (as defined in the Listing Rules) ("**Controlling Shareholders**") or any of its subsidiaries, nor had any contract of significance been entered into for the services provided by the Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2024, so far as is known to the Directors, the interests or short positions of the persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) in the Shares or underlying Shares which are required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of interests	Total number of Shares/ underlying Shares held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
JBB Jade Investment Limited	Beneficial owner	181,816,500(L) ^{(1) (2)}	36.36%
JBB Berlian Investment Limited	Beneficial owner	161,233,500(L) ^{(1) (3)}	32.25%

Note:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes a person's "long position" (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such Shares.
- (2) The 181,816,500 Shares are held by JBB Jade Investment Limited, which is wholly owned by Dato' Ng, the executive Director of the Company. Dato' Ng is the spouse of Datin Ngooi.
- (3) The 161,233,500 Shares are held by JBB Berlian Investment Limited, which is wholly owned by Datin Ngooi, the non-executive Director of the Company. Datin Ngooi is the spouse of Dato' Ng.

Directors' Report

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this report, no person, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section headed "Directors and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company" above, had registered an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

In order to confirm that competition will not occur in the future, each of our Controlling Shareholders as covenantors (each a "**Covenantor**", and collectively, the "**Covenantors**") have signed the Deed of Non-competition dated 11 April 2019 ("**Deed of Non-Competition**") with us to the effect that they will not, and will confirm each of their respective associates not to, directly or indirectly take part in, or hold any rights or interests or otherwise be involved in, any business which may be in competition with our business.

In accordance with the Deed of Non-Competition, each Covenantor undertakes that, from the Listing date and ending on the occurrence of the earliest of (i) the date on which, in relation to any Covenantor, it/he/she, together with its/his/her associates, whether individually or taken together, ceases to be interested in 30% (or such other amount as may from time to time be specified in the Listing Rules as being the threshold for determining a controlling shareholder of a company) or more of the entire issued share capital of our Company, provided that the Deed of Non-Competition shall continue to be in full force an effect as against the other Covenantors; or (ii) the date on which the Shares cease to be listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (other than suspension of trading of the Shares for any other reason); or (iii) the date on which the Covenantors beneficially own or become interested jointly or severally in the entire issued share capital of our Company; it/he/she will not, and will use its/his/her best endeavours to procure any Covenantor, its/his/her associates and any company directly or indirectly controlled by the Covenantor not to, either on its/his/her own or in conjunction with any body corporate, partnership, joint venture or other contractual agreement, whether directly or indirectly, whether for profit or not, carry on, participate in, hold, engage in, acquire or operate, or provide any form of assistance to any person, firm or company (except members of our Group) to conduct any business which, directly or indirectly, competes or may compete with the business of our Company or any of its subsidiaries, including the provision of marine construction services, building and infrastructure services and any related services.

For details of the Deed of Non-Competition, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with the Controlling Shareholders – Deed of Non-Competition" in the Prospectus. The Company has received confirmations from the Controlling Shareholders confirming their compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition for disclosure in this annual report for the period from the Listing Date to the date of this report. The independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed the compliance and enforcement status of the Deed of Non-Competition, and are of the view that the Controlling Shareholders have abided by the undertakings contained in the Deed of Non-Competition for the period from the Listing Date to the date of this report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this annual report.

Directors' Report

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group had entered into the following transactions which constitute the continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, details of which are set out below:

Non-exempt Continuing Connected Transactions with Southern Diggers

Construction Works

Upon the completion of a letter of award and supplementary agreement entered with Southern Diggers in relation to the service of construction work of upgrading existing Kempas Interchange at North South Highway at Jalan Kempas Lama, Johor, Malaysia ("**Construction Works**"), on 22 June 2022 and 20 July 2023, JBB Builders entered into a new letter of award and supplemental agreement with Southern Diggers respectively to perform the remaining parts of the Construction Works with original contract sum of RM16,380,451.67 ("**Southern Diggers Construction Work Subcontract Agreement**"). The contract is commenced from July 2022 and completed in December 2023.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, JBB Builders subcontracting work receiving from Southern Diggers in relation to Southern Diggers Construction Work Subcontract Agreement amounted to approximately RM4.7 million (annual cap for 2024: RM6.5 million). The transaction amount does not exceed the relevant amount capped for the year ended 30 June 2024.

For further details of the continuing connected transactions as mentioned above, please refer to the announcements dated 1 August 2019, 30 June 2021, 22 June 2022 and 20 July 2023.

Annual Review of Non-exempt Continuing Connected Transaction

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed and confirmed that the above non-exempt continuing connected transaction has been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and with reference to Practice Note 740, Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.56 to the Listing Rules.

In respect of the continuing connected transactions, the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors' Report

Related Party Transactions

Details of the material related party transactions under normal course of business are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements. These transactions did not fall under the definition of connected transactions or continuing connected transactions, which are required to comply with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, there have been no other important events affecting our Group that have occurred after 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the best knowledge of its Directors, as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's corporate governance principles and practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 42 to 64 of this annual report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the audit committee on 11 April 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and code provision D.3.3 in Part 2 "Principles of Good Corporate Governance, Code Provisions and Recommended Best Practices" of the CG Code ("**Part 2 of the CG Code**"). The primary duties of the audit committee are, amongst other things, to review and supervise the financial reporting processes and internal control systems and risk management of the Group.

The audit committee of the Company had reviewed the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the financial reporting matters including annual results and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors' Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Crowe (HK) CPA Limited retired as auditor of the Company at the conclusion of the annual general meeting held on 17 November 2020, and the proposed appointment of Crowe Malaysia PLT ("**Crowe**") was approved at the same annual general meeting as the new auditor of the Company on the same date. Details of the change of external auditor from Crowe (HK) CPA Limited to Crowe Malaysia PLT were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 7 October 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 15 October 2020.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 have been audited by Crowe. A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting to reappoint Crowe, being eligible and offering themselves for reappointment as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Dato' Ng Say Piyu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 September 2024

Corporate Governance Report

INTRODUCTION

The Company is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of Shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board believes that good and effective corporate governance practices are essential to enhance the corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

CORPORATE STRATEGY, BUSINESS MODEL AND CULTURE

The Board should be committed to the Company's purpose, values and strategy, and satisfy itself that the same are aligned with the Company's culture. All Directors must act with integrity, lead by example, and promote the desired culture. The Board should instil such culture into the Company and continually reinforce the same across the organisation values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly. Board evaluations are conducted annually through questionnaires by considering different aspects, including but not limited to Board's diversity, composition of the Board, quality of information, quality of decision making, boardroom's activities and Board's relationship with other management staff.

Our Vision and Mission

We aim to become a leading construction services and management services provider in South East Asia in particular Malaysia and Singapore through delivering high quality standards, reliable services with professional expertise and continuously leveraging our competitive strength and presence in the industry with sustainable financial growth.

Our mission is to continuously commit to providing high quality services to our customers; building trust with our business partners; providing a diversified, healthy and safe working environment for our people; and achieving fair return and reward to Shareholders.

Our Values

Accountability; integrity; leadership; professionalism; quality; respect; safety; teamwork and collaboration; and trust.

Our Strategies

Employees: We build trust and respectfulness to our employees. We view employees as valuable assets to the Company and provide talent development through incentive measurement and training. We evaluate their performance periodically to ensure all employees to be accountable for their actions.

Governance: We lead by example. We promote integrity and commit to ethical behaviour. We perform work under operating procedures with authority and establish consequence policy for non-compliance.

Business: We engage into projects with proper risk management. We provide all round solutions and quality services and maintain client satisfaction. We also maintain good relationship with suppliers and subcontractors to deliver high quality services in a timely manner. We strive for zero-accident. We track profit and finance to determine productivity and evaluate periodically through different channels. We maintain open and effective communication to improve and grow the business.

Corporate Governance Report

Our Success Measurement

We mainly measure our performance by references to revenue growth, gross profit margin, profit margin and revenue and gross profit by segment.

Our Culture

To align our purpose, values, strategies and business models, we adopt (a) tone from the top, (b) accountability, (c) effective communication and challenge, and (d) appropriate incentive scheme.

- Our management promotes, monitors, and assesses the risk culture of the Company; considers the cultural impact on safety and soundness; and makes changes where necessary.
- Board members and employees at all levels understand the Company's core values and its approach to risk. These enable them to perform their prescribed roles, and to be aware that they are held accountable for their actions in relation to the Company's risk-taking behaviour.
- We promote an environment of open communication and effective challenge in which we encourage suggestion of a range of views in our decision-making process. We also allow for testing of current practices; stimulate a positive, critical attitude among employees; and promote an environment of open and constructive engagement.
- Performance and talent management encourage and reinforce maintenance of the Group's desired risk management behaviour. Financial and non-financial incentives support the core values and risk culture at all levels of the Group.

We measure and assess our culture by references to the staff turnover rate, whistleblowing data, feedback from our stakeholders through different forms, including annual performance appraisals, surveys and questionnaires, compliance with the regulations, internal control policies, and findings located by our internal control reviewer.

To ensure that the desired culture and expected behaviours are clearly communicated to all employees, we circulate the latest code of conduct and corporate governance related internal control policies periodically and provide relevant training if necessary. We also held routine meeting between (a) the management and the Board, (b) the management and the employees at all levels, and (c) the management and our stakeholders. Company's publications including annual report, interim report and circular are published on the Company's website.

Other than abovementioned communication means, whistleblowing channels with involvement of independent non-executive Directors are implemented for sharing ideas and concerns on any misconduct or misalignment identified. Customers, subcontractors and employees are engaged periodically in the form of meetings, assessment, evaluation forms or surveys to understand their opinions and concerns of our Group. We also welcome enquires from stakeholders through enquiry@jbb.com.my. All misconduct or misalignment identified through whistleblowing channels will be addressed to our whistleblowing committee which comprises of the audit committee, company secretary of the Company and legal and human resources manager. All whistleblowing reports received and related actions will be communicated to the Board and the audit committee of the Company at least once annually.

Corporate Governance Report

Favourable remuneration packages are provided to our employees and Board members with annual appraisals and performance evaluation being assessed. Please refer to sections headed “Employees and remuneration policies” of “Management Discussion and Analysis” (on pages 6 to 16) and “Remuneration Policy” of “Corporate Governance Report” (on page 54) of this annual report. The Company’s values and culture (including expected behaviours) are embedded in the recruitment criteria. Training and materials are provided to Directors and employees to refresh their knowledge, exercise their duties and develop the required competencies and, more broadly, the elements supporting a sound risk culture, including effective challenge and open communication.

We believe a desired culture with above measures developed promotes productivity and improves employees’ experience which in turn build a strong workforce. These can help improve our corporate governance and improve our Group’s performance.

The Board monitors and evaluates the Company’s culture on an annual basis, to ensure its effectiveness.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report, the Board is of the view that the Company had adopted and complied with all applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code.

The Company will continue reviewing and enhancing its corporate governance practices to comply with the increasingly tightened regulatory requirements, and to meet the rising expectation on the Company.

DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company had adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions of the Company by the Directors.

Having made specific enquiry, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report. The Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the Model Code by the Directors.

The Company had also established model code no less exacting than the required standard set out in Model Code (the “**Employees Model Code**”) for securities transactions by employees and the Directors who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company. The Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the Employees Model Code during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance and should take decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

Board Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprised three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The list of all Directors is set out below:

Executive Directors:

Dato' Ng Say Piyu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lam Fung Eng
Mr. Ng Chong Boon

Non-executive Director:

Datin Ngooi Leng Swee

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tai Lam Shin
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan

The Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business. The Board also includes a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong independent element on the Board which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

Biographical details and the relationships among the members of the Board are set out in section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 17 to 21 of this annual report.

A list showing the role and functions of Directors and whether they are independent non-executive Directors is maintained on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company and will be updated when necessary.

Board Meetings

Code provision C.5.1 in Part 2 of the CG Code stipulates that the Board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of the majority of the Directors, either in person or through electronic means of communications.

Corporate Governance Report

During the year ended 30 June 2024, five Board meetings were held involving the active participation of Directors, either in person or through electronic means of communication. Apart from regular Board meetings, Chairman also held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors in July 2023. Directors made a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategy and policies through independent, constructive and informed comments during these meetings.

Notices of regular Board meetings are sent to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. The agenda together with all relevant meeting materials are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each regular Board meetings and meeting of Board committees to enable them to make informed decisions with adequate information. The Board and each Director also have direct and independent access to the management whenever necessary.

All minutes of Board meetings, meetings of Board committees and general meetings are prepared and kept by the company secretary and are open for inspection at reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director, and are recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered and decisions reached. Every Director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and access to the advice and services of the company secretary. In addition, the Company enables the Directors, in discharge of their duties, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances.

A summary of the attendance record of each Director at the Board and Board committee meetings held during the year ended 30 June 2024 is set out in the table below:

Name of Director	No. of meeting attended/No. of meeting held				
	Board	Audit Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee	2023 Annual General Meeting
Number of meetings held	5	3	1	2	1
Executive Directors:					
Dato' Ng	4/5	N/A	0/1	1/2	1/1
Mr. Lam Fung Eng	5/5	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Ng Chong Boon	4/5	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Non-executive Director:					
Datin Ngooi	4/5	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors:					
Mr. Tai Lam Shin	5/5	3/3	1/1	2/2	1/1
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold	5/5	3/3	1/1	N/A	1/1
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan	4/5	2/3	1/1	1/2	1/1

Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company, and is collectively responsible for promoting its success by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. Directors take decisions objectively in the interests of the Company.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

Corporate Governance Report

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations.

The management of the Company provides and updates the Directors with information on the business activities and development of the Group in a timely manner to enable them to make informed decisions on all major matters of the Company.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and advice and services of the company secretary. The Directors may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them and the Board regularly reviews the contribution required from each Director to perform his/her responsibilities to the Company.

The Board reserves for its decision on all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and co-ordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management under the supervision of the executive Directors.

Directors' Liabilities Insurance

During the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to date of this report, the Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover in respect of the legal actions against the Directors.

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Every newly appointed Director has received a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, training activities including in-house briefings, seminars/webinars held by professional organisations and relevant reading materials including legal and regulatory updates and seminars' handouts have been provided to the Directors for their reference and studying. All the Directors have also provided the Company a record of training they received during the year ended 30 June 2024.

Corporate Governance Report

The training records of the Directors for the year ended 30 June 2024 are summarised as follows:

Name of Director	Training activities including in-house briefings, seminars/webinars held by professional organisations and/or reading materials on relevant topics
Executive Directors:	
Dato' Ng	√
Mr. Lam Fung Eng	√
Mr. Ng Chong Boon	√
Non-executive Director:	
Datin Ngooi	√
Independent non-executive Directors:	
Mr. Tai Lam Shin	√
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold	√
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan	√

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision C.2.1 in Part 2 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The position of the Chairman is held by Dato' Ng. The responsibility of the Chairman is clearly established and set out in writing. The Chairman is responsible for providing leadership and management of the Board to ensure that the Board acts in the best interests of the Group and Board meetings are planned and conducted effectively. With the support of the company secretary and other senior management, the Chairman is responsible for ensuring that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and receive adequate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman is primarily responsible for ensuring the Board works effectively, performs its responsibilities and discusses all key and appropriate issues in a timely manner, and approving the agenda for each Board meeting, taking into account, where appropriate, matters proposed by other Directors for inclusion in the agenda. The Chairman also takes primary responsibility for establishment and implementation of good corporate governance practices procedures. The Chairman actively encourages Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and encourages Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allows sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensures Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus. The Chairman ensures that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with Shareholders and that their views are communicated to the Board as a whole. The Chairman promotes a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of non-executive Directors in particular and ensuring constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors.

Corporate Governance Report

The Company has no position as the chief executive officer. The day-to-day management of the Group's business is handled by the executive Directors and senior management collectively without the involvement of Chairman. The Board believes that the present arrangement is adequate to ensure an effective management and control of the Group's present business operations with the balance of power and authority. The Board continually reviews the effectiveness of the Group's corporate governance structure to assess whether any changes, including the appointment of a chief executive officer, are necessary.

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors, representing at least one-third of the Board with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. Independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of three years, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Directors of the Company written annual confirmations of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of the executive Directors, non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into service agreement or letter of appointment with the Company setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment for a term of three years and to continue thereafter unless and until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party or the other.

Independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of three years, subject to re-election. In determining the independence of the Directors, the Board follows the requirements set out in the Listing Rules.

In accordance with article 83(3) of the Company's Articles of Association, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Directors so appointed shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with article 84(1) of the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires.

Mechanisms on Ensuring Independent Views and Inputs are Available to the Board (the "Mechanisms")

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the Mechanisms are implemented as follows:

- (a) Nomination committee shall refer to the Listing Rules' requirement in relation to independent non-executive Directors.

Corporate Governance Report

- (b) In recruiting independent non-executive Directors, nomination committee shall assess if the candidate(s) would be independent with reference to the relevant guidelines set out in the Listing Rules. Nomination committee shall also consider other factors, including but not limited to his/her time commitment and qualification.
- (c) Nomination committee shall assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors.
- (d) Nomination committee shall review the structure, size and composition of the Board by taking into account of various aspects, including the Company's Board diversity policy ("**Board Diversity Policy**") and measurable objectives to achieve Board diversity, on an annual basis. Nomination committee shall also recommend to the Board complement(s) on the Company's corporate strategy, businesses and objectives.
- (e) Nomination committee shall assess if the existing Board composition would (i) avoid entrenchment; (ii) be receptive to new ideas and perspectives; (iii) foster diverse perspectives within the Board; (iv) generate new ideas; and (v) generate business strategies that is in line with an evolving business environment and challenges, at least once a year. Nomination committee shall regard Board diversity as one of the factors to evaluate effectiveness of the Board.
- (f) Nomination committee shall evaluate the performance of the Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, by considering various aspects, including but not limited to quality of input, time contributions, attendance of various Board and Board committees' meetings and performance metrics of climate related issues, at least annually.
- (g) Nomination committee shall ensure the Board has the necessary expertise and skills, including overseeing climate-related issues, and arrange training where appropriate.
- (h) Director may seek advices from external independent professional advisors at the Company's expense to perform their duties by giving written notice to the Company Secretary with reasonable grounds.

The nomination committee will review the Mechanism on an annual basis to ensure its effectiveness and recommend the same to the Board for approval.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee are posted on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website and are available to Shareholders upon request.

The majority of the members of each Board committee are independent non-executive Directors and the list of the chairman and members of each Board committee is set out in the section headed "Corporate Information" on page 2 of this annual report.

Corporate Governance Report

Audit Committee

The Company established the audit committee on 11 April 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and code provision D.3.3 in Part 2 of the CG Code. The audit committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Tai Lam Shin, Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold and Ms. Chan Pui Kwan. Mr. Tai Lam Shin is the chairman of the audit committee.

The primary duties of the audit committee include, but not limited to the following:

- (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and deal with any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (b) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- (c) to discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- (d) to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services;
- (e) to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- (f) to review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems;
- (g) to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems;
- (h) to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- (i) where an internal audit function exists, to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- (j) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- (k) to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the external auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- (l) to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;

Corporate Governance Report

- (m) to report to the Board on the matters set out in the CG Code in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rule;
- (n) to review arrangements employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters;
- (o) to act as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor;
- (p) to establish a whistleblowing policy and system for employees to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, with the audit committee about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Company;
- (q) to establish policy(ies) and system(s) that promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations; and
- (r) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board.

The full terms of reference of the audit committee are available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The audit committee held three meetings during the year ended 30 June 2024 during which the audit committee had, among other things:

- (a) discussed and approved the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations;
- (b) reviewed the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the financial reporting matters including annual results and audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023, and interim results and unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 31 December 2023;
- (c) reviewed the changes in financial reporting standards and assessed their potential impacts on the Group's financial statements;
- (d) made recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of external auditor, and the terms of engagement with the consideration of the calibre, quality processes, independence and governance of the external auditor, audit scope included, performance of the audit team, communications with the management and audit committee, and the reasonability of the audit fee by references to the Guidelines for Effective Audit Committees – Selection, Appointment and Reappointment of Auditors issued by Accounting and Financial Reporting Council;
- (e) reviewed the independence of external auditor;
- (f) performed annual review of the non-exempt continuing connected transactions of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023;
- (g) reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk assessment and internal control systems;
- (h) reviewed the Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) report for the year ended 30 June 2023;

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- (i) reviewed the proposal of the ESG services for the financial year ended 30 June 2024;
- (j) reviewed the arrangements employees of the Company to use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters;
- (k) reviewed the Company's corporate governance compliance matters; and
- (l) reviewed the policy on the Group's purposes, values, strategies and culture; and the effectiveness of the overall culture enhancement initiatives.

The audit committee also met the external auditors once without the presence of the executive Directors.

Remuneration Committee

The Company established the remuneration committee on 11 April 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.25 to 3.27 of the Listing Rules and paragraph E.1 in Part 2 of the CG Code. The remuneration committee consists of three members, including Dato' Ng, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Tai Lam Shin and Ms. Chan Pui Kwan. Mr. Tai Lam Shin is the chairman of the remuneration committee.

The primary duties of the remuneration committee include, but not limited to the following:

- (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (b) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (c) to determine, with delegated responsibility or make recommendations to the Board, on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management;
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of executive Directors, non-executive Directors, independent non-executive Directors and senior management;
- (e) to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
- (f) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- (g) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- (h) to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration; and
- (i) to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

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The full terms of reference of the remuneration committee are available on the Stock Exchange’s website and the Company’s website.

The remuneration committee held two meetings during the year ended 30 June 2024 during which the remuneration committee had, among other things:

- (a) reviewed the remuneration policy for Directors and senior management of the Company (“**Remuneration Policy**”) and made amendments in relation to remuneration of independent non-executive Directors for Board approval;
- (b) reviewed the remuneration packages of the executive Directors, non-executive Director, independent non-executive Directors and senior management for the year ended 30 June 2023; and
- (c) made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the executive Directors, non-executive Director, independent non-executive Directors and senior management for the year ended 30 June 2024 with reference to companies with comparable business or scale.

Details of the remuneration of the senior management are set out in note 29(a) to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 and as follows:

	Number of employee(s)
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	4
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1

Remuneration Policy

The Board determined the remuneration of the Directors based on recommendation from the remuneration committee. The Board took into consideration a number of relevant factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, job responsibilities, duties and scope, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group, market practices, financial and non-financial performance, and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The remuneration committee will determine the overall amount of each component of remuneration, taking into account both quantitative and qualitative assessment of performance (including but not limited to environmental, social, governance, business sustainability like responding to climate change and compliance-related factors and performance metrics) by using balanced judgement and considers scorecard of measures instead of mathematical calculation. No individual director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

No equity-based remuneration (e.g. share options or grants) with performance-related elements shall be granted to independent non-executive Directors. This measure aims to ensure the independent non-executive Directors are demonstrating objective judgement throughout their tenure. This is because equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity and independence.

The remuneration committee shall conduct an annual review of the Remuneration Policy with reference to companies with comparable business or scale and recommend remuneration adjustments, if appropriate, and recommend the same to the Board for approval.

Corporate Governance Report

Nomination Committee

The Company established the nomination committee on 11 April 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.27A of the Listing Rules and paragraph B.3 in Part 2 of the CG Code. The nomination committee consists of four members, including Dato' Ng and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Tai Lam Shin, Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold and Ms. Chan Pui Kwan. Dato' Ng is the chairman of the nomination committee.

The primary duties of the nomination committee include, but not limited to the following:

- (a) to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) to establish and review the policies and procedures on how to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and to select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- (c) to assist the Board in establishing the Board Diversity Policy;
- (d) to establish and review the policies and procedures on the selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, which shall at all times consider the potential contributions one could bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity;
- (e) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- (f) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman.

The full terms of reference of the nomination committee are available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

In assessing the Board composition, the nomination committee would take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in section headed "Board Diversity Policy" in this annual report. The nomination committee will discuss any revisions which may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the nomination committee would consider the candidate's character, qualifications, experience, independence and other relevant criteria necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

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The nomination committee held one meeting during the year ended 30 June 2024 during which the nomination committee had, among other things:

- (a) reviewed the Board Diversity Policy;
- (b) reviewed the nomination policy of Directors ("**Nomination Policy**");
- (c) made amendments to the Nomination Policy in relation to long-serving Directors and procedures on ensuring independent view and inputs are available to the Board for Board approval;
- (d) reviewed the structure, size, diversity and composition of the Board and Board committees;
- (e) reviewed the performance of the Directors, Board and Board committees;
- (f) considered and recommended to the Board the re-election of the retiring Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting; and
- (g) assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

Nomination Policy of Directors

The Company has adopted a Nomination Policy which sets out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of Directors in order to nominate suitable candidates to the Board.

Pursuant to the Nomination Policy, the Company shall consider, among other things, the following factors in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for directorships:

- (a) reputation for integrity;
- (b) qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge, accomplishment and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- (c) the structure, size, composition and needs of the Board and its respective Board committees at the time, taking into account of succession planning, where appropriate;
- (d) commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest;
- (e) Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives adopted by the Board for achieving diversity on the Board, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. Single gender board is not considered to achieve Board diversity;
- (f) any information obtained through third party references or background checks;
- (g) if a proposed candidate will be holding his/her seventh (or more) listed company directorship, the candidate's ability to devote sufficient time to the Board;

Corporate Governance Report

- (h) requirement for the Board to have independent non-executive Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules; and
- (i) if an independent non-executive Director has served more than nine years, whether such Director would still be considered as independent and should be re-elected.

The Board delegated certain duties under the Nomination Policy to the nomination committee. The nomination committee may consult any source it deems appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, recommendations from personnel agents or as proposed by Shareholders with due consideration. Proposed candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information, together with their written consent to be appointed as a Director and to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites and other information deemed necessary in relation to their nomination or otherwise pursuant to applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The nomination committee may request candidates to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary. The nomination committee will review and take reasonable steps to verify the information obtained from the candidate and seek clarification, where required. The nomination committee may, at its discretion, invite any candidate to meet with nomination committee to assist them in their consideration of the proposed nomination or recommendation. The nomination committee will then submit its nomination proposal to the Board for consideration and approval.

For the proposed appointment of any candidate at a general meeting of the Company, the nomination committee should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship and make a recommendation to the Board for its consideration and the Board will, at its discretion, make a recommendation to the Shareholders. Details of the proposed candidate including his/her/their personal particulars and the Board's recommendation will be included in a circular to be sent to the Shareholders for consideration in accordance with the applicable Listing Rules. Until the issue of such circular, the nominated candidate shall not assume that he/she/they has/have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the Company's general meeting.

If an independent non-executive Director has served more than nine years, nomination committee shall assess the factors considered to believe such Director is still independent and should be re-elected. Nomination committee shall assess if the existing Board composition would (i) avoid entrenchment; (ii) be receptive to new ideas and perspectives; (iii) foster diverse perspectives within the Board; (iv) generate new ideas; and (v) generate business strategies that is in line with an evolving business environment and challenges. Such Director's further appointment should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by Shareholders. The papers to Shareholders accompanying that resolution should state why the Board (or the nomination committee) believes that the Director is still independent and should be re-elected, including the factors considered, the process and the discussion of the Board (or the nomination committee) in arriving at such determination. Where all the independent non-executive Directors have served more than nine years on the Board, the length of tenure of each existing independent non-executive Director should be disclosed on a named basis in the circular to Shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the annual general meeting; and appoint a new independent non-executive Director on the Board at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The nomination committee will review the Nomination Policy annually to ensure its continued effectiveness.

Corporate Governance Report

DIVERSITY

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has a Board Diversity Policy whereby it recognises and embraces the benefits of a diversity of Board members with an aim to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. Board diversity has been achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of services. All Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis with due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board members. Single gender board does not achieve Board diversity.

The Board will take opportunities to increase the proportion of female members over time when selecting and making recommendation on suitable candidates for Board appointments. The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices, and in accordance with the Listing Rules, with the ultimate goal of bringing the Board to gender parity. The Board also aspires to have an appropriate proportion of Directors who have direct experience in the Group's core markets and different ethnic backgrounds to embody the Group's strategy.

The Board sets the below targets and timelines for achieving gender diversity on its Board with the targets to be reviewed regularly:

- (i) the Board shall have at least 30% members for each gender to be effective from financial year ending 30 June 2028; and
- (ii) each of the Board committee shall have at least 30% members for each gender to be effective from financial year ending 30 June 2028.

To achieve the above target, the Board and nomination committee shall monitor the targets at least once annually; review the rotation plan of each of the Board members at least once annually for succession planning; and if new Directors are required, select candidates based on the Company's Nomination Policy.

During the year ended 30 June 2024 and as at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven Directors, two of which are female. The following tables further illustrate the diversity of the Board members as of the date of this report:

Age	Gender	Years of services	Professional experience
40–49 (14.2%)	Female (28.6%)	Within 5 years (14.3%)	Accounting and finance (28.6%)
50–59 (28.2%)	Male (71.4%)	Over 5 years (85.7%)	Administrative management (14.3%)
60–69 (28.6%)			Construction industry (42.8%)
70–79 (28.6%)			Corporate consultancy (14.3%)

At present, the nomination committee considered that the Board is sufficiently diverse and will review the Board Diversity Policy on an annual basis, to ensure its effectiveness and recommend the same to the Board for approval.

Corporate Governance Report

Gender Diversity

To maintain balance of gender composition of human resources at all levels, gender diversity targets are set across the workforce. The strategic planning team will identify and define specific target group based on a set of robust indicators, including expectation on the size of each of the department in the future in terms of possible growth and contractions, possible scenarios for restructuring, changes in the number of positions for female in the department, and the possible barriers which may be encountered. Based on the existing composition of workforce and the nature of the construction industry which is male workforce intensive, it is targeted to maintain at least 35% and 40% of female workforce across the Group by the years ending 30 June 2025 and 2028 respectively. The targets will be revisited periodically based on the abovementioned consideration. The strategic planning team will review the employee turnover and recruitment data for women and men in the target group identified on a yearly basis and shall inform the management should the gender target be not met.

Gender ratio by category as at 30 June 2024:

	Male	Female
Workforce (including senior management)	68.8%	31.2%
Senior management	50.0%	50.0%
Directors	71.4%	28.6%
Audit committee	66.7%	33.3%
Nomination committee	75.0%	25.0%
Remuneration committee	66.7%	33.3%

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision A.2.1 in Part 2 of the CG Code.

The Board had reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices (including the code of conduct), training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and Employees Model Code, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has the responsibility to maintain an effective risk management and internal control systems in order to safeguard the Group's assets and investments and the Shareholders' interest and conducts a review on an annual basis. The Board acknowledges that such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Corporate Governance Report

The Board had conducted review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company in aspects of the Group's financial, operational, compliance controls and risk management functions through the effort of the audit committee for the year ended 30 June 2024. The Group currently has no internal audit function and during the year under review, the Company engaged an external independent consultant (the "**Consultant**") instead of recruiting a team of an internal audit staff to conduct review of the risk management and internal control systems once every half year as the Board considers that it is more cost effective.

The Board has the overall responsibility to maintain the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, as well as those relating to the Group's ESG performance and reporting. The Board had reached the conclusion that the Group's risk managements and internal control systems were adequate and effective for the year ended 30 June 2024. No significant areas of concern were identified.

Main Features of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Board is responsible to determine the business strategies and objectives of the Group, and evaluate and determine the nature and extent of risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives; ensures that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems; and oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The audit committee is responsible for assisting the Board to perform its responsibilities of risk management and internal control systems; overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis; reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems at least annually, and such review should cover all material controls including financial, operational and compliance control; ensures the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit, financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to the Group's ESG performance and reporting; and considers major findings on risk management and internal control matters, and reports and makes recommendations to the Board.

Management of the Group designs, implements and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems; identifies, evaluates and manages the risk (including ESG risks), that may potentially impact the major processes of the operations; monitors risk (including ESG risks) and takes measures to mitigate risk in day-to-day operations; gives prompt responses to and follow up the findings on risk management and internal control matters raised by the Consultant and provides confirmation to the Board and the audit committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

Whistleblowing policy is in place to allow stakeholders to raise concerns in confidence and anonymity with the committee which comprises of audit committee, company secretary of the Company and legal and human resources manager, about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Company. Anti-corruption policy is developed to adopt ethical and anti-corruption business practices, high standard of integrity and zero tolerance to corruption. No improprieties cases were received during the year ended 30 June 2024.

The Consultant worked closely with the Group to identify risk components in different aspects through interviews with the Group's management. The Consultant assisted the Group to evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. Findings and recommendations resulting from the review were reported to and discussed with the audit committee and the Board once every half year. The Consultant concluded that no significant internal control failings or weakness have been identified during the review.

Corporate Governance Report

DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group set up “Inside Information Policy” which set out the disclosure requirements, procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information which ensure Shareholders and the public are provided with full, accurate and timely information about the activities and the financial condition of the Group.

The Inside Information Policy covers the following:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirement under the Listing Rules as well as the “Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information” published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Group has formulated inside information policies and disclosed its policies on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and its website;
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information; and
- the Group regularly reminds the Directors and employees about due compliance with all policies regarding the inside information, as well as keeps them apprised of the latest regulatory updates.

DIRECTORS’ RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2024, and confirmed that the consolidated financial statements of the Company were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor’s Report on pages 124 to 128 of this annual report.

Corporate Governance Report

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The audit committee had reviewed and ensured the independence and objectivity of the external auditors. Details of the fees paid or payable to external auditors for the year ended 30 June 2024 are as follows:

Types of services provided by the external auditors	For the year ended
	30 June 2024 RM'000
Audit services	396
Non-audit services	
– Interim review	37
– Review of continuing connected transactions	20
Total	453

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has appointed Ms. Lam Lam, who is an employee of the Company as its company secretary to oversee the company secretarial and compliance affairs of the Group. The biography of Ms. Lam is set out in the section headed “Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management” in this annual report. Ms. Lam has confirmed that during the year ended 30 June 2024, she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

The Board is responsible for the approval of the selection, appointment or dismissal of the company secretary. The company secretary has knowledge of the Company's affairs and reports to the Chairman. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary on corporate governance and Board practices and matters. The company secretary helps ensure good information flow within the Board and that the Board policies and procedures are followed.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules, unless otherwise required by the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company after each general meeting.

Corporate Governance Report

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Company's Articles of Association, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, on a one vote per Share basis, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting ("**EGM**") to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such EGM, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may convene a physical meeting at only one location which will be the principal place of the meeting, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

For the avoidance of doubt, the requisitionists must state his/her/their full name, contact details, identification, shareholdings in the Company, reasons to convene an EGM, the agenda of the EGM including the details of the business(es) proposed to be transacted at the EGM clearly in the originally signed written requisition and deposit the same to the Board or company secretary of the Company.

Putting Forward Enquiries to The Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions governing Shareholders' rights to put forward proposals or move resolutions at an annual general meeting under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands. Shareholders who wish to put forward proposals or move a resolution may however, require an EGM to be called by the Board as set out in above procedures.

As regards to the procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director, please refer to "Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director of the Company" which is available on the Company's website at www.jbb.com.my.

Contact Details

Shareholders may send their enquiries or proposed resolutions or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Name:	Ms. Lam Lam, the company secretary
Address:	Room 1222, 12/F, Soundwill Plaza II – Midtown, 1-29 Tang Lung Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong
Fax:	(852) 3896 1015/(607) 2414 889
Email:	enquiry@jbb.com.my ; lamlam@jbb.com.my

For the avoidance of doubt, Shareholder must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address, and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

Corporate Governance Report

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS/INVESTOR RELATIONS

Constitutional Documents

A special resolution was passed by the Shareholders approving certain amendments to the Company's Articles of Association at the annual general meeting held on 22 November 2022. The amended Articles of Association of the Company is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company.

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Company has adopted the Shareholders' communication policy ("**Shareholders' Communication Policy**") which aims to set out the provisions with the objective of maintaining effective and timely dissemination of the Company's information to its Shareholders and the market, including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, material developments and governance, in order to enable Shareholders to exercise their rights in a timely and informed manner, and to allow Shareholders and the investment community to engage actively with the Company.

The annual general meetings and other general meetings of the Company are the primary forum for communication by the Company with the Shareholders and for Shareholders' participation. Board members, including the chairman of the Board, the chairman of the Board committees (or in their absence, members of the Board committees or failing them, the duly appointed delegates), and the external auditor of the Company will attend the annual general meetings to answer questions and enquires from the Shareholders and will develop a balanced understanding of the views of the Shareholders.

Enquiries and suggestions from Shareholders or investors to the Board are welcomed by mail to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room 1222, 12/F, Soundwill Plaza II – Midtown, 1-29 Tang Lung Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong or via email to enquiry@jbb.com.my for the attention of the Investor Relations Department. Inquiries are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

For effective communication, the Company maintains a website at www.jbb.com.my, where information and updates on the Company's business developments, financial information and other information are available for public access.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, Board has reviewed the Shareholders' Communication Policy and concluded that it remains effective by reference to other listed issuers in Hong Kong.

For the information of Dividend Policy of the Company, please refer to the section headed "Directors' Report" (on page 26) in this annual report.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

ABOUT THE REPORT

We are pleased to present our 2024 environmental, social, and governance (“**ESG**”) report (the “**Report**”), which provides an update on the Group’s progress in delivering sustainable performance and initiatives. As we continue to build long-term relationships with our stakeholders, including the community and industry, we remain committed to upholding the highest standards of trustworthiness.

Our business scope includes marine construction (including reclamation and related works and marine transportation), building and infrastructure projects, as well as the trading of marine gas oil. With a strong reputation and extensive experience in Malaysia and Singapore, we have successfully executed significant contracts across these sectors, solidifying our position as a reliable partner.

Scope of the Report

The Report examines the Group’s ESG management approaches and corresponding performance within our operational boundaries, which mainly include reclamation and related works, marine transportation, building and infrastructure works and trading of marine gas oil in Malaysia and Singapore, as well as administrative activities in Hong Kong from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 (the “**Reporting Period**”, “**Year**” or “**2024**”). Unless otherwise specified, the reporting scope remains identical to that of previous years, encompassing the following subsidiaries:

Business Segment:	Corporate office	Reclamation and related works, building and infrastructure works	Marine transportation	Trading of marine gas oil
Entity (es) name:	The Company	JBB Builders (M) Sdn. Bhd. (“ JBB Builders ”)	JBB Builders JBB Resources (“ JBB Resources ”)	JBB Resources
Location:	Hong Kong	Malaysia	Malaysia Singapore	Singapore

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Reporting Standard

The Report has been prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix C2 of the Listing Rules. Throughout the Report, we adopt a rigorous reporting approach based on the principles of:

Reporting Principle	Description
Materiality	We have conducted a comprehensive materiality assessment to identify the key topics that are relevant to our stakeholders and have a significant impact on our business. The results of this assessment are presented in the section – Materiality Assessment.
Quantitative	In line with the ESG Reporting Guide, we present our ESG performance using environmental and social key performance indicators (“KPIs”) that are calculated using robust methodologies. This enables us to evaluate and validate the effectiveness of our ESG policies and management systems.
Balance	We have calculated and presented the environmental and social KPIs in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide, using rigorous methodologies as described in the respective sections of this Report. To provide an unbiased comparison of our ESG performance over time, we include data comparisons from the previous year.
Consistency	The same methodologies, standards, and reporting scope have been maintained for this Report, consistent with previous years’ reports. This ensures that our ESG performance is presented in a transparent and comparable manner.

The Report has been reviewed and approved by the Board.

Contact and Feedback

We are committed to fostering strong relationships with the community and upholding the highest standards of corporate responsibility. Your feedback is invaluable in helping us refine our strategies and improve our sustainability performance. If you have any comments or suggestions, please don’t hesitate to reach out to us at enquiry@jbb.com.my.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

ABOUT US

Since 2012, JBB Builders, being one of the major subsidiaries of the Group, has emerged as a prominent marine construction entity in Malaysia, specialising in the execution of large-scale marine construction contracts.

Focusing on marine construction services, JBB Builders capitalises on its expertise in managing and coordinating various subcontractors, allowing it to concentrate on critical tasks such as sand handling and filing, integral to the reclamation process. Across its operations, JBB Builders strategically plans, coordinates, and oversees its internal technical team and external consultants, providing a diverse range of specialised services including hydrographic surveying, pre-reclamation design, and sand handling and filing. The Group's operational model involves acting as the primary contractor while delegating tasks to subcontractors under the vigilant supervision of its project team, enabling an efficient approach, particularly in handling scalable marine construction projects.

Our key milestones include the attainment of ISO 9001:2015 certification by JBB Builders for our adherence to quality management systems, covering construction of buildings and infrastructure, reclamation and dredging works, and coastal and river protection structures.

As we prioritise the well-being of our team members, we take pride in our comprehensive Health, Safety, and Environmental ("HSE") Framework. This framework represents our commitment to ensuring a safe and healthy work environment for all individuals within our Group. Through diligent planning, implementation, and continuous improvement initiatives, we strive to maintain our safety goals of minimising the number of fatalities and injuries, fostering a culture where the health and safety of our employees is of the highest importance. Our dedication to upholding high standards in health and safety not only protects our workforce but also reinforces our core values of responsibility, integrity, and care for our people.

STATEMENT FROM DIRECTORS

We recognise the urgent need to address climate change as a critical component of our long-term sustainability strategy. We are dedicated to enhancing both our performance and transparency in this area continuously in view of the impacts are predicted to intensify over time.

We believe that by embedding sustainability across our business and maintaining our holistic view of sustainability, this enables us to partner with our clients as they navigate their own sustainability journeys. Our team is dedicated to this mission, equipped with the expertise to provide tailored advices based on their specific business needs, industry challenges, and regulatory requirements.

We continuously enhance our sustainability initiatives, as detailed in this Report, while actively engaging our employees in the process. We take pride in the progress we have made and efforts we have put throughout the years to cultivate a workplace culture that values inclusion, diversity, and equity. We are committed to instilling such culture and fostering an environment where everyone feels safe to express their unique identities and perspectives, which enriches our Group and our stakeholders.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

ESG GOVERNANCE

Our ESG Governance Structure

The Group emphasises the importance of an effective ESG governance practice in fostering sustainable business performance. Our Risk Management and Internal Control Policy described the duties of the Board and senior management in upholding a culture of accountability and in managing risks effectively. An effective ESG governance framework not only allows for the implementation of a comprehensive organisation-wide ESG strategy but also enhances relationships with stakeholders. To enhance oversight of ESG matters by senior management, we have integrated ESG governance into the corporate governance framework, establishing an “ESG Working Group” comprising Board members and Department Heads.



The ESG Working Group comprises five key governing bodies: The Board, Audit Committee, Executive Directors, Company Secretary, and Department Heads. The Audit Committee, acting on behalf of the Board, supervises the Group’s risk management framework. The Board holds the responsibility for overseeing the Group’s ESG governance system. The table presented below describes the distinct roles and responsibilities of each governing body within the ESG Working Group.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Governing Body	Roles and Responsibilities
The Board	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Supervising the evaluation of the Group's environmental and social impacts; o Guaranteeing the presence of effective ESG risk management and internal control systems; o Ensuring alignment of the Group's ESG policies with regulatory standards and investor expectations; o Establishing the management approach, strategy, priorities, and objectives; o Periodically assessing the Group's performance against ESG goals and targets; o Empowering and delegating responsibilities to the ESG Working Group; and o Approving the ESG Report.
Audit Committee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Representing the Board in overseeing the risk management process, including ESG risks; o Evaluating the Group's capacity to handle and address risks effectively; and o Validating the precision of metrics and disclosures and offering recommendations to the Board.
Executive Directors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Making decisions regarding ESG-related goal setting and facilitating communication across the Group on relevant matters; o Assessing the Group's risk tolerance level and its ability to mitigate those risks effectively; o Leading the implementation of ESG practices and monitoring progress in risk management; o Promoting a top-down approach to ESG issues to integrate ESG considerations into the Group's decision-making; and o Participating in regular ESG Working Group meetings to formulate ESG strategies and enhance ESG awareness across the Group.
Company Secretary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Keeping a close watch on the evolution of ESG-related laws and regulations that could impact the Group's business and operations, providing guidance to the Board as needed; and o Regularly compiling ESG-related reports for review by the Executive Directors, aiding in the monitoring of ESG-related risks.
Department Heads	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Implementing ESG policies and procedures, gathering departmental input on ESG matters, and reporting to the Executive Directors; o Establishing ESG-related objectives, overseeing ESG-related risks, and implementing practical measures to address ESG-related risks in daily operations; and o Supplying data for the Board and Audit Committee to evaluate the efficiency of the risk management and internal control system.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Intended Outcomes

The distinct roles and responsibilities of the Board, detailed in the table above, are designed to ensure their awareness of ESG risks and opportunities linked to the Group. Similarly, for the other governing bodies, the specified roles and responsibilities are established to achieve the following objectives: (1) identification of ESG risks and opportunities aligned with strategic objectives; (2) assessment and mitigation of the impact of ESG risks and opportunities; (3) implementation of suitable and efficient ESG risk management and internal control systems; and (4) periodic review of ESG performance in relation to goals and targets.

ESG Risk Management

Our ESG Risk Management processes include:

- Board Oversight: The Board supervises sustainability matters, risk management, internal control, and ESG disclosures, holding regular meetings to discuss the ESG approach and performance.
- External ESG Risk Evaluation: An independent consultant was engaged to conduct a thorough ESG risk assessment during the Reporting Period to pinpoint key ESG risks for the Group.
- Climate-related Risks: The Board evaluates identified ESG risks, including climate-related risks and opportunities, offering insights to enhance the Group's ESG performance.
- Stakeholder Engagements: Regular stakeholder engagements are conducted to determine the materiality of ESG issues to the business and stakeholders, which are then integrated into the ESG policy framework.
- Audit Committee Review: The Audit Committee annually reviews the identified material ESG issues to refine the Group's ESG risk management operations.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

This Year, the Group has identified several material ESG risks, which are summarised as follows:

Risks	Implications	Our Responses
Board Structure Risk	Inadequate Board structure may lead to ineffective oversight, decision-making, and governance, impacting ESG performance.	We have implemented our Shareholders' Communication Policy and Board Diversity Policy to guarantee the efficient and timely distribution of the Group's information and to promote diversity within our Board structure. Our Board structure has been aligned with these policies, and we intend to make potential updates on these policies later this Year.
Corporate Monitoring Risk	Inadequate monitoring systems can result in poor ESG performance tracking and reporting, affecting stakeholder trust. We will further review our existing Company policies and implement new policies soon.	In response to the corporate monitoring risk, we have introduced our Whistleblowing Policy encourages reporting of misconduct, the Conflicts of Interests Policy ensures transparent decision-making, the Risk Management and Internal Control Policy strengthens risk management practices, and the Directors' Reporting Information Policy enhances governance transparency. These policies collectively aim to bolster oversight, accountability, and transparency within our Group.
Emerging Market Risk	Operating in emerging markets may expose the Group to regulatory, operational, and reputational challenges related to ESG practices. Therefore, we look forward to adjusting existing Company policies.	Our response to the Emerging Market Risk involves a strategic approach to navigate potential challenges and capitalise on opportunities within these dynamic markets. By closely monitoring emerging market trends, conducting thorough market research, and adapting our business strategies accordingly, we minimise risks associated with market volatility, regulatory uncertainties, and geopolitical factors. Additionally, we implement robust risk management practices to safeguard our investments and operations in emerging markets, through proactive planning, flexibility, and a commitment to sustainable growth.

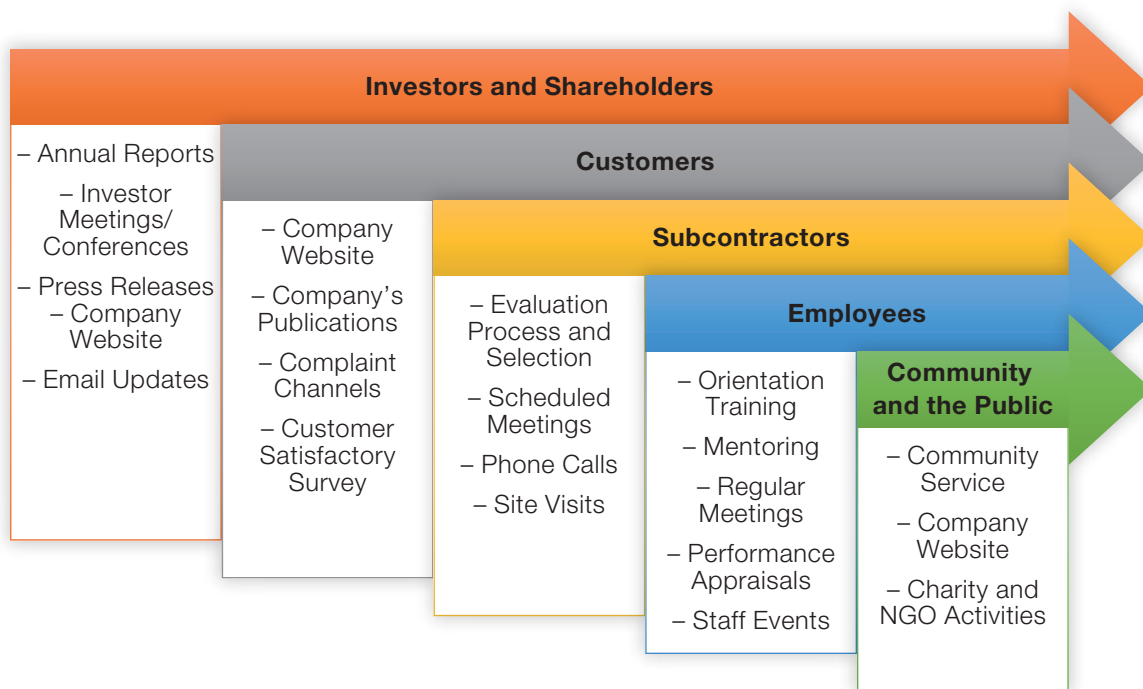
Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Risks	Implications	Our Responses
Climate Transition Risk (Policy, Technology, Market, and Reputation)	Failure to address climate transition risks can impact long-term profits. Considering the climate-related commitments of governments worldwide, including Singapore's goal of attaining carbon neutrality by 2060, Hong Kong's target of achieving carbon neutrality by 2050, and Malaysia's net-zero commitment, we anticipate adjustments to existing policies and regulations, as well as technological and market transitions.	The Group is actively exploring the feasibility of deploying relevant mitigation measures of climate transition risk. This effort involves looking for an internal carbon pricing system to address the impacts of transition risks on our activities, factoring in elements like carbon levies and fuel expenses in marine gas oil trading. Furthermore, we align our operations and initiatives with our Environmental, Social, and Governance Management Policy as well as our Environmental and Natural Resources Management Policy to effectively mitigate risks associated with climate transitions.
Legal and Regulatory Risk	Non-compliance with evolving ESG laws and regulations may lead to financial penalties, litigation, and reputational harm. Therefore, we anticipate adjustments to existing policies and regulations.	To address Legal and Regulatory Risks, the Group employs a comprehensive approach through the Anti-Fraud Policy safeguards against fraudulent activities, while the Price Sensitive Information Policy ensures compliance with regulations concerning sensitive data disclosure. The Inside Information Policy restricts unauthorised data sharing, and the Monitoring, Reporting, and Disclosures of Notifiable Transactions policy enhances transparency in regulatory matters. Additionally, the Anti-Corruption Policy combats bribery and unethical practices, the Data Protection Policy ensures compliance with data privacy laws, and the Policy Against Anti-Competition safeguards against anti-competitive behaviours.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

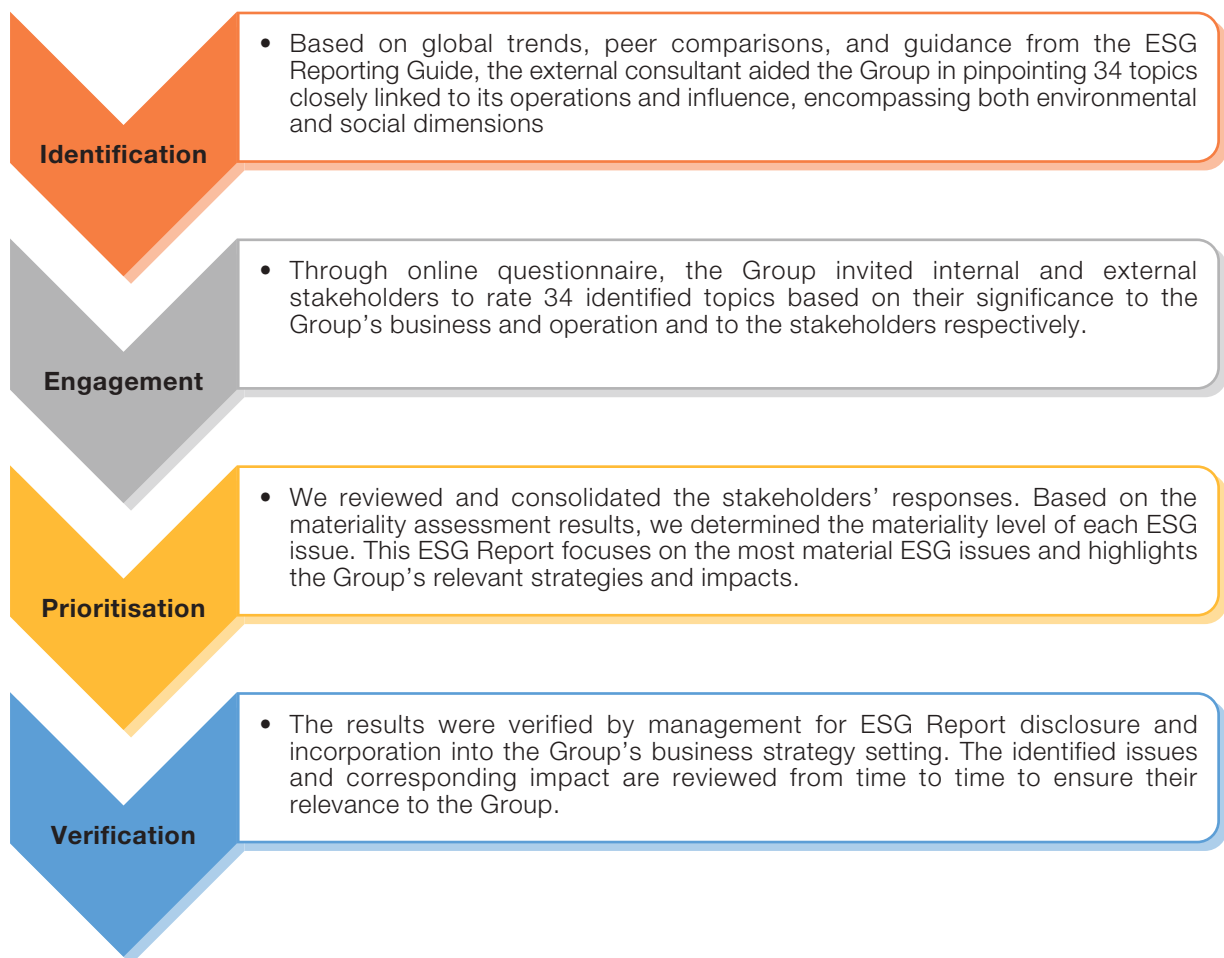
Maintaining transparent communication with our stakeholders is a priority to gain insight into their viewpoints and expectations regarding the Group's ESG priorities and the associated environmental and social impacts on our operations. By collecting feedback from stakeholders through diverse communication channels and comprehending their issues, the Group believes to enhance its ESG governance practices.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

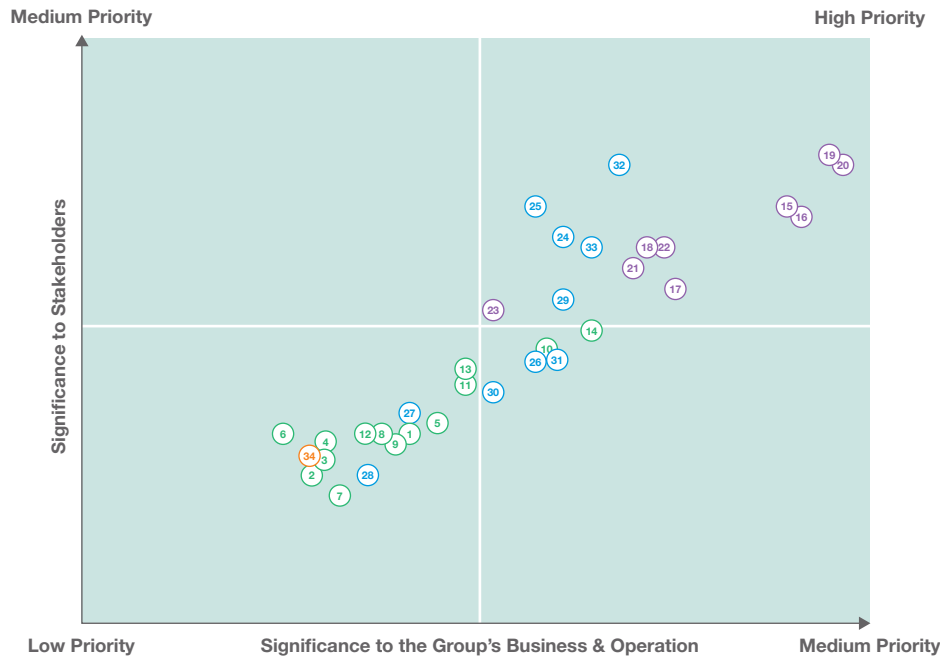
MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

To gain a thorough grasp of our ESG strategy and performance, we engaged an independent consultant to gather insights from diverse stakeholders. Enhancing the precision and inclusivity of our materiality assessment, we conducted surveys with various groups, including our Board, senior management, employees, customers, subcontractors, and suppliers. We have actively incorporated their feedback into relevant sections of this Report. By interacting with a broad spectrum of stakeholders and attentively addressing their input, we strive to enhance our ESG initiatives continuously and meet the requirements of our stakeholders more effectively.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

The significance of the 34 ESG-related issues is plotted in the materiality matrix, considering the influence on stakeholders and our business operations. The top right quadrant lists out the most material issues, whereas the least material issues are located at the bottom left.



Social

Environment

1. Air emission
2. Greenhouse gas emission
3. Decarbonisation
4. Conservation of ecosystem
5. Nature-related risk and opportunity management
6. Circular economy
7. Environmental data management
8. Climate change mitigation
9. Climate risk management
10. Energy efficiency
11. Water and effluents
12. Use of materials
13. Waste management
14. Environmental compliance

Employment

15. Labour rights
16. Labour/Management relations
17. Employee retention
18. Diversity and equal opportunity
19. Non-discrimination
20. Occupational health and safety
21. Employee training
22. Employee development
23. Prevention of child labour and forced labour

Community

34. Community involvement

Operation

24. Customer satisfaction
25. Customer service quality and complaints handling
26. Customer health and safety
27. Marketing and product and service labelling compliance
28. Intellectual property
29. Customer privacy and data protection
30. Responsible supply chain management
31. Fair operating practices on supplier
32. Ethical business
33. Socio-economic compliance

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Through the materiality assessment, we obtain crucial insights into the ESG risks and opportunities inherent in our business operations. This information enables us to craft strategic plans that address the most critical ESG concerns and allocate resources effectively. Furthermore, the assessment helps us in meeting stakeholder expectations, enhancing their satisfaction with our operations. By identifying and prioritising key ESG issues for stakeholders, we ensure that these concerns are central to our decision-making processes. By leveraging the materiality assessment to steer our ESG initiatives, we can generate enduring value for stakeholders, mitigate risks, and foster positive societal and environmental impacts.

Main Concerns from Stakeholders	Our Responses	Sections
Non-discrimination	<p>In our Gender Diversity Policy, we emphasise on the diversity of our employees. We provide equal opportunity in all aspects of employment and will not tolerate discrimination or harassment of any kind.</p> <p>Derogatory comments based on racial or ethnic characteristics, unwelcome sexual advances and similar behaviour are prohibited in our Group.</p>	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Fair and Diverse Workplace
Occupational Health and Safety	<p>Prior to commencing any projects, we conduct thorough job safety assessments to pinpoint hazardous work areas and implement necessary control measures. In addition to these assessments, we have a comprehensive safety policy in place that outlines our commitment to workplace safety and health. Regular inspections, reflected in our workplace safety and health inspection report, are conducted to ensure adherence to safety protocols and regulations. Furthermore, we enforce strict administrative measures in the event of any safety violations, emphasising that safety is our top priority.</p>	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Healthy and Safe Workplace
Labour Rights	<p>As responsible employers, we are committed to ensuring that labour rights are considered. The Group has zero tolerance for actions violating labour rights and complies with the standards established by the International Labour Organisation. Our Human Resources Department is responsible for the alignment of the employment procedures with all labour policies.</p>	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Child and Forced Labour-free Workplace








Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Main Concerns from Stakeholders	Our Responses	Sections
Labour/Management Relations	We prioritise open communication and collaboration between management and our workforce, recognising the importance of fair treatment, mutual respect, and transparent dialogue. Through ongoing initiatives focused on employee engagement, conflict resolution mechanisms, and adherence to labour laws and regulations, we strive to nurture a culture of trust and cooperation. Our policies and approaches emphasise the significance of addressing concerns, promoting diversity and inclusion, and ensuring that employees have a voice in decision-making processes that affect their work lives.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Employment Conditions
Employee Retention	Viewing our employees as invaluable assets to our Group, we prioritise their career growth and welfare within our Group. All employee categories receive training to enhance job comprehension and effectiveness. Additionally, we have an employee performance management system in place to support their continuous improvement. We firmly believe that providing sufficient resources for our employees contributes significantly to their success in the workplace.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Learning and Development

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

OUR SUSTAINABILITY ALIGNMENT

In 2015, the United Nations introduced the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, outlining 17 Sustainable Development Goals (“SDGs”) aimed at ending poverty, protecting the planet and ensuring a peaceful and prosperous world by 2030. As a responsible company with a focus on long-term sustainability, we have aligned our ESG governance and initiatives with the 7 SDGs that we have identified as most significant to our stakeholders and business. More details regarding our actions can be found in the following sections.

SDGs	Sections
<div> <div>3</div> <div>GOOD HEALTH AND WELL BEING</div>  </div>	OUR PEOPLE AND PROSPERITY – Healthy and Safe Workplace
<div> <div>5</div> <div>GENDER EQUALITY</div>  </div>	OUR PEOPLE AND PROSPERITY – Fair and Diverse Workplace
<div> <div>6</div> <div>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</div>  </div>	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
<div> <div>8</div> <div>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</div>  </div>	OUR PEOPLE AND PROSPERITY – Employment Conditions
<div> <div>12</div> <div>RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</div>  </div>	VALUE CHAIN – Supply Chain Management ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
<div> <div>13</div> <div>CLIMATE ACTION</div>  </div>	CLIMATE CHANGE PREPAREDNESS
<div> <div>14</div> <div>LIFE BELOW WATER</div>  </div>	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY

At the core of our values lies a deep concern for the well-being of our employees and a genuine appreciation for their contributions to the Group. To reciprocate their dedication, we ensure that key aspects of employment ethics, such as compensation, recruitment, and rest periods, meet specific criteria. This commitment aims to create a supportive work environment that prioritises the well-being and comfort of our employees.



The Group is committed to promoting equal opportunity and values the diversity of our employees as a strength. We maintain a culture of equality in all areas of employment, denouncing discrimination or harassment of any kind, including derogatory comments based on race or ethnicity. Furthermore, we support gender equality in the workplace, ensuring fair treatment in everyday interactions and leadership opportunities, embracing the benefits of diverse talent development without regard to gender or personal characteristics.

To concretely measure and achieve gender equality within our workforce, the Group has implemented a robust Gender Diversity Policy. This policy underscores our commitment to driving meaningful change by setting realistic targets, such as reducing turnover rates and maintaining gender balance across all levels of the organisation. The Gender Diversity Policy includes measurable gender ratio targets that are regularly reviewed and adjusted as needed. The methods for identifying and quantifying the Gender Ratio are detailed in the Gender Diversity Policy within our Labour Policy.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

In addition to our commitment to gender diversity, we place a strong emphasis on fostering age diversity within our Group. We recognise the value of having a multi-generational workforce and the unique perspectives and experiences that individuals of varying ages bring to the table. By promoting age diversity, we aim to create an inclusive work environment where employees of all age groups feel valued, respected, and empowered to contribute their skills and knowledge. Through initiatives such as mentorship programmes, flexible work arrangements, and career development opportunities tailored to different career stages, we strive to support the growth and well-being of employees across all age demographics. Our focus on age diversity reflects our belief in the importance of building a workforce that is representative of society at large and is equipped to thrive in an ever-evolving business landscape.

Ensuring outstanding employment standards and maintaining a secure work environment is our top priority, achieved through minimising health hazards and promoting employee well-being. The subsequent section presents employment statistics as of the conclusion of the Reporting Period and in the fiscal year 2023 to facilitate enhanced comparability.

Number of Employee		2024	2023
Total Number ¹		60	51
By gender	Male	73.33%	70.59%
	Female	26.67%	29.41%
By age group	Below 30	6.67%	1.96%
	30 – 50	75.00%	84.31%
	Over 50	18.33%	13.73%
By geographical region	Hong Kong	1.67%	1.96%
	Singapore	13.33%	11.77%
	Malaysia	85.00%	86.27%
By employment type	Senior Management	3.33%	3.92%
	Middle Management	13.33%	15.69%
	General Staff	83.34%	80.39%

Employee Turnover Rate ²		2024	2023
Total Turnover Rate		7.21%	9.62%
By gender	Male	2.50%	10.81%
	Female	19.35%	6.67%
By age group	Below 30	80.00%	25.00%
	30 – 50	4.55%	7.14%
	Over 50	0.00%	16.67%
By geographical region	Hong Kong	0.00%	0.00%
	Singapore	0.00%	33.33%
	Malaysia	8.42%	6.67%

¹ The number excludes the Directors.

² The turnover rate is calculated by dividing the employees in the specified category leaving employment by the average number of employees in the specified category.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Healthy and Safe Workplace

SDG 3: Good Health and Well-being

“To ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.”

As responsible employers, it is our obligation to prioritise the health and well-being of our employees while ensuring a safe and healthy working environment for all.



Aligned with SDG 3 – Good health and Well-being, the Group commits to fostering a safe and healthy work environment that prioritises employee well-being by nurturing a balanced work-life culture. To ensure the safety of neighbouring communities and uphold a healthy workspace, we implement a structured safety management framework and comprehensive safety policies across all company premises and operations.

Outlined in our code of conduct handbook and safety manual, our commitment lies in fostering a safe, healthy, and productive workplace environment for all employees. The Group acknowledges that alcohol or substance abuse can detrimentally impact health and job effectiveness, posing hazards to workplace safety, employee well-being, and overall productivity. Prioritising the health of our employees and the safety of our workplace, we emphasise to all staff members that our work environment remains free from any alcohol, drug, or associated issues.

Adhering to relevant laws and regulations, the Group ensures a secure workplace and safeguards workers from occupational hazards. There were no significant instances of non-compliance with these regulations during the Reporting Period. Reflecting the Group’s strong focus on enhancing the quality of the work environment for employees, specific health and safety guidelines are established in harmony with applicable laws, environmental standards, and sustainable practices. The Occupational Safety, Health, and Environment (“OSHE”) Policy, developed in alignment with global standards and procedures, applies to all employees and temporary staff throughout the Group and its affiliates.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Aspect	Relevant Laws and Regulations	Jurisdiction
Workers' Health and Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construction Industrial Development Board Act 1994 Prevention and Control of Infectious Disease Act 1988 Worker's Standard Accommodation and Amenities (Amendment) 2019 Occupational Safety and Health (Amendment) Act 2022 Occupational Safety and Health (Construction Work) (Design and Management) Regulations 2024 	Malaysia
Working Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workplace Safety and Health Act Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap. 509) Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap. 282) Environmental Quality (Amendment) Act 2024 Prescribed Activities (Opening Burning) Order 2000 Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005 	Singapore Hong Kong Malaysia

The Group implements effective measures to protect the security of our business facilities, including conducting workplace safety and health inspections. Any instances of non-compliance are promptly reported during scheduled meetings. This standardised procedure guarantees that the Group adheres to both legal mandates and internal regulations.

Safety Targets

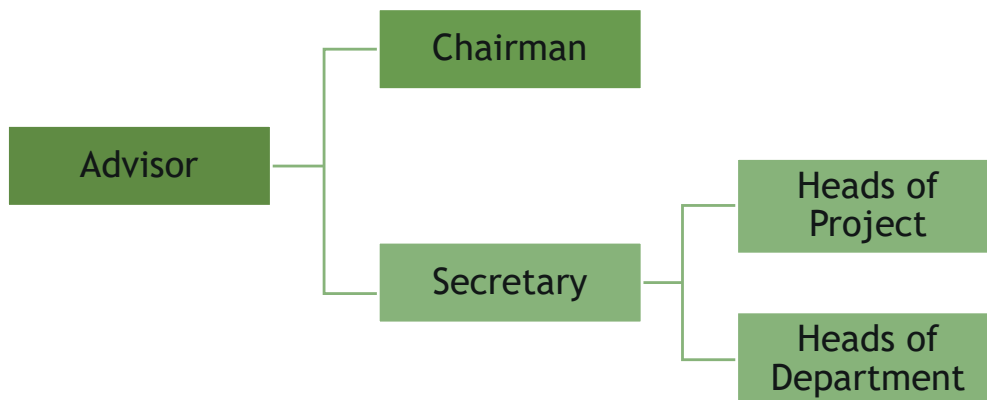
With the belief that accidents and injuries are preventable through comprehensive safety and health management, we have achieved the safety and health targets set for 2024. We will continue to pursue this target in 2025.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Safety Management

Ensuring the well-being of all employees is of utmost importance to the Group. The Health and Safety Committee, referred to as the “Committee”, manages all health and safety-related affairs. Project and Department Heads are accountable for reporting back to the chairman and advisor. The Committee’s duties include reviewing health and safety protocols and verifying their proper implementation and adherence. Furthermore, the Committee supervises and offers support in cases of accidents, near-misses, hazardous incidents, occupational illnesses, diseases, and any situations that may contravene our health and safety guidelines. On a monthly basis, the Committee conducts walkthrough inspections to confirm compliance with all health and safety regulations.



Committee meeting at site office



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Safety Operations

Protecting the safety of our workforce is a fundamental pillar of the Group's operational framework. New employees must fill out a complete health declaration form when joining the Group to confirm that their physical abilities can meet the requirements of the work environment. In a proactive stance towards maximising on-site safety, the Group provides essential protective equipment, including safety harnesses, vests, and helmets, ensuring their proper utilisation is enforced rigorously.

Central to our safety mandate is the OSHE Policy. Integral to our safety spirit is the expectation that each employee has a deep understanding of our OSHE Policy and regulatory framework. This policy is explained and clarified during our training sessions, project briefings, and throughout ongoing project stages. We believe that our collective dedication serves as the bedrock of our commitment to risk mitigation and the maintenance of a secure working environment.

To strengthen our hazard awareness and risk management, a job safety analyses are conducted at all construction sites. Supervisors and inspectors methodically assess and document site-specific risks, implement robust control measures, and assign clear responsibilities to safeguard the well-being of our workforce. Regular machinery and equipment inspections are carried out to swiftly identify and rectify any defects that may compromise safety.

A stringent permit system is in place to regulate health and safety risks associated with hazardous tasks, such as working at heights or in extreme conditions. Prior to undertaking such activities, employees must secure permits in compliance with safety regulations and scheduled inspections. According to our Employee Handbook, any failure to observe safety instructions at the project site shall be treated as misconduct, for which an employee may face disciplinary consequences. Immediate action is taken to address system malfunctions that could potentially pose serious health and safety risks to our employees. The Group will not tolerate any non-compliance with safety policies, and procedures to exterminate rights and permissions are in effect.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Site inspection and safety walkabout



Slope slippage prevention – inspection and prevention



We conduct regular on-site housekeeping and road cleaning to maintain a safe and pristine construction environment. By keeping the site clean and well-organised, we mitigate the risk of accidents caused by tripping over debris, tools, or materials—common occurrences on construction sites. Furthermore, a tidy site enhances hazard visibility, enabling workers to identify potential dangers like exposed wires, uneven surfaces, or hazardous equipment with greater ease.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Regular housekeeping and road cleaning



Our HSE Framework

The HSE Manual of the Group establishes the framework to uphold quality control in health and safety risk management, aligning with the commitments stated OSHE Policy. The safety management system is implemented to oversee employee conduct during high-risk site activities, including fire hazards and tool and machinery operations, ensuring compliance with safety protocols. To reinforce compliance, fines are imposed on those who violate the established rules and regulations. This framework enables the Group to effectively manage health and safety risks across all operational sectors.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Safety Training

To ensure continuous enhancement of our workers' safety knowledge across project safety, emergency response, accident investigation, and firefighting, we have implemented an annual training schedule. This plan includes safety orientation training sessions that encompass a variety of safety topics, such as our safety and health regulations, best practices for safe work execution, and procedures for reporting accidents.

Safety training



Incident Handling

We are well planned and prepared for handling emergency situations. We outline the process and procedures to specify what to do, whom to inform and where to go in different scenarios in response to the corresponding types of emergencies. In the event of an accident or incident, a report will be filed in compliance with the relevant regulations and an investigation will be carried out in a timely manner. Subsequently, corrective measures are implemented, and potential improvements are discussed during meetings to proactively prevent future incidents.

Chemical Safety

One of the most crucial considerations on construction sites is chemical safety. Any improper handling of the chemicals might endanger workers' health and safety. As a result, a permit is required prior to handling chemicals and other hazardous substances at work. Subcontractors must submit a self-declaration in advance to declare the chemicals are used in which job and where the chemicals are stored for our review. The Safety Department will verify and evaluate the safety information of chemical items. We also keep a well-organised registry for keeping track of the substances we have on hand.

	2024	2023	2022
Number of lost day due to work-related injuries	0	0	0
Number of work-related fatalities	0	0	0

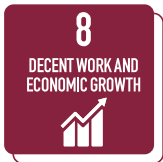
Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Employment Conditions

SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth

“Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.”

We strive to stimulate sustainable economic growth amongst the economies we operate in by providing a number of desirable job opportunities to local workers.



At our Group, we hold labour rights in high regard and prioritise the voices of our employees in shaping a fair and supportive work environment. We are always attentive to the desires of our employees. In response to their needs, we have crafted an all-inclusive compensation package that is not only appealing but, more importantly, is effective in boosting motivation and satisfaction at work. Additional wage increases and discretionary bonuses are incentivised based on appraised performance in proportion to the Group's overall profitability.

Through the articulation of competent policies that support our practice of providing sustainable work-life balance to employees, we dedicate ourselves to maximising a healthy lifestyle among staff members. To ensure a fair and equitable environment for our people, aligned with international labour rights, all eligible employees have full entitlement to extra paid leave for business and personal matters, including relocation leave, medical leave, paternity leave, maternity leave, marriage leave, compassionate leave, and emergency leave. Furthermore, we offer diverse allowances to all eligible employees for essential living standards such as housing, travel, and relocation.

We firmly believe that all individuals have equal rights and deserve the opportunity to work. Our priority is to provide job opportunities primarily to local workers, selecting them based on their capabilities and skills. We are committed to nurturing their professional development, enabling them to contribute meaningfully to their families and communities.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Fair and Diverse Workplace

SDG 5: Gender Equality

“Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.”

The Group actively condemns any form of discrimination against women, in compliance with our zero-tolerance policy.



Our commitment to fair employment practices is underscored by our dedication to fostering a workplace founded on diversity, equality, and inclusivity. We treat any instances of prejudice, ostracism, or harassment impartially, irrespective of the individual's age, colour, race, ethnicity, nationality, gender, marital status, religious beliefs, or sexual orientation. Within our employment framework, individuals with illnesses or disabilities are not deprived of opportunities or marginalised. The Group unequivocally denounces the use of child labour and has implemented multiple policies to prevent and prohibit such occurrences, including forced labour.

We strongly advocate for gender equality in our workplace. To achieve this objective, we have set up a gender diversity policy that articulates our dedication to exploring new strategies for recruiting, selecting, and advancing female candidates or employees. Our goal is to enhance female representation across all organisational levels to ensure a balanced gender mix in our workforce. To track our progress, we have set a target gender ratio that we will regularly assess to ensure alignment with our objectives. Our policy embodies our belief that gender parity in the workplace is not only ethically sound but also beneficial for our business. We recognise the enriching value of diversity, which introduces fresh ideas, perspectives, and problem-solving approaches.

The Group adheres to all relevant laws and regulations governing compensation and termination, recruitment and advancement, working hours, break periods, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare measures. There was no material non-compliance with these laws that may have significant impact on the Group during the Reporting Period.

Aspect	Relevant Laws and Regulations	Jurisdiction
Workers' Health and Safety	• Employment Act 1955	Malaysia
	• Employment Act	Singapore
	• Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57)	Hong Kong

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Child and Forced Labour-free Workplace

The Group is committed to upholding responsible employment practices that safeguard the rights of both prospective applicants and existing staff members. We severely condemn child or forced labour which means the Group has zero tolerance for such unethical activities to occur within our business operations. To sustain this principle, the Group avoids child labour through abiding by the definitions set by the International Labour Organisation and articulates the policies against these practices derived from the official definitions. Our Human Resources Department oversees the entire employment process, ensuring strict compliance with labour policies and promptly halting any unauthorised employment activities.

The Group complies with all applicable laws and regulations relating to preventing child and forced labour. There was no material non-compliance with these laws that may have significant impact on the Group during the Reporting Period.

Aspect	Relevant Laws and Regulations	Jurisdiction
Workers' Health and Safety	• Children and Young Persons (Employment) Act	Malaysia
	• Employment (Children and Young Persons) Regulations	Singapore
	• Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57)	Hong Kong

Child Labour

Our Group is committed to promoting ethical and responsible business practices. As part of this commitment, we have adopted a Child Labour Policy that follows the definition of "Child Labour" as per the International Labour Organisation. According to this definition, child labour refers to work that deprives children of their childhood, their potential and their dignity, and that is harmful to physical and mental development.

Our Group prohibits the employment of child labour that falls into this definition. We are committed to complying with all applicable child labour laws, including those related to wages, hours worked, overtime and working conditions. We are also against all forms of exploitation of children. We expect our business partners and associates to uphold similar standards and abide by country-governing laws in countries where they operate.

During the hiring process, our Human Resources Department verifies the age of the applicants by obtaining their valid identification issued by official authority prior to their employment to ensure the applicants are aged at least 15 years for employment and 18 years for hazardous work. We ensure that this Child Labour Policy is implemented and developed up to industry standard and best practice. In case of violation of this Child Labour Policy and procedures or if child labour is used, the child must cease work immediately, and our Human Resources Department shall take all necessary actions to comply with the applicable rules and regulations immediately.

Our Group is committed to promoting ethical and responsible business practices, and we take our responsibility towards preventing child labour seriously. We believe that every child deserves a childhood, an education, and a safe and healthy environment to grow and develop.

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Forced Labour

Our Group is committed to promoting ethical and responsible business practices. As part of this commitment, we have adopted a Forced Labour Policy that follows the definition of “Forced Labour” as per the International Labour Organisation.

Our Group prohibits the employment of forced labour that falls into this definition. All employees shall have the right to enter and leave employment voluntarily and freely, without the threat of a penalty, and considering the legal rights and responsibilities of both parties in the employment relationship. Coercion should not be used under any circumstances to threaten employees or pressure them into accepting or staying in a job. Threats or use of violence, harassment, or intimidation directed towards workers, their families, or their close associates shall not be used to intimidate individual employees or the workforce.

We ensure that wages are paid regularly and directly to the employees. Non-cash payment should not be used to indebted an employee, and payment in the form of vouchers and promissory notes is prohibited, as are methods of payment that have the effect (intended or not) of depriving the employee of the ability to terminate employment. Employees shall not be held in debt bondage or forced to work to pay off an actually incurred or inherited debt. Employees should not be confined, imprisoned or in any way detained in the workplace or employer-operated residences, either during or outside working hours. Illegal restrictions on employees’ freedom of movement are prohibited.

Our Human Resources Department is responsible for ensuring that this Forced Labour Policy is implemented and developed up to industry standards and best practices. We provide training to employees periodically to ensure that no forced labour shall be in place. We have also developed a Whistleblowing Policy, and any forced labour identified shall be communicated through the whistleblowing channel as per “Whistleblowing Policy”.

Our Group is committed to promoting ethical and responsible business practices, and we take our responsibility towards preventing forced labour seriously. We believe that every employee deserves to work in a safe and healthy environment, free from any form of coercion or exploitation.

Learning and Development

We are aware of how critical it is to maintain the competitiveness of the Group and the workforce in acquiring professional skills, competence, and market knowledge. We consider our employees as our assets, and we want to retain them. Therefore, we have made every effort to determine the workers’ learning and development needs, and we prioritise their development and learning opportunities. Our Employment Training and Development Policy mandates that coaching, mentoring, and training should be provided to Board members, management, new hires, and other employees.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Throughout the Reporting Period, a wide array of extensive training that emphasises the diversity of acquired skills was provided to our staff members. During the Reporting Period, our training included generalised and specialised training in the form of seminars and focused groups, respectively. We ensure that regular training sessions are held to provide our staff members with substantial knowledge of industry skills such as environmental impact assessment procedures, civil 3D roadworks & earthworks, and project planning, trainings that ensured and increased the safety awareness of staff members, such as the “Occupational Safety and Health Conference 2024”, and essential corporate governance training covering anti-corruption, ESG factors, and general Health & Safety protocols. Our approach to providing a holistic training system stems from our Group’s goal not only to enhance quality management by adhering to our OSHE Policy but also to utilise training programmes to create a work environment that fosters a balance between stability and

Industry skills & knowledge training	Health & safety training	Corporate governance training	External ESG training	Induction training
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Automated External Defibrillator Training



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Seminar Kawalan Pencemaran Air



Geotechnical Engineering Training



Employee Training		2024	2023
Total Number of Training Hours		431.18	769.83
Average Training Hours ³ per Employee		7.77	14.80
(% of employees who received training) ⁴		(88.29%)	(100.00%)
By gender	Male	6.28	13.55
		(85.00%)	(100.00%)
	Female	11.62	17.89
		(96.77%)	(100.00%)
By employment type	Senior Management	29.84	28.16
		(100.00%)	(100.00%)
	Middle Management	8.75	6.50
		(87.50%)	(87.50%)
	General Staff	6.63	15.75
		(87.91%)	(102.38%)

Employee Motivation

Our annual performance evaluation process reflects our commitment to employee development and motivation. We aim to identify areas of improvement and enhance overall employee motivation. If an employee demonstrates lower performance levels, we provide support through personalised performance improvement plans. These plans are designed to identify specific areas for development and provide necessary resources and guidance. High-performing employees are recognised for their exceptional contributions through salary increments and/or discretionary bonuses. This fosters a culture of recognition and reward within our Group.

³ It is calculated by dividing the employees received training in the specified category by the average number of employees in the specified category.

⁴ The percentage of employees who received training includes employees who left the Group during the Reporting Period.

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VALUE CHAIN

We recognise our responsibility as a trusted partner to our customers and work collaboratively with them to consistently deliver exceptional projects within agreed timelines. Our commitment to upholding shared values and standards also extends to our subcontractors, as we aim to foster enduring relationships throughout our operations. We place great emphasis on cultivating long-term partnerships with both customers and business associates, recognising their significance to our success. To achieve this, we actively engage with our subcontractors and employees, working closely together to ensure that our services consistently meet and exceed customer expectations and requirements.

Supply Chain Management

SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production

“To ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.”

We ensure that environmental factors are discussed with subcontractors, and all sustainable/green procurement standards are met throughout our operations.



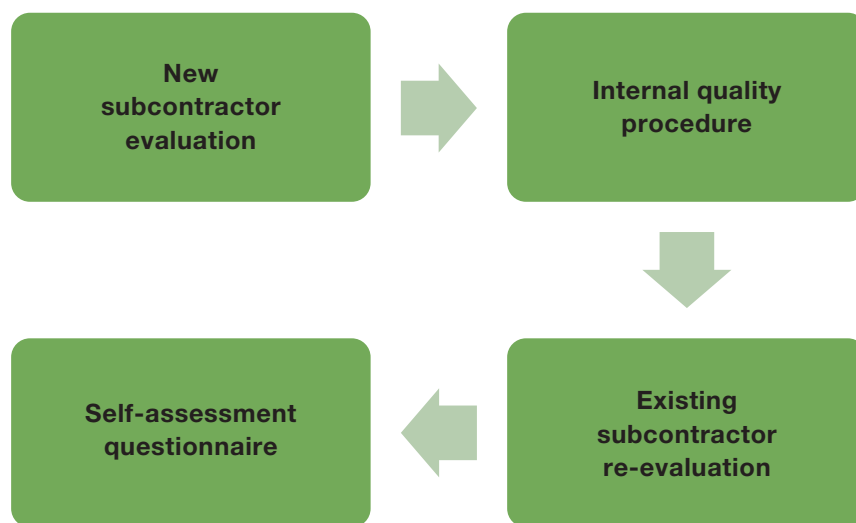
Efficient and reliable services are crucial to our clients, and a sound supply chain management is key to achieving this. It directly reflects the operational competence of our Group. We actively engage with our subcontractors to holistically implement ESG principles and integrate objectives into our manufacturing and operating processes. This includes regular communication with our subcontractors, allowing us to appraise the level of ESG integration they implement in their internal processes. We ensure their adherence to our criteria and specifications, thereby promoting our commitment to ESG principles throughout our supply chain.

Selection of Subcontractors

We have a thorough screening process for potential subcontractors, which includes a self-assessment form to provide the Group with a valid understanding of their capabilities and limitations. The assessment is multi-dimensional and includes aspects such as ESG-related risks, management policies, procedures, and performance, as well as quality system, business history, reputation, and track record. We require potential subcontractors to complete a questionnaire based on criteria such as environmental quality and assurance, pollution discharges, labour rights, health and safety regulations, audit requirements, supply chain management, quality assurance, and anti-corruption and bribery.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Additionally, we evaluate their ongoing and previous projects to determine their competency related to environmental factors. Existing subcontractors are re-evaluated upon completion of a project or at least annually to assess their competency in environmental factors. We prioritise suppliers and subcontractors who integrate the Environmental Management System ISO 14001, acknowledge sustainability-related certification, and comply with ESG standards and applicable laws and regulations. In our internal quality procedure, we evaluate subcontractor competence in factors such as quality assurance, environmental management, and health and safety management on a scale of 1 to 5 and finally, add them to our approved subcontractor list after management's approval. The subcontractor selection and evaluation process are listed below:



Subcontractor Engagement and Management

By enacting the screening process, it is implied that adherence to environmental rules and regulations is compulsory for all eligible subcontractors. Moreover, certified subcontractors will be included in the Approved Subcontractor List for future reference. Rigorous regulations and vigilant monitoring are integral to on-site operations to ensure alignment with internal policies; any deviations will prompt immediate corrective actions. Regular on-site inspections are conducted to ensure subcontractors' adherence to ESG standards, with prompt rectification required for any instances of non-compliance.

Scheduled site meetings between the Group and subcontractors are conducted routinely to enhance communication, address concerns, and offer ESG-focused training. Current subcontractors must undergo periodic reassessments based on criteria such as efficiency, quality, and corrective actions to uphold peak performance while complying with standards, rules, and regulations. Subcontractors falling below the set standards are mandated to implement improvement plans within their processes to address deficiencies.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Green Procurement

The Group aims to minimise any company purchases that may cause environmental degradation, through considering the effects that each purchase, such as equipment, machinery or general goods may impose on the environment. Furthermore, the Group encourages subcontractors to adhere to our Green Procurement by purchasing more environmentally sustainable items in any feasible operation circumstance.

The Group's Procurement Principles	
Prefer	Avoid
<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Products with a high rate of recycling– Products with more recyclable content– Products with less packaging– Products with higher energy efficiency– Products made using green technology or with green fuels– Products with lower water consumption– More durable products	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Single-use disposable products– Products that are more water consuming– Over-packaging products– Products which emit a huge amount of irritating or toxic substances during installation, use and disposal

Supplier Code of Conduct

The Group established a Supplier Code of Conduct that outlines our fundamental expectations in order to regulate the extent to which suppliers and subcontractors uphold a certain degree of professionalism, and simultaneously maintain ethical standards and business conduct. The code focuses on areas such as: observance of laws, rules, and regulations; environmental sustainability; human rights and social sustainability; ethics and corporate integrity; safety and health; protection of the Group's information, records, and assets; and use of personal information. The Group conducts regular surveys to ensure business associates adhere to the Supplier Code of Conduct.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

During the Reporting Period, the Group collaborated with 40 subcontractors, who are suppliers of sand and marine gas oil from Malaysia and Singapore. Supplier distribution statistics are summarised in the table below:

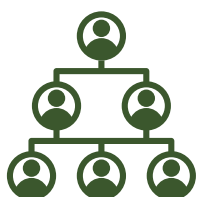
Supplier Distribution	2024	2023
Total number of subcontractors and/or suppliers	40	24
By geographical region (% of subcontractors and/or suppliers)		
Malaysia	36 (90.00%)	18 (75.00%)
Singapore	4 (10.00%)	6 (25.00%)

Reliable Services

The Group consistently proves our commitment towards clients which can be seen through previous completions in significant maritime construction projects as well as other services. We provide premium services and maximise client satisfaction through offering highly trained and specialised talent to tailor clients' needs in an efficient and reliable manner. During the Reporting Period, there was no material non-compliance in relation to laws and regulation governing health and health and product safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters.

Quality Services

Our commitment to providing high-quality products and services that meet client requirements and comply with legal standards is supported by the quality management system of Malaysian operations, which aligns with the international standard ISO 9001:2015.



In order to guarantee the Group delivers high-quality services consistently during each project phase, a series of effective project management systems have been implemented. These systems also encompass the interactions with our subcontractors, who must adhere to the Group's rigorous protocols to ensure the quality of the products and services they deliver. Upon receiving the client's construction drawings, the Group scrutinises the plans for any errors or discrepancies to establish a timeline and make any required adjustments in line with the project quality standards.

The Group's connection with clients is intertwined because we believe that effective communication is essential for delivering high-quality products and services. Any discrepancies between the Group and clients are addressed through in-depth discussions and analysis of relevant challenges to resolve conflicts. Project and contract managers are assigned to oversee project advancements and offer regular status updates on a scheduled basis, while the Planning Department establishes specific progress objectives for each project. Additionally, the project manager and quantity surveyors are tasked with monitoring project timelines and implementing corrective measures in case of delays.



The Group allocates resources, implements policies, and puts forth maximum effort to strengthen the highest levels of products and services in order to not just meet, but also surpass client expectations. Our Group's flexibility allows clients to provide lists of defects if the product does not align with their expectations, enabling the Group to make necessary adjustments efficiently.

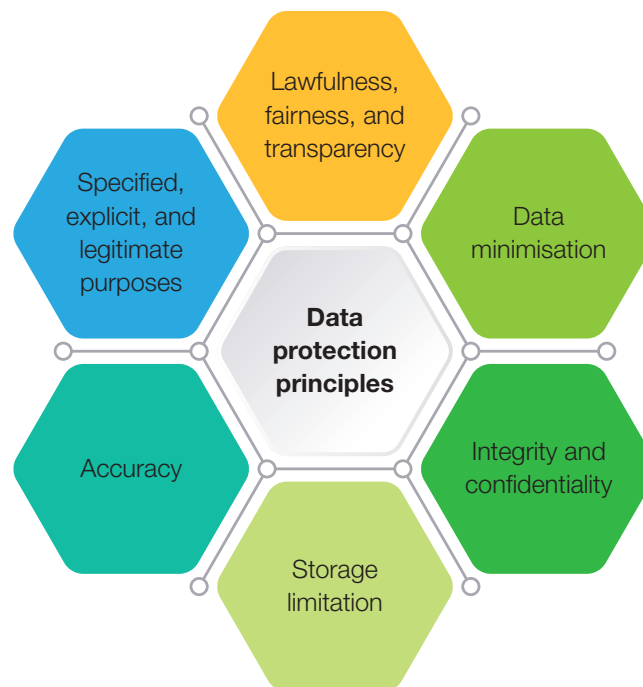
Environmental, Social and Governance Report

We place great importance on our customers' feedback and suggestions, as we aim to continually identify areas for enhancement to cultivate a dynamic environment that enables our Group to deliver even higher quality services in the future. This can be accomplished by conducting a customer satisfaction survey at the conclusion of a project, encompassing evaluations of project design, project management, and overall quality. The assessment will be examined during a management meeting, where customer input will be carefully analysed, assessed, and summarised to determine next steps. Throughout the Reporting Period, the Group did not receive any complaints related to products or services.



Data Privacy

Our Group is committed to conducting business transparently, honestly, and with integrity. We have adopted a Data Protection Policy that outlines our expectations and requirements for processing personal data. Processing of client's personal data adheres to the relevant laws and regulations, where disclosure of personal data to third parties is strictly prohibited, unless given exceptional circumstances where consent is given from the customers or relevant data is required for legal purposes. This policy applies to all personal data processed by our Group and is part of our approach to compliance with data protection law. We only collect personal data that is relevant and required for conducting our business, and we maintain appropriate security systems to prevent unauthorised access to personal data. Our employees are expected to comply with this policy, and failure to comply may lead to disciplinary action. We also protect our Group's assets and resources, including intellectual property rights, and ensure the confidentiality of business and other sensitive information. We regularly review our policy to ensure its effectiveness and communicate it to all employees for implementation. Below concludes our data protection principles highlighted in our Data Protection Policy.



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Intellectual Property

Our Group is committed to protecting our intellectual property rights, including trademarks, patents, copyrights, designs, inventions, programmes, and documentation. All works created by eligible employees within the Group will be retained as intellectual properties, and all parties are required to obtain permission before using them in any assets, such as our Group's logo. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not observe any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations related to the violation of our intellectual property rights regarding our products and services. We take any violation of our intellectual property rights seriously and will take legal actions against any party found to have infringed on our rights. Our commitment to protecting our intellectual property rights ensures the continued development of innovative products and services that benefit our customers and stakeholders.

BUSINESS ETHICS

The Group's commitment to being a reliable partner for clients and stakeholders requires adherence to moral principles across all disciplines at all times. Any violation that may damage the Group's reputation and integrity is strictly prohibited and will result in significant consequences. To ensure ethical standards and compliance with relevant laws and regulations, the Group has implemented a comprehensive Code of Conduct and other relevant rules such as Anti-Corruption Policy, Anti-Fraud Policy, Policy Against Anti-Competition, Reporting Channels and Whistleblowing Policy as below.

Code of Conduct	Anti-Corruption Policy	Anti-Fraud Policy	Policy Against Anti-Competition	Reporting Channels and Whistleblowing Policy
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The Group complies with all applicable laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. There was no material non-compliance with these laws that may have significant impact on the Group, nor any concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices against the Group or its employees, during the Reporting Period.

Aspect	Relevant Laws and Regulations	Jurisdiction
Anti-Corruption	• Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009	Malaysia
	• Prevention of Corruption Act	Singapore
	• Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201)	Hong Kong

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Anti-Corruption Policy

Our Code of Conduct and Anti-Corruption Policy strictly prohibit all forms of bribery and corruption in any business activities carried out by the Group. This includes, but is not limited to, offering, accepting, or authorising any financial or other advantages such as gifts, entertainment, or hospitality. The Group ensures accuracy and consistency in all firm documents, including books, invoices, records, accounts, funds, and assets. During the subcontractor selection process, anti-corruption compliance is a crucial factor, and due diligence is performed to ensure compliance.

To maintain transparency, the Group expects employees to disclose any potential conflicts of interest to senior management and the Human Resources Department. Anti-corruption training and workshops are conducted periodically to ensure all employees understand and comply with the standards and guidelines in this field. The Human Resource Department also provides anti-corruption compliance consultation services to all employees within the Group.

Anti-Fraud Policy

Fraud can have a significant impact on a business's revenue, assets, reputation, and information. To protect against fraud, the Group has implemented an Anti-Fraud Policy that guides the identification, reporting, and investigation of potential frauds. The policy provides clear guidelines to employees on how to detect and report any suspected fraud.

The Group also conducts fraud risk assessments to identify areas of potential risk and take appropriate measures to mitigate those risks. These assessments help the Group to identify potential areas of fraud, such as improper financial reporting, fraudulent billing, or theft of assets. To address these risks, the Group has established a risk management group that specialises in identifying potential risks and formulating appropriate alleviation measures. This group works closely with all departments and employees to ensure that all potential fraud risks are identified and addressed. Our commitment to preventing fraud is crucial in maintaining the integrity of the business, protecting its assets, and ensuring the trust of its stakeholders.

Policy Against Anti-Competition

The Group strongly believes in creating a work environment that is fair, equal, and free from hostility. To support this belief, the Group requires that all employees abide by international competition laws and regulations to protect fair market competition. This ensures that the Group's business practices are ethical, transparent, and in line with global standards.

The Policy Against Anti-Competition outlines the Group's commitment to preventing all forms of anti-competitive behaviour. This policy strictly prohibits any action that could negatively impact fair market competition, such as price-fixing, market sharing, or bid rigging. All employees are required to fully comply with this policy to ensure that the Group's business practices are ethical and lawful.

To support this policy, the Group has established an awareness system to allow employees to report any suspected anti-competitive behaviour. This system encourages employees to speak up if they witness any behaviour that goes against the Policy Against Anti-Competition. By doing so, employees play an active role in maintaining the Group's integrity and reputation.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Reporting Channels and Whistleblowing Policy

Formal reporting procedures are established for employees of the Group to report any instances of non-compliance or violations of the Code of Conduct, Anti-Corruption Policy, Anti-Fraud Policy, or Policy Against Anti-competition. Employees can submit reports through various methods depending on the situation, including in-person, in writing, or by phone. All complaints will be taken seriously and promptly investigated, with findings communicated to the Board and the Audit Committee.

Furthermore, employees and stakeholders have access to whistleblowing mechanisms for reporting any instances of business misconduct directly to the management team. The Whistleblowing Policy outlines the reporting scope, ensuring that all reports are treated with integrity and protection. Individuals providing credible information will not face repercussions from the Group.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

The Group is committed to making a positive contribution to the communities in which it operates. The success of the Group is directly linked to the well-being and prosperity of these communities, and it focuses on critical areas such as culture, education, environment, health, social welfare, and sports. These areas are the core pillars of the Group's Community Investment Policy, which guides its efforts to make a positive impact on these communities. The Group adheres to its fundamental aims and purposes, which include contributing to the betterment of communities and fulfilling its broader social responsibility.

We are dedicated to supporting our neighbourhood through a variety of financial support. During the Reporting Period, a total amount of approximately RM0.5 million was contributed to the community through donation, contribution, and sponsorship.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS

SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation

“To ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.”

SDG 14: Life Below Water

“Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development”

To align with the goals of SDG 6 and SDG 14, we have established strict procedures for managing wastewater discharge, with the aim of safeguarding the safety and quality of water sources and the marine environment in the vicinity. We take an active role in preserving clean water resources and conserving diverse marine ecosystems. Our dedication to these objectives is elaborated in the Wastewater Management.



The Group recognises the importance of maintaining a sustainable and environmentally responsible approach in all aspects of our operations. As our operations are primarily located close to the coast, we understand the potential environmental impacts that construction activities can have on coastal areas, including the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, air pollutants, and greenhouse gas (“**GHG**”) emissions. However, our commitment to preserving the coastal and marine environments is unwavering. We have implemented rigorous environmental procedures and policies, such as the Environmental Policy and the Environmental and Natural Resources Management Policy, to ensure the protection of these valuable ecosystems. As mentioned in our Environmental Policy, we regularly review our Environmental Management System to ensure continuous improvement and clear implementation of environmental targets. We are committed to minimising adverse effects on the environment from the earliest stages of our projects. Additionally, we actively collaborate with our subcontractors to ensure their compliance with our environmental requirements. Our environmental principles for carrying out engineering, procurement, and construction work on our projects are as follows.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Environmental Principles

Environmental principles



- 1) Compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations



- 2) Minimising adverse impacts on the environment through measures that include:
 - Limiting consumption of resources and energy
 - Working to prevent pollution of air, water, and soil



- 3) Encouraging vendors with a positive attitude toward environmentally friendly manufacturing practices in procurement



The Group complies with all applicable laws and regulations relating to air and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land and use of resources. There was no material non-compliance with these laws that may have significant impact on the Group during the Reporting Period. The Group was not aware of any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.

Aspect	Relevant Laws and Regulations	Jurisdiction
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental Quality Act 1974 	Malaysia
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental Quality (Amendment) Act 2024 	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005 	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental Quality (Sewage and Industrial effluents) Regulations 1979 	Malaysia
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ambient Air Quality Standard 	Malaysia
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental Protection and Management Act 1999 	Singapore
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311) 	Hong Kong

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The following summarises the environmental procedures we practice on-site:

Pollutant Discharge Procedures

- Detail all aspects of discharge, emission or deposit of environmentally hazardous substances, pollutants and wastes;
- Ensure compliance with the Environmental Quality (Amendment) Act 2024 of Malaysia;
- Manage all forms of discharge, emission, pollutants, waste, noise, placing and deposit of environmentally hazardous substances; and
- Prohibition of waste discharge into water.

Air Quality Control Procedures

- Describe all aspects of air quality control during construction phase;
- Ensure compliance with the Ambient Air Quality Standard of Malaysia;
- Mitigate the impacts of air emission of our site operations;
- Outline the dust control procedures on site, such as cleaning the tires of our vehicles before they enter public roads, and wetting down the sites and the roads where our vehicles pass through to minimise fugitive dust emission;
- Keep vehicle and machinery well-tuned and tires inflated properly to reduce exhaust emissions;
- Limit site clearing to the project area and stabilises the disturbed areas as soon as possible to minimise dust accumulation; and
- Appoint a professional environmental consultant to carry out air quality monitoring and sampling and send the samples to accredited laboratories for analysis.

Wastewater Management Procedures

- Describe the aspects of wastewater generated during construction phase;
- Ensure compliance with the Environmental Quality (Amendment) Act 2024 of Malaysia when operating in Malaysia;
- Segregate domestic sewage from construction wastewater and surface runoff;
- Deploy wastewater treatment facilities on site, such as septic tanks, prior to desludging process to improve the quality of effluent discharge;
- Deploy proper toilet facilities on site and portable toilets at working areas;
- Appoint a qualified contractor to perform desludging on site regularly; and
- Conduct a self-monitoring assessment regularly to ensure the quality of the effluent discharges meet the required standard.

Hazardous Waste Management Procedures

- Cover all scheduled and non-scheduled waste generated by the Group;
- Ensure compliance with Environmental Quality (Schedule Wastes) Regulations 2005; and
- Place waste in a proper container with labels, recycle and re-use materials, dispose non-recyclable wastes, segregate waste at dedicated area, transfer and record of scheduled waste to the designated storage area, attend training on these topics.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report



Emission Management and Resource Conservation

Our Group is committed to effectively managing emissions and conserving resources as part of our sustainability efforts. We have taken significant steps to transform our operations into a low-carbon and resilient business, showcasing our dedication to reducing our carbon footprint. This commitment is evidenced by our proactive approach to utilising renewable energy sources and implementing energy-saving techniques throughout our operations. Below show our policies in reducing emission. One of our primary areas of focus is on promoting sustainable practices among our staff, such as encouraging the use of economy class travel and video conferencing for business visits. By instilling behavioural changes, we aim to reduce our environmental impact and foster a culture of sustainability within our Group.

In line with our dedication to energy conservation, we conduct regular training sessions for all employees to enhance their understanding of energy-saving practices. These sessions empower our staff to make informed choices that contribute to our overall sustainability goals. Additionally, we emphasise simple yet effective practices, such as turning off lights, air conditioning, and equipment when not in use, and optimising natural lighting and room temperatures to improve energy efficiency and we start using solar lamp for night surveillance at site office.

In line with our commitment to ESG principles, we have hired an independent consultant and undertaken a thorough assessment of our Scope 3 GHG emissions and start reporting our GHG Scope 3 inventory in our next ESG Report. Our approach involves identifying key areas contributing to these emissions and establishing a robust inventory to track our progress. By prioritising Scope 3 emissions, we aim to minimise our environmental footprint and set ambitious targets for the coming years.

Furthermore, our efforts to calculate and analyse GHG Scope 3 data demonstrate our commitment to a holistic approach to emissions management. By expanding our Scope 3 inventory and enhancing our data collection processes, we are working towards a more comprehensive understanding of our emissions profile. This detailed analysis allows us to identify areas for improvement and develop targeted strategies to reduce our overall emissions.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Our commitment to emissions management extends beyond internal practices to include a comprehensive approach to monitoring and analysing our energy consumption. By collecting and analysing data on a regular basis, we are able to identify consumption patterns, make informed decisions, and drive continuous improvement in our energy management practices.

Building on our achievement in winning the ESG Committee Prize of InnoESG Prize 2021, co-granted by the SocietyNext Foundation, UNESCO HK Association Global Peace Centre, and Rotary Action Group for Peace, along with our ISO 9001:2015 certification, we are nearer to achieving our environmental goals. This recognition underscores our dedication to sustainability and inspires us to further enhance our efforts to make a positive impact on the planet and our surroundings.

By leveraging these accolades as motivation, we will continue to strive towards meeting our environmental targets. Our goal is to implement innovative strategies and sustainable practices that not only reduce our environmental footprint but also contribute to a more sustainable future for all. Through ongoing dedication and collaboration, we aim to create lasting positive change for both our Group and the broader community.

Waste Management



For our site and office operations, it is inevitable that we generate various types of waste, including general, hazardous, and construction trash. However, we have been actively implementing a range of waste management policies and processes to minimise the adverse environmental impacts associated with waste disposal.

To effectively manage hazardous waste, we strictly adhere to the Hazardous Waste Management Procedure. This entails confining and storing hazardous waste in designated areas as per the prescribed protocol. Containers used for hazardous waste must meet stringent safety requirements and be clearly labelled to ensure proper identification. In order to prevent spills or leaks, our storage rooms are constructed and maintained with utmost precision. It is important to note that there are strict limits on the maximum quantity and duration not more than 6 months or 180 days for which hazardous waste can be kept. Furthermore, the handling of hazardous waste is exclusively carried out by skilled personnel who utilise appropriate safety gear. The collection and disposal of hazardous waste are entrusted to authorised contractors to ensure compliance with regulations.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

For general waste, we follow a classification system that determines its recyclability. All recyclable and reusable materials are either sold to scrap merchants or preserved for future use. Non-recyclable items are disposed of responsibly, and detailed records of their disposal are maintained. It is important to highlight that our commitment to environmental protection extends to our air quality control measures. As outlined in the Air Quality Control Procedure, burning of trash on site is strictly prohibited. This policy helps us maintain a clean and healthy environment, preventing air pollution and the associated risks.

Meanwhile, in order to encourage employee environmental awareness and resource conservation, we have set green office principles for our business operations. Reuse, recycling and energy conservation are promoted among staff members. Additionally, we conduct annual waste management training sessions to educate our employees on best practices in waste reduction and disposal.

The Group complies with all applicable laws and regulations relating to generation of waste and waste handling, which includes proper package, labelling, sorting and storage of waste prior to disposal. There was no material non-compliance with these laws that may have significant impact on the Group during the Reporting Period.

Aspect	Relevant Laws and Regulations	Jurisdiction
Waste	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations• First Schedule (Regulation 2) of Environment Quality (Schedule Waste) Regulation 2005• Guidelines for Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Scheduled Wastes	Malaysia

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Environmental Performance⁵

The Group's environmental performance data during the Reporting Period and in 2023 have been summarised in the table below.

		Unit	2024	2023
Air Emissions⁶	Nitrogen oxides ("NO _x ")	kg	107.15	74.80
	Sulphur oxides ("SO _x ")	kg	0.75	0.67
	Particulate Matter ("PM")	kg	9.22	6.30
	Total energy consumption	MWh	600.59	473.26
Energy Consumption⁷	Total energy intensity			
	– By size of workforce	MWh per employee	10.49	9.62
	– By revenue ⁸	MWh per revenue in million	4.28	3.85
	Direct energy consumption	MWh	482.58	417.83
	– Diesel	MWh	204.68	178.66
	– Unleaded petrol	MWh	277.90	239.17
	Indirect energy consumption	MWh	118.01	55.43
	– Purchased electricity ⁹	MWh	118.01	55.43
	Total GHG emission	tCO₂e	202.16	146.37
	– Scope 1 ¹⁰	tCO ₂ e	122.73	107.33
GHG Emissions	– Scope 2 ¹¹	tCO ₂ e	78.71	36.97
	– Scope 3 ¹²	tCO ₂ e	0.72	2.07
	Total GHG emission intensity			
	– By size of workforce	tCO ₂ e per employee	3.37	2.87
	– By revenue ⁸	tCO ₂ e per revenue in million	0.62	0.68
	Freshwater^{13, 15}	m³	5,042.00	834.00
	Intensity			
	– By size of workforce ¹⁴	m ³ per employee	98.86	18.95
	– By revenue ⁸	m ³ per revenue in million	119.54	28.54
	Waste¹⁶			
Hazardous Waste	Toner cartridge	tonne	0.0108	0.0036
	Chemical waste	tonne	0.00	0.10
	Lubricant oil	tonne	0.00	0.30
	Total hazardous waste	tonne	0.011	0.40
Non-hazardous Waste	Intensity			
	– By size of workforce ¹⁴	tonne per employee	0.00021	0.00917
	– By revenue ^{8, 15}	tonne per revenue in million	0.00026	0.01381
	Waste plastic ¹⁷	tonne	1.48	14.19
	Waste paper ¹⁸	tonne	1.46	1.35
	Total non-hazardous waste	tonne	2.94	15.54
	Intensity			
	By size of workforce ¹⁴	tonne per employee	0.06	0.35
	By revenue ^{8, 15}	tonne per revenue in million	0.07	0.53
	Office paper	tonne	1.54	0.60
Paper Consumption¹⁹	Intensity			
	By size of workforce	tonne per employee	0.03	0.01
	By revenue ⁸	tonne per revenue in million	0.0047	0.0028

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⁵ The calculation had referred to GHG Protocol – Emission Factors from Cross-Sector Tools and the published emission factors of the “How to prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs” published by HKEx.

⁶ During the year ending 30 June 2024, there was an increase of emission of nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides and particular matter compared with financial year ended 30 June 2023. The increment is mainly arising from the emissions from vehicles due to more visits to site for tendering works, new projects engaged and having meetings with potential customers.

⁷ More energy consumption per unit of revenue generated compared with financial year ended 30 June 2023 baseline is noted which mainly due to the increase of ongoing business activities (for example, diesel and unleaded petrol consumed from vehicles on the travelling to locations for business discussions, site visit and projects monitoring). The size and stage of the projects affected the number of travelling required for the business discussions, site visit and projects monitoring.

⁸ This Year the intensity is disclosed in revenue instead of in number of projects. At the beginning, the target was set during the period of COVID-19 while the revenue generated was not stable, at the same time the impact of the effort being put to obtain the new tenders cannot be reflected in the results by using revenue as the intensity. Hence, intensity in number of projects were chosen. Considering the market is more stable compared with earlier years and revenue can better reflect the impact of the emission results, the intensity is changed.

⁹ More indirect energy consumption is noted during the year ending 30 June 2024. Two of the new projects awarded during the period with their site office’s energy consumption borne by the Group contributed to the increase of indirect energy consumption for the year ending 30 June 2024.

¹⁰ Scope 1 represents direct GHG emissions generated from the use of unleaded petrol and diesel oil by company vehicles in Malaysia and Singapore.

¹¹ Scope 2 represents indirect GHG emissions generated from the use of purchased electricity in office and project sites in Malaysia.

¹² Scope 3 represents other indirect GHG emissions generated from business air travels by employees in both Hong Kong, Malaysia and Singapore.

¹³ Water consumption is increased during the year ended 30 June 2024 compared with the year ended 30 June 2023 which mainly due to the consumption of the water from the site offices of two new projects awarded during the period being borne by the Group.

¹⁴ For water consumption, hazardous waste, non-hazardous waste and wastepaper, the workforce is presented for Malaysia only due to the fact that share offices are used in Singapore and Hong Kong.

¹⁵ For water consumption, hazardous waste and non-hazardous waste, the revenue is presented for Malaysia only due to the fact that share offices are used in Singapore and Hong Kong.

¹⁶ The weight figures are derived by estimation. We will refine the measurement methodology in future if feasible.

¹⁷ Waste plastic mainly come from plastic food packaging as the staff mainly buy food from outside for lunch.





¹⁸ Paper is mainly used for administrative works and business operations, including projects completed and preparation works for projects newly awarded, for example, preparation works for new projects, finalisation of the final accounts and work under defect liability period which are not reflected in the revenue generated. As there were more sizable engagement under discussion and there were new projects engaged during the year ending 30 June 2024, wastepaper is increased compared with financial year ended 30 June 2023 baseline.

¹⁹ Paper consumption is increased for the year ending 30 June 2024 compared with previous year as there were more sizable engagement under discussion new projects engaged and there were new projects engaged during the year ending 30 June 2024, more paper consumption is noted.






Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Environmental Target Achievements










As a socially responsible company, we are fully dedicated to contributing to the reduction of emissions and actively promoting the worldwide shift towards a zero-carbon economy. To uphold this dedication, we have established ambitious environmental objectives that guide our actions. The table below outlines a summary of these targets and our performance during the Reporting Period. By openly sharing our advancements, we aim to showcase our unwavering commitment to environmental sustainability and play a part in the collective efforts to address climate change.

	Targets	Target Achievements	Status
Energy Consumption	We aim to replace all current construction used vehicles and machinery, and electrical appliances with high-efficiency models or those certified with energy-saving labels to achieve the full target by the financial year in 2030.	We have been taking energy efficiency into account while making purchase. We strive to invest in high efficiency vehicles/machinery and those that have been certified with energy-saving labels as part of our environmental commitment.	2030 
	Our goal is to collaborate exclusively with subcontractors that can supply high-efficiency vehicles, machinery, and electrical appliances certified with energy-saving labels by the end of the financial year 2030, if possible.	We have been using ESG-related risks, pertinent management practices, and subcontractor environmental management systems as selection criteria. In the self-assessment questionnaires, one of the sections under greenhouse emissions is "Does your group use vehicles, machinery, and electrical appliances of high efficiency or certified with energy-saving labels?" and "Does your group use renewable energy?". Subcontractor self-assessment enables us to review subcontractors' performance. We prioritise using suppliers and subcontractors who meet these criteria.	2030 
	We aim to reduce the average energy consumption of diesel oil and unleaded petrol by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025, and 2030 respectively from the 2019 baseline.	Our Group has shown significant improvement in reducing energy consumption compared to the 2019 baseline. The reductions achieved so far indicate a positive trend towards meeting the targets set for future years.	2025 
		Intensity of diesel oil use is dropped from 0.93 MWh in 2019 to 0.63 MWh in 2024 which is more than 10 %.	2030 
		Intensity of unleaded petrol use is dropped from 1.63 MWh in 2019 to 0.85 MWh in 2024 which is also more than 10%.	
		We expect the 2025 target can be fulfilled with current trend observed.	








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	Targets	Target Achievements	Status
	We aim to reduce the average energy consumption of purchased electricity by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025, and 2030 respectively from the 2019 baseline.	Electricity consumption intensity is raised from 0.24 MWh in 2019 to 2.8 MWh in 2024. Fluctuation of revenue after the pandemic contributes a huge factor. We will put effort to press down the electricity consumption again in next year.	2025 
			2030 
Paper Consumption	We aim to replace all existing printer to the one which require login for copying and printing in order to track usage of paper by individual employee before the financial year in 2025.	As we continue the process of modernising our printing and filing systems, we are actively promoting the adoption of electronic communication tools among our staff to reduce unnecessary paper consumption. Moreover, we emphasise the importance of recycling used paper and encourage the practice of printing and copying on both sides of the paper to further minimise our environmental impact.	2025 
	We aim to replace all the existing filing method with electronic filing by making good use of the Enterprise Resource Planning System and online server for all departments including documents is in place or from 1 July 2021, whichever is earlier, unless it is contradictory to the local rules and regulations in which physical filing is required.		
	We aim to reduce the average consumption of paper by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from the 2019 baseline.	Paper consumption intensity is reduced from 0.0067 tonnes in 2019 to 0.0047 tonnes in 2024. This is more than the 10% ultimate goal and we are optimistic on achieving the 5% target next year.	2025 
		By implementing measures such as promoting electronic documentation, encouraging double-sided printing, and emphasising paper recycling practices, we are actively working towards achieving our paper consumption reduction goals. These efforts not only contribute to environmental conservation but also reflect our Group's dedication to sustainable practices and responsible resource utilisation.	2030 

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

	Targets	Target Achievements	Status
Air Emissions	We aim to reduce the average emission of SO _x by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from the 2020 baseline.	<p>The 2020 baseline of SO_x emission intensity was 0.0067 kg. In 2024, it becomes 0.0023 kg which shows a significant reduction.</p> <p>To achieve our goal, we will continue implementing effective emission reduction strategies. By analysing the progress made thus far and identifying areas for improvement, we will adjust our approach to align with our sustainability targets and ensure a positive impact on the environment.</p>	2025 
			2030 
	We aim to reduce the average emission of NO _x by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from the 2020 baseline.	<p>The 2020 baseline of NO_x emission intensity was 0.49 kg. In 2024, it becomes 0.33 kg which shows a significant reduction.</p> <p>To achieve our goal, we will further analyse the trends in NO_x emissions and identify the root causes of the increase in 2024. We are currently developing a targeted action plans to minimise emissions and promote sustainable practices moving forward.</p>	2025 
			2030 
	We aim to reduce the average emission of PM by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from the 2020 baseline.	<p>The 2020 baseline of PM emission intensity was 0.035 kg. In 2024, it becomes 0.028 kg. It improved but for achieving 5% we still have to put in constant effort.</p> <p>To achieve our goals, we are working towards achieving our emission reduction goals, we have implemented various mitigation strategies aimed at promoting environmental sustainability. These measures include improving operational efficiencies, enhancing emission control technologies, prioritising eco-friendly subcontractors and exploring alternative cleaner energy sources, for example solar source.</p>	2025 
			2030 
Water Consumption	We aim to set up collection point at all sites to collect excessive water withdrawn and reuse such water for cleaning, water spraying and irrigation purposes and other purpose by financial year ending 30 June 2030.	We are now working to optimise water utilisation by performing routine water facility inspections to stop water leakage. Furthermore, we have been educating our staff members on the importance of water conservation.	2030 
	We aim to reduce the average consumption of freshwater by 2%, 5% and 10% by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from its financial year ended 30 June 2019 baseline, assuming the market has been recovered from COVID-19.	<p>In 2019, 3.16 m³ was recorded for the water consumption intensity.</p> <p>In 2024, it raised to 119.54 m³ from our modification of our business operation in which some of the water consumption of arising from the site offices would be borne by the Group.</p> <p>The fluctuation in total revenue also plays a major role in contributing towards a higher water consumption intensity figure. We will strive to improve it and we commit to disclose our improved results in coming years.</p>	2025 
			2030 

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

	Targets	Target Achievements	Status
Waste	We aim to reduce the average hazardous waste production by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively the 2021 baseline, if any.	The intensity of hazardous waste is increased from 0.08 kg in 2021 to 0.26 kg in 2024. Even though the intensity increased greatly, the average absolute amount is neglectable. We will strive to improve it in coming years by incorporating chemical waste and lubricant oil into our waste management strategy, we are proactively addressing additional sources of hazardous waste generation and ensuring a more comprehensive approach to waste reduction and disposal. While this expansion may have initially led to an increase in reported hazardous waste volumes, it demonstrates our commitment to addressing various waste streams and implementing more sustainable waste management practices.	2025 
	We aim to set up recycling bins at all offices and sites to collect recyclable metals and aluminium, plastic bottles, waste paper, ink cartridge, carton boxes and other recyclable materials from 1 July 2020.	Recycling bins and reusable item collecting points have been set up to enable resource recycling and reuse. We will continue to encourage staff to use the facilities and raise their understanding of the importance of recycling and reuse.	Since 2020 
	We aim to set up collection points at all offices for reusable items, like stationeries and non-confidential single-side used paper from 1 July 2020.		Since 2020 
	No single-use plastic cutlery, bags, straws or stirrers available in the pantry from 1 July 2020.	The plastic waste intensity is increased from 0.004 tonnes in 2019 to 0.04 tonnes in 2024. Moving forward, we will improve implementing sustainable procurement practices, explore alternative packaging solutions, and raise awareness among employees to further reduce plastic waste generation. By focusing on waste reduction initiatives and engaging in responsible procurement practices, we will work towards meeting our plastic waste reduction targets and fostering a more environmentally friendly workplace.	2025 
	We aim to reduce the average plastic waste by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from its financial year ended 30 June 2019 baseline.		2030 
	We aim to reduce the average wastepaper by 2%, 5% and 10% per unit of revenue to be generated by financial year ending 30 June 2022, 2025 and 2030 respectively from its financial year ended 30 June 2019 baseline.	Waste paper intensity is increased from 0.01 tonnes in 2019 to 0.03 tonnes in 2024. We will keep improving our wastepaper handling practice and strive to achieve our set target for coming years. To work towards achieving the waste reduction targets, we are working on reviewing current waste management practices, exploring opportunities for waste minimisation and recycling, and implementing strategies to optimise paper usage efficiency. By focusing on improving wastepaper management processes, promoting paperless initiatives where possible, and enhancing recycling programmes, our Group will certainly progress towards meeting its wastepaper reduction goals.	2025  2030 

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

CLIMATE CHANGE PREPAREDNESS

SDG 13: Climate Action

“Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.”

In 2023, we have made significant strides in enhancing our resilience to climate-related challenges and strengthening our capacity to withstand natural catastrophes. By actively addressing climate-related risks, we are taking concrete actions to safeguard our business, protect the environment, as well as support the communities we operate in. Our ongoing commitment to SDG 13 underscores our dedication to fostering a sustainable future while ensuring the long-term viability of our marine construction endeavors.



In today's rapidly changing world, the marine construction industry faces a critical challenge in the form of climate change. As global temperatures continue to rise and extreme weather events become more frequent and intense, we recognise the urgent need to prioritise climate change preparedness. We understand that the consequences of climate change pose significant risks to our operations, the environment, and the communities we serve. As part of our commitment to comprehensive climate change preparedness, we have conducted a thorough climate scenario analysis. This analysis has allowed us to assess the potential impacts of different climate scenarios on our projects, operations, and supply chain. By integrating climate scenario analysis into our decision-making processes, we are better equipped to identify vulnerabilities, seize opportunities, and develop adaptive strategies that will ensure the long-term resilience and sustainability of our business. Below outline our policies in combating climate change.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

ESG Management Policy

We are committed to operating sustainably and fostering growth by maintaining and enhancing the Group's economic, environmental, human capital, social, and governance aspects in the long term. The Board emphasises that a robust governance framework is essential for integrating sustainability considerations into business strategies. Therefore, the Board has adopted this ESG (including climate) policy to outline the procedures for identifying, assessing, prioritising, overseeing, managing, monitoring, and communicating ESG-related risks.



This policy emphasises the Group's responsibilities in reducing emissions, addressing climate-related challenges, and integrating sustainability principles into our operations. We are dedicated to setting ambitious targets, diligently monitoring progress, and rigorously evaluating our performance to ensure continual improvement. Through effective information dissemination and transparent communication practices, we aim to engage stakeholders, enhance awareness, and foster a culture of sustainability across the organization.

Environmental and Natural Resources Management Policy

Our Board underscores the necessity for the Group to cohesively address the impacts on the environment, climate and natural resources coming from its operational activities. Therefore, our Board has embraced this Environmental and Natural Resources Management Policy to outline the policies and procedures that align with and support the overarching "Environmental, Social, and Governance Management Policy."



Our commitment to sustainability extends to comprehensive guidelines for managing environmental, climate, and natural resources aspects. This policy encompasses a robust framework for risk management and internal control concerning environmental, climate, and natural resources considerations. We understand the significance of proactively addressing operational activities that impact the environment and natural resources.

Within our construction, subcontractors, suppliers, customers, and office operations, we implement stringent measures to mitigate adverse impacts on the environment, climate and natural resources. Our approach involves identifying operating activities that either have or will impact these vital resources and taking decisive actions to manage and minimise these effects effectively.

Moreover, recognising the urgency of addressing climate-related challenges, we acknowledge the importance of identifying significant climate-related Issues that either have or will impact our operations. In response, we are committed to implementing strategic measures to manage and mitigate these issues. Our actions span across various levels within the organisation, ensuring that sustainability practices are integrated seamlessly into our day-to-day operations and decision-making processes.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Combating Climate Change

The Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)

TCFD has published the Guidance on Scenario Analysis for Non-financial Companies in 2020, calling for businesses to consider their strategic plans against a set of scenarios that covers a reasonable variety of future outcomes. Climate scenario analysis is a process for identifying and assessing the potential implications of a range of plausible future states under conditions of uncertainty.

We have made reference to the Representative Concentration Pathway (“**RCP**”) of Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (“**IPCC**”), as well as the scenarios of International Energy Agency (“**IEA**”). Since we performed a detailed scenario analysis in 2023, there was not any major business change or particular climate reason in this Reporting Period, we retained the same scenario analysis this Year.

Countermeasures

To mitigate the potential impacts of climate-related consequences, we have taken proactive measures to reduce their effects. We specifically targeting areas prone to wind and water erosion of bare soil to implement mulching and vegetation, and effectively minimised erosion risks. Furthermore, to address dust management, we have employed close-turfing and hydro-seeding techniques, ensuring a more controlled environment. To regulate the air currents and prevent dirt blowouts, we have strategically installed obstacles such as board fences, wind fences, and sediment fences throughout our properties. Additionally, we have undertaken tree planting initiatives and established perennial grasses to serve as wind barriers, contributing to the overall resilience of our sites. Through these proactive endeavours, we are actively working towards minimising the potential impacts of climate-related consequences and fostering a more sustainable approach to marine construction.

On the other hand, the Group has formulated a set of climate risk policy to address the climate transition risks. The ESG Working Group identifies, assesses and oversees the climate-related risks in collaboration with an external consultant. Audit Committee meeting is conducted at least twice annually to maintain the oversight of the climate risk management process. With regard to the carbon pricing scheme of Singapore, the Group is assessing the impact of the carbon pricing to the Group’s business operation in Singapore, and is prepared to enhance its data collection to facilitate the setting of an internal carbon price, so as to quantify its cost of emissions and set its key climate-related targets in line with the existing and expected regulatory requirements, market constraints and the Group financial goals.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Climate-related Opportunities

While the challenges posed by climate change are significant and multifaceted, they also present numerous opportunities for our Group to implement impactful changes.

From the scenario analysis performed by our third-party consultant last year, we have identified some opportunities such as the anticipated increase of number in construction projects.

With the effects of climate change becoming more pronounced, we anticipate a rise in the frequency of extreme sea level events and coastal flooding. This may lead to increased wave heights and loading on coastal infrastructure, resulting in greater damage and reduced lifespans for these structures. Therefore, this situation presents increased project opportunities due to the diminished lifespan of coastal infrastructure in Malaysia and Singapore.

Besides, for the market, in our operating regions, including Malaysia, there are public sector incentives available for green investments. Our Group can leverage these green incentives, such as the Green Investment Tax Allowance in Malaysia, which promotes the adoption of green technologies. This includes tax allowances for purchasing green technology assets and exemptions for providing green technology services, thereby enhancing our capacity for sustainable production.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

HKEX ESG REPORTING GUIDE INDEX

HKEx ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures & KPIs		Explanation/Reference Section
Aspect A: Environment		
A1 Emissions	<p>Information on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. <p>Note:</p> <p>Air emissions include NO_x, SO_x, and other pollutants regulated under national laws and regulations.</p> <p>Greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride.</p> <p>Hazardous wastes are those defined by national regulations.</p>	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Performance
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Performance
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Performance
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Performance
KPI A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Target Achievements
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Target Achievements

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

HKEx ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures & KPIs		Explanation/Reference Section
A2 Use of Resources	<p>Policies on efficient use of resources including energy, water and other raw materials.</p> <p>Note: Resources may be used in production, in storage, transportation, in buildings, electronic equipment, etc.</p>	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Performance
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Performance
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS – Environmental Target Achievements
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes), and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Not applicable, as our business operation in 2024 did not involve the use of packaging material.
A3 The Environment and Natural Resources	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	ECO-FRIENDLY OPERATIONS
A4 Climate Change	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	CLIMATE CHANGE PREPAREDNESS
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	CLIMATE CHANGE PREPAREDNESS

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

HKEx ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures & KPIs		Explanation/Reference Section
Aspect B: Social		
B1 Employment	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Employment Conditions, Fair and Diverse Workplace
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY
B2 Health and Safety	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Healthy and Safe Workplace
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Healthy and Safe Workplace
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Healthy and Safe Workplace
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Healthy and Safe Workplace

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

HKEx ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures & KPIs		Explanation/Reference Section
B3 Development and Training	<p>Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work.</p> <p>Description of training activities.</p> <p>Note: Training refers to vocational training. It may include internal and external courses paid by the employer.</p>	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Learning and Development
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Learning and Development
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Learning and Development
B4 Labour Standards	<p>Information on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Child and Forced Labour-free Workplace
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Child and Forced Labour-free Workplace
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	OUR EMPLOYEE AND PROSPERITY – Child and Forced Labour-free Workplace

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

HKEx ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures & KPIs		Explanation/Reference Section
B5 Supply Chain Management	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	VALUE CHAIN – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	VALUE CHAIN – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	VALUE CHAIN – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	VALUE CHAIN – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	VALUE CHAIN – Supply Chain Management
B6 Product Responsibility	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	VALUE CHAIN – Reliable Services
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Not applicable, as our business operation in 2024 did not involve selling or shipping of products.
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	VALUE CHAIN – Reliable Services
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	VALUE CHAIN – Reliable Services
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	VALUE CHAIN – Reliable Services
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	VALUE CHAIN – Reliable Services

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

HKEx ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures & KPIs		Explanation/Reference Section
B7 Anti-corruption	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	BUSINESS ETHICS
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	BUSINESS ETHICS
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	BUSINESS ETHICS
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	BUSINESS ETHICS
B8 Community Investment	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Independent Auditor's Report



Crowe Malaysia PLT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JBB BUILDERS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of JBB Builders International Limited ("**the Company**") and its subsidiaries ("**the Group**") set out on pages 129 to 206, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRSs**") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("**ISAs**") issued by the IASB. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "*Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements*" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("**IESBA Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Independent Auditor's Report

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

REVENUE FROM CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

Refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 2(q) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>The Group recorded revenue from construction services of approximately RM45,136,000 for the year ended 30 June 2024.</p> <p>The Group recognises revenue from construction services progressively over time using the cost-to-cost method based on the proportion of the actual total contract costs incurred at the end of the reporting period compared to the estimated total budgeted contract costs to complete the construction contract.</p> <p>The revenue recognition therefore relies on estimations of total budget contract costs which requires significant management estimations and judgments.</p> <p>We identified the revenue recognition from construction services as a key audit matter because it is significant to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and management judgment is needed in estimating total budgeted contract costs and the amount of revenue to be recognised by the Group.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to recognition of revenue from construction services mainly included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Testing and evaluating the effectiveness of the key internal controls in place on budget preparation and revenue recognition of the construction operations;• Evaluating the basis in determining the expected total costs to complete the contract. Checking the budgeted costs to complete the contract on a sample basis and evaluating the appropriateness of the key estimations and assumptions adopted by the management of the Company;• Checking to the key terms and conditions of construction contracts on a sample basis, and assessing whether they had been appropriately reflected in the estimation of total budgeted contract costs;• Checking construction costs incurred during the year by tracing to supporting documentation on a sample basis;• Performing recalculation of revenue recognised from construction services on a sample basis; and• Assessing the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements with reference to the requirements of the IFRS 15.

Independent Auditor's Report

RECOVERABILITY OF TRADE RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS

Refer to Note 17 and Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 2(i) (i), Note 2(j) and Note 2(r) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Trade receivables and contract assets of the Group carried at approximately RM81,175,000 and RM32,720,000 respectively as at 30 June 2024.	Our procedures in relation to the loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets mainly included:
The Group measures loss allowance on trade receivables and contract assets at amounts equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Expected credit losses ("ECL") on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix which involved significant management judgement in estimating expected loss rate based on historical credit loss experience, adjusting factors that are specific to the debtors and assessment of both current and forecasted general economic conditions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Obtaining an understanding of how the management assess the ECL of trade receivables and contract assets;• Testing the mathematical accuracy of the ECL model on trade receivables and contract assets prepared by the management;• Testing whether items in the ageing report were categorised appropriately on a sample basis;
We identified impairment assessment of trade receivables and contract assets as a key audit matter because of the significance of the Group's trade receivables and contract assets balances to the consolidated financial statements, combined with the significant degree of estimations by the management of the Company in estimating of ECL of trade receivables and contract assets which may affect their carrying values at the end of the reporting period.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assessing the reasonableness of the ECL by testing the accuracy of the historical default rate and examining the reasonableness of the forward looking information used by the management; and• Assessing the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements with reference to the requirements of the IFRS 9.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Independent Auditor's Report

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to members of the Group, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Piong Yew Peng.

Crowe Malaysia PLT

Chartered Accountants

Malaysia, 26 September 2024

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2024
(Expressed in Malaysian Ringgit)

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Revenue	5	329,330	217,776
Direct costs		(320,998)	(205,491)
Gross profit		8,332	12,285
Other revenue	6	5,845	3,265
Other net income/(loss)	6	474	(275)
Reversal/(allowance) for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets	7(c)	5,736	(5,785)
General and administrative expenses		(16,177)	(14,883)
Profit/(loss) from operations		4,210	(5,393)
Share of loss of a joint venture		(21)	(93)
Finance costs	7(a)	(963)	(1,436)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	7	3,226	(6,922)
Income tax expenses	11	(832)	(1,291)
Profit/(loss) for the year		2,394	(8,213)
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Currency translation differences		629	3,781
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year		3,023	(4,432)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		2,994	(8,226)
Non-controlling interests		(600)	13
		2,394	(8,213)
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		3,623	(4,445)
Non-controlling interests		(600)	13
		3,023	(4,432)
Earnings/(loss) per share (Sen per share)			
– Basic	12	0.60	(1.65)
– Diluted	12	0.60	(1.65)

The notes on pages 135 to 206 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2024

(Expressed in Malaysian Ringgit)

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	1,337	889
Investment properties	14	2,200	2,200
Interest in a joint venture	15	243	264
Deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	16(a)	42,710	56,423
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		–	92
Deposits placed for life insurance policies	16(b)	1,038	1,022
Deferred tax assets	24(b)	26	38
		<u>47,554</u>	<u>60,928</u>
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	17	92,419	50,742
Contract assets	18(a)	32,720	12,907
Tax recoverable	24(a)	1,911	1,592
Fixed deposits with maturity over three months	19(a)	–	5,424
Pledged bank deposits	19(b)	8,109	9,769
Cash and cash equivalents	20(a)	94,095	77,505
		<u>229,254</u>	<u>157,939</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	21	123,355	70,030
Contract liabilities	18(b)	5,113	–
Bank loans	22	4,118	3,769
Lease liabilities	23	258	262
Provision for taxation	24(a)	810	928
		<u>133,654</u>	<u>74,989</u>
Net current assets		<u>95,600</u>	<u>82,950</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>143,154</u>	<u>143,878</u>

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2024
(Expressed in Malaysian Ringgit)

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Non-current liabilities			
Bank loans	22	6,340	10,412
Lease liabilities	23	463	138
Deferred tax liabilities	24(b)	—*	—*
		<u>6,803</u>	<u>10,550</u>
Net assets		<u>136,351</u>	<u>133,328</u>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	25(b)	2,672	2,672
Reserves		<u>126,477</u>	<u>122,854</u>
Total equity attributable to equity owners of the Company		<u>129,149</u>	<u>125,526</u>
Non-controlling interests		<u>7,202</u>	<u>7,802</u>
		<u>136,351</u>	<u>133,328</u>

* The amount represents an amount less than RM1,000.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 September 2024

Ng Say Piyu
Chairman and Executive Director

Lam Fung Eng
Executive Director

The notes on pages 135 to 206 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2024
(Expressed in Malaysian Ringgit)

	Attributable to equity owners of the Company						Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Share premium	Merger reserve	Exchange reserve	Retained profits	Total		
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 July 2022	2,672	71,999	6,316	3,153	45,831	129,971	9,289	139,260
Changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2023:								
(Loss)/profit for the year	-	-	-	-	(8,226)	(8,226)	13	(8,213)
Other comprehensive income for the year								
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	3,781	-	3,781	-	3,781
Total comprehensive (expenses)/income for the year	-	-	-	3,781	(8,226)	(4,445)	13	(4,432)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,500)	(1,500)
At 30 June 2023	<u>2,672</u>	<u>71,999*</u>	<u>6,316*</u>	<u>6,934*</u>	<u>37,605*</u>	<u>125,526</u>	<u>7,802</u>	<u>133,328</u>
At 1 July 2023	2,672	71,999	6,316	6,934	37,605	125,526	7,802	133,328
Changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2024:								
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	2,994	2,994	(600)	2,394
Other comprehensive income for the year								
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	629	-	629	-	629
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year	-	-	-	629	2,994	3,623	(600)	3,023
At 30 June 2024	<u>2,672</u>	<u>71,999*</u>	<u>6,316*</u>	<u>7,563*</u>	<u>40,599*</u>	<u>129,149</u>	<u>7,202</u>	<u>136,351</u>

* These reserve accounts comprise consolidated reserves of approximately RM126,477,000 (2023: RM122,854,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The notes on pages 135 to 206 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2024
(Expressed in Malaysian Ringgit)

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Operating activities			
Profit/(loss) before taxation		3,226	(6,922)
Adjustments for:			
(Reversal)/allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets	7(c)	(5,736)	5,785
Depreciation	7(c)	495	496
(Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7(c)	(14)	(4)
(Gain) on disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	7(c)	(314)	–
(Reversal)/allowance for impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	7(c)	(181)	33
(Gain) on deposits placed for life insurance policies	7(c)	(16)	(17)
Share of loss of a joint venture		21	93
Interest expenses	7(a)	963	1,436
Interest income	6	(2,417)	(2,056)
Imputed interest income on contract assets	6	(516)	(977)
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital		(4,489)	(2,133)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		(34,224)	45,264
(Increase)/decrease in contract assets		(19,927)	14,631
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payable		54,837	(69,223)
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities		5,113	(1,872)
Cash from/(used in) operations		1,310	(13,333)
Income tax paid		(1,268)	(1,680)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		42	(15,013)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2024
(Expressed in Malaysian Ringgit)

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Investing activities			
Proceeds on disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties		11,683	–
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		–	(98)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		14	4
Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment		(226)	(78)
Interest received		2,417	2,056
Withdrawal/(placement) of deposits with maturity over three months		5,424	(125)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits		1,660	2,792
Net cash generated from investing activities		20,972	4,551
Financing activities			
Proceeds from bank borrowings		–	3,718
Repayment of bank borrowings		(3,723)	(3,186)
Interest on bank borrowings		(865)	(993)
Capital element of lease rentals paid		(304)	(292)
Interest element on lease rental paid		(27)	(21)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders		–	(1,500)
Net cash used in financing activities		(4,919)	(2,274)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		16,095	(12,736)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		77,505	85,919
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		495	4,322
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	20(a)	94,095	77,505

The notes on pages 135 to 206 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liabilities on 30 April 2018 under the Companies Law (Cap. 22) (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information of the annual report.

The ordinary shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) on 10 May 2019 (the “**Listing**”).

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 28. As at 30 June 2024, the directors of the Company consider that the Company is ultimately controlled by Dato’ Ng Say Piyu and Datin Ngooi Leng Swee (the “**Controlling Shareholders**”), who have entered into a confirmatory deed on 16 May 2018.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRSs**”), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards (“**IASs**”) and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“**IASB**”) and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. Material accounting policy information adopted by the Group is disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and amendments to IFRSs which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from the initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “**Group**”) and the Group’s interest in a joint venture.

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “**functional currency**”). The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollars (“**HK\$**”) and the consolidated financial statements are presented in Malaysian Ringgit (“**RM**”), rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated, as the Group’s principal activities were carried out in Malaysia and Singapore in which the management uses RM to control and monitor the performance and financial position of the Group.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the investment properties, including interests in leasehold land and buildings held as investment properties where the Group is the registered owner of the property interest (see Note 2(g)), are stated at their fair value.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

The deposits placed for life insurance policies are carried at the cash surrender value of the policies.

Other than changes in accounting policies resulting from the application of new and amendments to IFRSs, the accounting policies and methods computation used in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 are the same as those presented in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and key sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 4.

(c) Business combinations

(i) *Business combinations involving entities under common control*

A business combination involving entities under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory. The assets and liabilities of the entities being combined are measured at their carrying amounts as recorded by the entities being combined at the combination date. The difference between the carrying amount of the net assets obtained and the amount of consideration paid for the combination (or the total face value of shares issued) is adjusted to equity. The combination date is the date on which one combining entity effectively obtains control of the other combining entities.

(ii) *Business combinations involving entities not under common control*

A business combination involving entities not under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities are not ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination. The acquirer, at the acquisition date, allocates the cost of the business combination by recognising the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at their fair value at that date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(i)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(e) Joint venture

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or the Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year and the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method, together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture, after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group ceases to have joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

The following items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (Note 2(i)(ii)):

- interests in leasehold land and buildings where the Group is the registered owner of the property interest (Note 2(h));

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(f) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

- right-of-use assets arising from leases over leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest (Note 2(h)); and
- items of plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment (Note 2(h)).

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Other properties leased for own use	Over the terms of the leases
Leasehold improvements	40%
Plant and machinery	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Furniture, fittings and equipment	10% to 20%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

(g) Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(h) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (Notes 2(f) and 2(i)(ii)), except for the following types of right-of-use asset:

- right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with Note 2(g); and
- right-of-use assets related to leasehold land and buildings where the Group is the registered owner of the leasehold interest are carried at cost in accordance with Note 2(f).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(h) Leased assets (Continued)

(i) As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("**lease modification**") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and met the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of IFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the Group has taken advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as negative variable lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in property, plant and equipment, the same line item within which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned, and presents lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with Note 2(q)(v).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in Note 2(h)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Credit loss and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and trade and other receivables); and
- contract assets as defined in IFRS 15 (see Note 2(r)).

Other financial assets measured at fair value, including equity securities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and equity securities designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) (non-recycling), are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (that is, the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof; and
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Credit loss and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecasted general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecasted changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Credit loss and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with Note 2(q)(iv) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (that is, the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Credit loss and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) *Impairment of non-financial assets*

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties;
- deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

- Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (that is, a cash-generating unit).

- Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

- Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(j) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see Note 2(r)).

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less an allowance for credit losses (see Note 2(i)(i)).

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses (ECLs) in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(i)(i).

(l) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(m) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see Note 2(t)).

(n) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(o) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided that those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future or, in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(g), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(o) Income tax (Continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(p) Provisions, contingent liabilities and onerous contracts

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(p) Provisions, contingent liabilities and onerous contracts (Continued)

(ii) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract exists when the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the net cost of continuing with the contract. The cost of fulfilling the contract includes both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract.

(q) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Construction contracts

When the outcome of a construction contract can be reasonably measured, revenue from the contract is recognised over time during the construction process using the cost-to-cost method, that is, based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs to provide a faithful depiction of the transfer of those services.

The likelihood of the Group earning contractual bonuses for early completion or suffering contractual penalties for late completion are taken into account in making these estimates, such that revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The Group applies the most likely amount approach to estimate such variable consideration by considering the single most likely amount in a limited range of possible consideration amounts, taking into account the Group's current progress and future performance expectations compared to the agreed completion timeline.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable to be recovered.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(q) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(i) Construction contracts (Continued)

The Group's construction contracts include payment schedules which require stage payments over the construction period once milestones are reached and progress certificate was issued by customer. The Group also typically agrees to a retention period of 12 to 24 months for 5% to 10% of the contract value which the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional on the Group's work satisfactorily passing inspection. To the extent that the difference in timing arises for reasons other than the provision of finance, no financing component is deemed to exist. Otherwise, the Group has taken advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

If at any time the costs to complete the contract are estimated to exceed the remaining amount of the consideration under the contract, then a provision is recognised in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(p)(ii).

(ii) Marine transportation services

Revenue is recognised upon the transportation services have been provided to customers.

(iii) Sales of goods and trading of marine gas oil

Revenue is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see Note 2(i)(i)).

(v) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(r) Construction contracts

(i) *Contract assets and contract liabilities*

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see Note 2(q)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(i)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see Note 2(j)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see Note 2(q)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see Note 2(j)).

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see Note 2(q)(iv)).

(ii) *Contract costs*

Contract costs are either the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer or the costs to fulfil a contract with a customer which are not capitalised as inventory, property, plant and equipment or intangible assets.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained, for example, an incremental sales commission. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered. Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract (for example, payments to sub-contractors). Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory, property, plant and equipment or intangible assets, are expensed as incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(r) Construction contracts (Continued)

(ii) Contract costs (Continued)

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

Amortisation of capitalised contract costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is set out in note 2(q)(i).

(s) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Group initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"). The results of companies comprising the Group are translated into RM at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Consolidated statement of financial position items are translated into RM at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(u) Related parties

- a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a Group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's board of directors (the chief operating decision maker) for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

(w) Deposits placed for life insurance policies

The Group acquired key management insurance policies, which includes both investment and insurance elements. The life insurance policies are initially recognised at the amount of premium paid, and subsequently measured at each financial year end at its cash surrender value. Changes to the cash surrender value at each financial year end will be recognised in profit or loss as a gain or loss on deposits. In the event of death of the insured person, the surrender of the policies, or the policies matured, the deposits will be derecognised and any resulting gains or losses will be recognised in profit or loss.

(x) Financial assets

Financial assets at FVTPL is initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Financial assets (Continued)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the “other net income/(loss)” line item.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”)

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB for the first time in the current year:

IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
Amendments to IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
Amendments to IAS 12	International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules
Amendments to IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts
Amendment to IFRS 17	Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – Comparative Information

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”) (CONTINUED)

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”

IAS 1 is amended to replace all instances of the term “significant accounting policies” with “material accounting policy information”. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity’s financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements (the “**Practice Statement**”) is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the “four-step materiality process” to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group but may affect the disclosures of the Group’s significant accounting policies.

Except for the above, the application of the new and amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The Group’s financial position and results of operations are sensitive to accounting methods, assumptions and estimates that underlie the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Management bases the assumptions and estimates on historical experience and on other factors that the management believes to be reasonable and which form the basis for making judgments about matters that are not readily apparent from other sources. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates. Actual results may differ from those estimates as facts, circumstances and conditions change.

The selection of material accounting policy information, the judgments and other uncertainties affecting the application of those policies and the sensitivity of reporting results to changes in conditions and assumptions are factors to be considered when reviewing the consolidated financial statements. The material accounting policy information are set out in Note 2 above. Management believes the following significant accounting policies involve the most significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

(i) *Revenue recognition from construction contracts*

As explained in accounting policy Note 2(q)(i), revenue from construction contracts is recognised over time. Such revenue and profit recognition on uncompleted projects is dependent on estimating the total budgeted contract costs of the contract, as well as the contract costs incurred to date. The actual outcomes in terms of total costs may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in the future years as an adjustment to the amounts recorded to date.

(ii) *Provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables and contract assets*

Trade receivables and contract assets are reviewed by management at the end of each reporting period to determine the expected credit losses. Expected credit losses on trade receivables and contract assets are estimated using a provision matrix which involved significant management judgement in estimating expected loss rate based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and assessments of both current and forecasted general economic conditions. Credit risk assessments focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability and willingness to pay, taking into account the financial position of the customers and the macroeconomic environment in which the customers operate.

The assessment of the credit risk involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected or more than expected, a material provision of expected credit losses or a material reversal of provision of expected credit losses may arise.

(iii) *Impairment of non-current assets*

If circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable, the asset may be considered "impaired", and an impairment loss may be recognised in accordance with accounting policy for impairment of assets as described in Note 2(i)(ii). The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed and tested for impairment, where applicable, periodically or whenever the events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In determining the value in use, expected future cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to the level of revenue and amount of operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying value of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or reversal of impairment in future periods, where applicable.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(iv) Determining the lease term

As explained in policy Note 2(h), a lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term. In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. Any increase or decrease in the lease term would affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised in future years.

Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Recognition of income taxes and deferred tax assets

Determining income tax provision involves judgment on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. Management evaluates tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatments of such transactions are reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in tax legislation. Deferred tax assets are recognised in respect of deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits. As those deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised, management's judgment is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management's assessment is revised as necessary and additional deferred tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of marine construction services, building and infrastructure services, and trading business of marine gas oil.

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or services lines is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
<i>Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of IFRS 15</i>		
Construction contracts		
– Reclamation and related works	26,927	10,012
– Building and infrastructure	18,209	16,698
	45,136	26,710
Marine transportation	281,882	173,611
	327,018	200,321
<i>Revenue from other source</i>		
Marine gas oil	2,312	17,455
	329,330	217,776

Revenue from construction contracts is recognised over time, while revenue from marine transportation and marine gas oil are recognised at a point in time.

As at 30 June 2024, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations under the Group's existing contracts is approximately RM919,162,000 (2023: RM772,219,000). This amount represents revenue expected to be recognised in future from construction contracts and marine transportation contracts entered into between the customers and the Group. The Group will recognise the expected revenue in future when or as the work is completed, which is expected to be during the years ending 30 June 2025 to 30 June 2028.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting

IFRS 8 Operating Segments requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the board of directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker (the “**CODM**”), for the purpose of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance.

For management purpose, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable segments as follows:

Marine construction services

- Reclamation and related works, which includes land reclamation and other marine civil works. Reclamation may involve soil investigation, hydrographic survey, pre-reclamation design, sand handling/filling, ground treatment, sand surcharge removal work and other related works. Marine civil works generally include construction of jetty, channel-crossing works, maintenance dredging and river diversion.
- Marine transportation, which involves transportation of marine sand and the filling material normally used in land reclamation, including the loading of marine sand extracted from the approved sand source onto sand carriers and carriage and delivery of marine sand to designated sites where the marine sand is unloaded to be used for land reclamation.

Building and infrastructure services

- General building works in construction of properties and infrastructure works.

Trading business of marine gas oil

- The trading of marine gas oil.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group’s accounting policies described in Note 2. Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit/(loss) earned by each segment without allocation of central administrative and corporate expenses, unallocated other revenue and other net income/(loss), finance costs and share of loss of a joint venture. This is the measure reported to the CODM, for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

No segment assets and liabilities are presented as they were not regularly provided to the CODM for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment.

Information regarding the above segments is reported below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Marine construction				
	Reclamation and related works RM'000	Marine transportation RM'000	Building and infrastructure RM'000	Marine gas oil RM'000	Total RM'000
Reportable segment revenue	<u>26,927</u>	<u>281,882</u>	<u>18,209</u>	<u>2,312</u>	<u>329,330</u>
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	<u>8,535</u>	<u>6,943</u>	<u>(980)</u>	<u>193</u>	14,691
Unallocated central administrative and corporate expenses					(12,882)
Unallocated other revenue and other net income					2,401
Finance costs					(963)
Share of loss of a joint venture					(21)
Profit before taxation					<u>3,226</u>
Other segment information					
Depreciation	170	16	-	-	186
(Reversal)/allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets	(4,938)	(974)	181	(5)	(5,736)
(Gain) on disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	(175)	-	(139)	-	(314)
(Reversal) for impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	(48)	-	(133)	-	(181)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments (Continued):

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Marine construction				Elimination of	
	Reclamation and related works RM'000	Marine transportation RM'000	Building and infrastructure RM'000	Marine gas oil RM'000	inter-segment revenue RM'000	Total RM'000
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	10,012	173,611	16,698	17,455	–	217,776
Inter-segment revenue	1,018	–	–	–	(1,018)	–
Reportable segment revenue	<u>11,030</u>	<u>173,611</u>	<u>16,698</u>	<u>17,455</u>	<u>(1,018)</u>	<u>217,776</u>
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	<u>(6,865)</u>	<u>4,257</u>	<u>6,578</u>	<u>1,023</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>4,993</u>
Unallocated central administrative and corporate expenses						(12,428)
Unallocated other revenue and other net loss						2,042
Finance costs						(1,436)
Share of loss of a joint venture						(93)
Loss before taxation						<u>(6,922)</u>
Other segment information						
Depreciation	228	3	–	–	–	231
Allowance/(reversal) for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets	7,912	888	(2,940)	(75)	–	5,785
Impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>33</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

The following is an analysis of geographical location of (a) the Group's revenue from external customers; and (b) the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties, deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment, deposits placed for life insurance policies and interest in a joint venture. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of property, plant and equipment, investment properties, deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties, deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and deposits placed for life insurance policies are based on the physical location of the asset under consideration. In the case of interest in a joint venture, it is the location of operations of such joint venture.

(a) Revenue from external customers

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Malaysia (place of domicile)	45,136	33,288
Singapore	284,194	184,488
	<u>329,330</u>	<u>217,776</u>

(b) Non-current assets

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Malaysia	47,386	60,717
Singapore	62	9
Hong Kong	80	164
	<u>47,528</u>	<u>60,890</u>

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers contributing individually 10% or more of the Group's revenue is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Customer i ¹	281,882	168,761

¹ Revenue from the Group's marine construction services – marine transportation services.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

6. OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET INCOME/(LOSS)

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Other revenue		
Handling service fee on provision of marine transportation services	2,831	–
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	2,417	2,056
Imputed interest income on contract assets	516	977
Handling service fee on provision of diesel	74	4
Others	7	228
	<u>5,845</u>	<u>3,265</u>
Other net income/(loss)		
Gain on disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	314	–
Reversal/(allowance) for impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	181	(33)
Gain on deposits placed for life insurance policies	16	17
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	14	4
Net foreign exchange loss	(51)	(263)
	<u>474</u>	<u>(275)</u>

7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(a) Finance costs

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Interest on bank loans	865	1,083
Imputed interest on contract assets	71	332
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 13)	27	21
	<u>963</u>	<u>1,436</u>
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting) (Continued):

(b) Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Salaries, wages and other benefits	9,636	8,417
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan	891	754
	<u>10,527</u>	<u>9,171</u>
Less: Amount included in direct costs	(941)	(915)
	<u>9,586</u>	<u>8,256</u>

(c) Other items

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Depreciation charge (Note 13)		
– owned property, plant and equipment	371	387
– right-of-use assets	124	109
	<u>495</u>	<u>496</u>
Less: Amount included in direct costs	(4)	(2)
	<u>491</u>	<u>494</u>
Short-term lease expenses (Note 13)	939	395
Less: Amount included in direct costs	(738)	(189)
	<u>201</u>	<u>206</u>
(Reversal)/allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets	(5,736)	5,785
Auditors' remuneration	396	392
(Gain) on disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	(314)	–
(Reversal)/allowance for impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	(181)	33
(Gain) on deposits placed for life insurance policies	(16)	(17)
(Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(14)	(4)
Net foreign exchange loss	51	263

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

8. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Directors' fees RM'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RM'000	Discretionary bonus RM'000	Contributions to defined contribution plan RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive directors					
Dato' Ng Say Piyu (<i>Chairman</i>)	72	432	36	56	596
Mr. Lam Fung Eng	72	261	50	37	420
Mr. Ng Chong Boon	72	261	50	37	420
Non-executive director					
Datin Ngooi Leng Swee	72	-	-	-	72
Independent non-executive directors					
Mr. Tai Lam Shin	72	-	-	-	72
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan	72	-	-	-	72
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold	72	-	-	-	72
	<u>504</u>	<u>954</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>1,724</u>

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Directors' fees RM'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RM'000	Discretionary bonus RM'000	Contributions to defined contribution plan RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive directors					
Dato' Ng Say Piyu (<i>Chairman</i>)	69	432	-	52	553
Mr. Lam Fung Eng	69	216	45	31	361
Mr. Ng Chong Boon	69	216	45	31	361
Non-executive director					
Datin Ngooi Leng Swee	69	-	-	-	69
Independent non-executive directors					
Mr. Tai Lam Shin	69	-	-	-	69
Ms. Chan Pui Kwan	69	-	-	-	69
Mr. Chan Tsun Choi, Arnold	69	-	-	-	69
	<u>483</u>	<u>864</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>114</u>	<u>1,551</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

8. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (i) The emoluments of executive directors of the Company shown above were for their services as directors of the Company and its subsidiaries. The emoluments of the non-executive director and independent non-executive directors of the Company were for their services as directors of the Company.
- (ii) No director received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023. No director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.
- (iii) Executive and non-executive directors of the Company are entitled to discretionary bonus payments which are determined with reference to the operating results of the Group, salaries paid by comparable companies and individual performance of the director.
- (iv) The Company has no position as the chief executive officer. The day-to-day management of the Group's business is handled by the executive directors of the Company and senior management collectively.

9. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, 3 (2023: 3) are directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments of the remaining 2 (2023: 2) individuals are as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,181	1,021
Discretionary bonus	281	241
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan	73	70
	<u>1,535</u>	<u>1,332</u>

The emoluments of the 2 (2023: 2) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

	2024 Number of individuals	2023 Number of individuals
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	–	–
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

No emoluments were paid or payable by the Group to these employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

10. DIVIDENDS

The board of directors of the Company does not recommend to declare any final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

11. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Current tax		
Malaysia corporate income tax	10	14
Singapore corporate income tax	954	882
Withholding tax on payment made to a non-resident in Malaysia	—	115
	<u>964</u>	<u>1,011</u>
Over provision in prior years	(143)	(57)
Deferred tax (Note 24(b))		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	11	337
	<u>11</u>	<u>337</u>
Income tax expenses for the year	<u>832</u>	<u>1,291</u>

- (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.
- (ii) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits derived from or earned in Hong Kong during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.
- (iii) Corporate income tax in Malaysia is calculated at the statutory rate of 24% of the estimated taxable profit for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.
- (iv) Corporate income tax in Singapore is calculated at the statutory rate of 17% of the estimated taxable profit for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023. 75% of the chargeable income of first Singapore dollars ("SGD") 10,000 and 50% of the chargeable income of next SGD190,000 are exempted under Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore's partial tax exemption scheme for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.
- (v) Withholding tax on payment made to a non-resident in Malaysia is calculated at the statutory rate of 15% of the payment made for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

11. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expenses and accounting profit/(loss) at applicable tax rates:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Profit/(loss) before taxation	<u>3,226</u>	<u>(6,922)</u>
Notional tax on profit/(loss) before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to the profit/(loss) in the countries concerned	453	(2,049)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	896	1,479
Tax effect on non-taxable income	(337)	(646)
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	1,517	1,305
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(183)	(68)
Tax effect of tax exemptions	(61)	(60)
Over provision in prior years	(143)	(57)
Withholding tax on payment made to a non-resident in Malaysia	-	115
Others	<u>(1,310)</u>	<u>1,272</u>
	<u>832</u>	<u>1,291</u>

12. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RM2,994,000 (2023: loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RM8,226,000) and the weighted average of 500,000,000 ordinary shares (2023: 500,000,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year ended 30 June 2024.

(b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

The diluted earnings/(loss) per share is the same as the basic earnings/(loss) per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Other properties leased for own use RM'000	Leasehold improvements RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost:						
At 1 July 2022	297	464	24,479	2,581	1,900	29,721
Exchange realignments	10	–	–	–	2	12
Additions	167	26	–	–	52	245
Transfers	–	–	–	–	195	195
Disposals	(166)	–	–	(99)	–	(265)
At 30 June 2023	308	490	24,479	2,482	2,149	29,908
At 1 July 2023	308	490	24,479	2,482	2,149	29,908
Exchange realignments	2	–	–	1	–	3
Additions	163	–	–	543	143	849
Transfers	–	–	–	–	92	92
Disposals	(140)	–	–	(206)	–	(346)
At 30 June 2024	333	490	24,479	2,820	2,384	30,506
Accumulated depreciation:						
At 1 July 2022	170	322	24,441	2,464	1,382	28,779
Exchange realignments	8	–	–	–	1	9
Depreciation for the year	109	93	8	80	206	496
Disposals	(166)	–	–	(99)	–	(265)
At 30 June 2023	121	415	24,449	2,445	1,589	29,019
At 1 July 2023	121	415	24,449	2,445	1,589	29,019
Exchange realignments	1	–	–	–	–	1
Depreciation for the year	124	56	8	91	216	495
Disposals	(140)	–	–	(206)	–	(346)
At 30 June 2024	106	471	24,457	2,330	1,805	29,169
Carrying amount:						
At 30 June 2024	227	19	22	490	579	1,337
At 30 June 2023	187	75	30	37	560	889

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the carrying amount of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Other properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost	227	187
Motor vehicles, carried at depreciated cost	451	28
	<u>678</u>	<u>215</u>

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset:		
Other properties leased for own use	124	109
Motor vehicles	71	63
	<u>195</u>	<u>172</u>
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 7(a))	27	21
Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending within 12 months after the end of reporting period (Note 7(c))	939	395

The total cash outflow for leases during the year ended 30 June 2024 was RM1,270,000 (2023: RM708,000).

During the year ended 30 June 2024, additions to right-of-use assets were approximately RM623,000 (2023: RM167,000). This amount Included the purchase of two (2023: nil) motor vehicles of approximately RM460,000 (2023:nil), and the remainder primarily related to the capitalised lease payments payable under 2 (2023: 1) new tenancy agreements.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for office premises, staff quarters, motor vehicles, machineries and space for parking. As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of leases for which the short-term leases expense was recognised during the year.

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is set out in Note 23.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

(i) Other properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its office premises through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period ranging from 2 to 3 years.

Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities.

(ii) Other leases

The Group leases office premises, staff quarters, motor vehicles, machineries and space for parking under leases expiring from 1 to 12 months. Some leases include an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated, while some include an option to purchase the leased equipment at the end of the lease term at a price deemed to be a bargain purchase option. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

RM'000

At 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2024

2,200

Fair value measurement of properties

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs that is, unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date;

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs that is, observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available; and
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

	Fair value at 30 June 2024 and 2023 RM'000	Fair value measurements as at 30 June 2024 and 2023 categorised into		
		Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000
Recurring fair value measurement				
Investment properties:				
– Commercial – Malaysia	<u>2,200</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>2,200</u>	<u>–</u>

During the year ended 30 June 2024, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2023: nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

All of the Group's investment properties were revalued as at 30 June 2024 and 2023. The valuations were carried out by an independent firm, Knight Frank Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. (2023: CBRE WTW Valuation & Advisory Sdn. Bhd.), who have among their staff valuers registered with The Board of Valuers, Appraisers, Estate Agents and Property Managers, Malaysia, with recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The Group's management have discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed.

(ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of investment properties located in Malaysia is determined using market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square foot basis, adjusted to reflect the locations and conditions of the subject properties, using market data which is publicly available.

As at 30 June 2024, all investment properties have been pledged to a bank as security for bank facilities granted to the Group (2023: all).

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15. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Cost of investment in an unlisted joint venture	450	450
Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive loss, net of dividends received	(207)	(186)
	<u>243</u>	<u>264</u>

The joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

The followings are the particulars of a joint venture which is an unlisted corporate entity whose quoted market price is not available:

Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Class of shares held	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Percentage of			Principal activity
				Ownership interest	Voting power	Profit sharing	
JBB Kimlun Sdn. Bhd. ("JBB Kimlun")	Malaysia	Ordinary	RM750,000	60%	50%	60%	Building construction

JBB Kimlun was incorporated on 2 May 2017 and the Group's interest in this joint venture is held indirectly by the Company. The Group, together with its joint venture partner, intend to carry out general building construction services.

Pursuant to a shareholders' agreement dated 3 May 2017 and its supplemental agreements dated 9 May 2017, 16 May 2017 and 31 March 2019 respectively entered into between the Group and the joint venture partner (the "**Parties**"), decisions about the relevant activities of JBB Kimlun require the unanimous consent of the Parties. As such, the interest of the Group in JBB Kimlun is considered to be a joint venture despite that the Group holds more than half of the equity interest therein.

Information of joint venture, JBB Kimlun, that is not individually material:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in this joint venture	<u>243</u>	<u>264</u>
The Group's share of (loss) for the year	(21)	(93)
The Group's share of other comprehensive income	—	—
The Group's share of total comprehensive (expenses)	<u>(21)</u>	<u>(93)</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

16. DEPOSITS

(a) Deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties

- (i) During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group disposed 5 properties located in the area of Mukim of Plentong, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia and 8 properties located in the area of Mukim of Tebrau, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia to 13 independent third parties to the Group, amounted to approximately RM13,029,000 in aggregate.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group entered into a contra agreement with Kimlun Sdn. Bhd., a connected party at subsidiary level, pursuant to which trade payables due to Kimlun Sdn. Bhd. by the Group with total amount of approximately RM1,180,000 are deemed to be settled by the assignment of a property beneficially owned by the Group under a deed of settlement dated 19 February 2020. Such transaction constitutes connected transaction as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, such transaction is fully exempt from all disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as (i) the transaction is conducted on normal commercial terms or better; and (ii) the transaction is de minimis under Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.

A net gain on disposal (including reversal for impairment loss provided in earlier years) of approximately RM495,000 was recognised and the carrying amount of the deposits paid for the abovementioned properties amounted to approximately RM13,714,000 was derecognised during the year ended 30 June 2024.

- (ii) During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group entered into 2 sales and purchase agreements to dispose 2 properties located in the area of Mukim of Plentong, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia to 2 independent third parties to the Group, amounted to approximately RM4,580,000 in aggregate, conditional upon obtaining the foreign consent from the State Authority of Johor given that the purchasers are the foreigners of Malaysia. The carrying amount of the deposits paid for the abovementioned properties amounted to approximately RM4,207,000 was included in the balances as at 30 June 2024. Such balances will be derecognised upon obtaining each of the respective foreign consent.
- (iii) During the year ended 30 June 2023, upon the completion of major transaction pursuant to the master supplemental agreement entered into with a customer ("**Customer A**") and a related party of Customer A ("**Party B**"), both independent third parties to the Group, in relation to the settlement transactions (reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 22 June 2022, 15 July 2022, 30 August 2022, 5 October 2022, 12 October 2022 and 13 April 2023, and the circular of the Company dated 19 July 2022 ("**Publications in relation to Major Transaction**")), trade receivables of approximately RM41,620,000 are deemed to be settled by the assignment of 19 properties to the Group and 1 property to a Group's nominee ("**Subcontractor A**") with the properties located in the area of Mukim of Plentong, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia of approximately RM41,620,000 in aggregate owned by Party B.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

16. DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

(a) Deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties (Continued)

(iii) (Continued)

In relation to the assignment of 1 property to Subcontractor A as abovementioned, the Group entered into a deed of settlement with Subcontractor A, pursuant to which trade payables due to Subcontractor A by the Group with a total amount of approximately RM1,993,000 are deemed to be settled by the assignment of such property of approximately RM1,993,000 from Party B to Subcontractor A.

The legal titles of the properties had not been transferred to the Group as at 30 June 2023. Accordingly, trade receivables of approximately RM41,620,000 and trade payables of approximately RM1,993,000 were derecognised, and deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM39,627,000 were recognised as non-current assets until the title of the properties are transferred.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, reversal for impairment loss on deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM181,000 (2023: impairment loss of approximately RM33,000) has been recognised. The valuations of recoverable amount of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties as at 30 June 2024 and 2023 were carried out by independent firms, who have among their valuers registered with The Board of Valuers, Appraisers, Estate Agents and Property Managers, Malaysia, with recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The recoverable amount of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties located in Malaysia is determined using market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square foot basis, adjusted to reflect the locations and conditions of the subject properties, using market data which is publicly available.

As at 30 June 2024, the amount of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties represents the consideration paid for the acquisition of 41 (2023: 55) investment properties in Malaysia. As the legal titles in respect of those investment properties had not been vested in the Group as of the end of each reporting period, the payments made were accounted as deposits paid.

	2024		2023	
	No.	RM'000	No.	RM'000
At 1 July	55	56,423	36	16,829
Additions	—	—	19	39,627
Disposals	(14)	(13,713)	—	—
Impairment loss	N/A	—	N/A	(33)
At 30 June	41	42,710	55	56,423

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

16. DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

(a) Deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties (Continued)

Name of valuer	Location of properties	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Knight Frank Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. (2023: CBRE WTW Valuation & Advisory Sdn. Bhd.)	In the area of Mukim of Pengerang and Mukim of Pantai Timur, Kota Tinggi, Johor, Malaysia	13,918	14,818
KGV International Property Consultant (Johor) Sdn. Bhd.	In the area of Mukim of Tebrau, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia	—	2,011
Knight Frank Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	In the area of Mukim of Plentong, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia	28,792	39,594
		<u>42,710</u>	<u>56,423</u>

As at 30 June 2024, deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM12,911,000 (2023: RM12,911,000) have been pledged to a bank as security for a bank facility granted to the Group.

(b) Deposits placed for life insurance policies

	RM'000
At 1 July 2022	1,005
Gain on deposits placed for life insurance policies	<u>17</u>
At 30 June 2023	1,022
Gain on deposits placed for life insurance policies	<u>16</u>
At 30 June 2024	<u>1,038</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

16. DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

(b) Deposits placed for life insurance policies (Continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2021, a life insurance policy (the “**Policy 2021**”) was taken to insure an executive director of the Company (the “**Insured Person**”). Under the Policy 2021, the beneficiary is a bank (the “**Bank**”) and the total insured sum is approximately RM3,200,000. At the inception of the Policy 2021, the Group paid an upfront payment of approximately RM804,000. For any insured events happened to the Insured Person, the insured sum will first be used to settle the outstanding bank loans of the Group to the Bank, and thereafter any excess portion will be payable to the Group. The Bank will pay the Group a variable return per annum afterwards (with no minimum return guaranteed) during the effective period of the Policy 2021. The Policy 2021 can be withdrawn at any time with surrender charges if such withdrawal occurs before the 10th anniversary from date of inception and a cash refund will be received based on the cash surrender value of the Policy 2021, which is determined by the gross premium paid plus accumulated return earned and minus any charges made in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Policy 2021, at the date of withdrawal. The Policy 2021 exposes the Group to significant insurance risk.

During the year ended 30 June 2020, a life insurance policy (the “**Policy 2020**”) was taken to insure the Insured Person. Under the Policy 2020, the beneficiary is the Bank and the total insured sum is approximately RM1,610,000. At the inception of the Policy 2020, the Group paid an upfront payment of approximately RM401,000. For any insured events happened to the Insured Person, the insured sum will first be used to settle the outstanding bank loans of the Group to the Bank and thereafter any excess amount will be payable to the Group. The Policy 2020 can be withdrawn at any time with surrender charges if such withdrawal occurs before the 10th anniversary from the date of inception and a cash refund will be received based on the cash surrender value of the Policy 2020 at the date of withdrawal.

As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the directors of the Company expect that the Policy 2021 and Policy 2020 will be terminated at the 10th anniversary from the date of inception and there will be no specific surrender charges in accordance with the terms of the Policy 2021 and Policy 2020. The directors of the Company consider that the expected life of the Policy 2021 and Policy 2020 will remain unchanged from initial recognition.

In the event of death of the Insured Person, the deposits will be derecognised and any resulting gains or losses will be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Trade receivables	(i)	88,571	58,283
Less: allowance for doubtful debts (Note 26(a))		(7,396)	(13,690)
	(ii)	81,175	44,593
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(iii), (iv)	9,917	6,149
Other receivables from disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties	(iii)	1,327	–
		92,419	50,742

Notes:

- (i) As at 30 June 2024, trade receivables of approximately RM2,940,000 (2023: RM3,622,000) and contract assets of approximately RM420,000 (2023: RM7,466,000) as disclosed in note 18(a) owing from a customer are secured by the original issue documents of strata/individual titles and other transfer documents pertaining to 9 properties of total net price of approximately RM20.6 million being held in escrow by the Group's solicitor pursuant to the master supplemental agreement dated 22 June 2022.
- (ii) All of the trade receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.
- (iii) The amount of deposits, prepayments and other receivables and other receivables from disposal of deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.
- (iv) As at 30 June 2024, the amount of deposits, prepayments and other receivables included amount due from a related company of approximately RM60,000 (2023: RM60,000), in which a key management personnel of the Group has controlling interest. The amount was unsecured, non-trade nature and repayable on demand.

Aging analysis of trade receivables

As at the end of the reporting period, the aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Within 30 days	31,355	14,556
31 to 60 days	32,293	17,277
61 to 90 days	15,364	9,970
Over 90 days	2,163	2,790
	81,175	44,593

Trade receivables are generally due within 14 to 90 days from the date of invoice. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk coming from trade receivables are set out in Note 26(a).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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18. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

(a) Contract assets

Amounts represent the Group's rights to considerations from customers for the provision of marine construction services and building and infrastructure services, which arise when: (i) the Group completed the relevant services under such contracts; and (ii) the customers withhold certain amounts payable to the Group as retention money to secure the due performance of the contracts for a period of generally 12 to 24 months (defect liability period) after completion of the relevant works. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade receivables at the point at which it becomes unconditional and is invoiced to the customer.

The Group's contract assets are analysed as follows:

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Contract assets	(i)		
Arising from performance under construction contracts		3,496	4,828
Retention receivables		29,224	8,079
		<u>32,720</u>	<u>12,907</u>
Gross carrying amount	(ii)	33,401	13,474
Less: loss allowance (Note 26(a))		(681)	(122)
Less: imputed interest		-	(445)
		<u>32,720</u>	<u>12,907</u>
Receivables from contracts with customers within the scope of IFRS 15, which are included in "Trade and other receivables" (Note 17)		<u>81,175</u>	<u>44,593</u>

Notes:

- (i) As at 30 June 2024, the amount of approximately RM2,095,000 (2023: RM991,000) included in the contract assets are expected to be recovered after more than one year, all of which related to retention receivables. All of the other contract assets are expected to be recovered within one year.
- (ii) As at 30 June 2024, trade receivables of approximately RM2,940,000 (2023: RM3,622,000) as disclosed in note 17 and contract assets of approximately RM420,000 (2023: RM7,466,000) owing from a customer are secured by the original issue documents of strata/individual titles and other transfer documents pertaining to 9 properties of total net price of approximately RM20.6 million being held in escrow by the Group's solicitor pursuant to the master supplemental agreement dated 22 June 2022.

Typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract assets recognised are as follows:

The Group's construction contracts include payment schedules which require stage payments over the construction period once milestones are reached and progress certificate was issued by customer. The Group also typically agrees to a retention period of 12 to 24 months for 5% to 10% of the contract value. This amount is included in contract assets until the end of the retention period as the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional on the Group's work satisfactorily passing inspection.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

18. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Contract assets (Continued)

The changes in contract assets are due to (i) adjustments arising from changes in the measure of progress of contracting work; (ii) reclassification to trade receivables when the Group has unconditional right to the consideration; and (iii) derecognition of imputed interest on contract assets of approximately RM445,000 (2023: RM645,000) for the year ended 30 June 2024.

(b) Contract liabilities

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Contract liabilities		
Construction contracts		
— Billings in advance of performance	<u>5,113</u>	<u>—</u>

Typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract liabilities recognised are as follows:

When the Group receives a deposit before the production activity commences this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the revenue recognised on the project exceeds the amount of the deposit. The amount of the deposit, if any, was negotiated on a case by case basis with customers.

Movements in contract liabilities

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
At beginning of the year	—	1,872
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	—	(1,872)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of construction activities	<u>5,113</u>	<u>—</u>
At the end of the year	<u>5,113</u>	<u>—</u>

All of the contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as income within one year.

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

19. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH MATURITY OVER THREE MONTHS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

(a) Fixed deposits with maturity over three months

As at 30 June 2023, the weighted average effective interest rate of the Group's fixed deposits with maturity over three months was 2.75% (2024: nil) per annum.

(b) Pledged bank deposits

- i Pledged bank deposits have been pledged to banks as security for banking facilities granted to the Group.
- ii The effective interest rates of the pledged bank deposits are as follow:

	2024	2023
Pledged bank deposits	<u>1.70%</u>	<u>1.93%</u>

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Deposits with banks	54,946	54,359
Cash and bank balances	<u>39,149</u>	<u>23,146</u>
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	<u>94,095</u>	<u>77,505</u>

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Lease liabilities RM'000	Bank loans RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2023	400	14,181	14,581
Exchange realignments	2	–	2
Non-cash – new lease liabilities	623	–	623
Non-cash – interest cost	27	865	892
Cash flow – financing activities	<u>(331)</u>	<u>(4,588)</u>	<u>(4,919)</u>
At 30 June 2024	721	10,458	11,179
At 1 July 2022	524	13,649	14,173
Exchange realignments	1	–	1
Non-cash – new lease liabilities	167	–	167
Non-cash – interest cost	21	993	1,014
Cash flow – financing activities	<u>(313)</u>	<u>(461)</u>	<u>(774)</u>
At 30 June 2023	400	14,181	14,581

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Trade payables		118,979	62,800
Other payables and accruals	(i)	819	1,359
Retention payables	(ii)	3,557	5,871
		123,355	70,030

Notes:

- (i) As at 30 June 2024, the amount of other payables and accruals included amount due to a joint venture of approximately RM6,000 (2023: RM6,000) which was unsecured, non-trade and repayable on demand.
- (ii) As at 30 June 2024, except for the amounts of approximately RM1,145,000 (2023: RM913,000) included in the retention payables which are expected to be settled after one year, all of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

Aging analysis of trade payables

As at the end of the reporting period, the aging analysis of trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Within 30 days	52,129	19,667
31 to 90 days	63,140	34,366
Over 90 days	3,710	8,767
	118,979	62,800

22. BANK LOANS

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Bank loans, secured	10,458	14,181

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

22. BANK LOANS (CONTINUED)

The bank loans were repayable as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Within 1 year or on demand	4,118	3,769
Within a period of more than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	4,363	4,058
Within a period of more than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	1,977	6,354
	<u>10,458</u>	<u>14,181</u>
Less: Amounts due within 1 year shown under current liabilities	(4,118)	(3,769)
	<u>6,340</u>	<u>10,412</u>

As at 30 June 2024, the Group's banking facilities were secured and guaranteed by:

- (i) investment properties of approximately RM2,200,000 (2023: RM2,200,000) (Note 14);
- (ii) deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM12,911,000 (2023: RM12,911,000) (Note 16(a)); and
- (iii) deposits with licensed banks of the Group with carrying amounts of approximately RM8,109,000 (2023: RM9,769,000) (Note 19(b)).

As at the end of the reporting period, the bank loans bear interest as follow:

	2024	2023
Bank loans	<u>7.20%</u>	<u>7.20%</u>

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had aggregate banking facilities of approximately RM67,000,000 (2023: RM67,000,000) for loans and borrowings. Unused facilities as at the same date amounted to approximately RM47,000,000 (2023: RM47,000,000).

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

23. LEASE LIABILITIES

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the reporting period:

	2024		2023	
	Present value of the minimum lease payments RM'000	Total minimum lease payments RM'000	Present value of the minimum lease payments RM'000	Total minimum lease payments RM'000
Within 1 year	258	290	262	276
After 1 year but within 2 years	167	191	111	115
After 2 years but within 5 years	296	309	27	28
	463	500	138	143
	721	790	400	419
Less: total future interest expenses		(69)		(19)
Present value of lease liabilities		721		400

24. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Tax recoverable	1,911	1,592
Provision for taxation	(810)	(928)
	1,101	664

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24. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the years are as follows:

	Depreciation allowances in excess of depreciation RM'000	Unrealised foreign exchange gain/(loss) RM'000	Credit loss allowance RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2022	32	(328)	(29)	(48)	(373)
Exchange realignments	(2)	–	–	–	(2)
Charge/(credit) to profit or loss (Note 11(a))	(2)	335	13	(9)	337
At 30 June 2023	28	7	(16)	(57)	(38)
Exchange realignments	–*	–	–*	1	1
(Credit)/charge to profit or loss (Note 11(a))	20	(10)	(15)	16	11
At 30 June 2024	48	(3)	(31)	(40)	(26)

* The amount represents an amount less than RM1,000.

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the table above. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Deferred tax assets	26	38
Deferred tax liabilities	–*	–*
	26	38

* The amount represents an amount less than RM1,000.

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24. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

(c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognised:

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Tax losses	2,489	2,001
Deductible temporary differences	2,006	3,396
	<u>4,495</u>	<u>5,397</u>

The above tax losses are under Malaysia subsidiaries which allowed to be utilised for 10 (2023: 10 consecutive years of assessment for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the above items as it is not considered probable that future taxable profits against which the above items can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity.

There were no other material unrecognised deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2024 and 2023.

25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Movement in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) Share capital

	No. of shares	Amount RM'000
Authorised ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
At 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2024	<u>2,000,000,000</u>	<u>10,535</u>
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
At 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2024	<u>500,000,000</u>	<u>2,672</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company. Under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the owners of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company would be in a position to pay off its debt as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(d) Merger reserve

Merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of ordinary shares issued by the Company, and the issued share capital of JBB Builders (M) Sdn. Bhd., Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. and Pavilion Ingenious Sdn. Bhd. exchanged in connection with the reorganisation in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange.

(e) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve represents foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the operations outside Malaysia. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2(s).

(f) Distributability of reserve

As at 30 June 2024, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to owners of the Company was RM131,095,000 (2023: RM130,457,000).

(g) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, or sell assets to reduce debt. No changes in the objective, policies or processes for managing capital were made during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendation of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends as well as issue of new debt or the redemption of the debt.

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(g) Capital management (Continued)

The Group monitors capital using, inter alia, a gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total equity. Net debt includes interest-bearing bank loans and leases liabilities, less pledged bank deposits, fixed deposits with maturity over three months and cash and cash equivalents. The gearing ratio as at 30 June 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Leases liabilities	721	400
Bank loans	10,458	14,181
Total debt	11,179	14,581
Less: Pledged bank deposits	(8,109)	(9,769)
Fixed deposits with maturity over three months	–	(5,424)
Cash and cash equivalents	(94,095)	(77,505)
Net debt	N/A	N/A
Total equity	136,351	133,328
Net debt-to-equity ratio	N/A	N/A

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in Note 2.

The Group has classified the financial instruments as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Financial assets		
Financial assets at amortised cost	188,191	138,497
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	134,534	84,611

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables, contract assets, fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and cash at banks. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. As at 30 June 2024, approximately 61% (2023: 50%) of the total gross trade receivables and contract assets was due from the Group's largest customer and approximately 91% (2023: 87%) of the total gross trade receivables and contract assets were due from the Group's five largest customers.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle their debts. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

For certain large customers or customers with a high risk of default, the Group assesses the risk of loss of each customer individually based on their financial information, past trends of payments and external credit rating, where applicable.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. The Group segments its trade receivables and contract assets based on geographic regions, due to different loss patterns experienced in the different regions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets:

	2024							
	Expected loss rate %	Malaysia Gross carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowance RM'000	Expected loss rate %	Singapore Gross carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowance RM'000	Total Gross carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowance RM'000
Trade receivables (Note 17)								
Current (not past due)	1.85	2,337	43	0.22	29,125	64	31,462	107
Less than 3 months past due	2.90	2,868	84	0.22	45,114	99	47,982	183
3 to 6 months past due	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 6 months to 1 year past due	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 1 year to 2 years past due	19.61	2,514	493	-	-	-	2,514	493
Over 2 years past due	100.00	4,095	4,095	-	-	-	4,095	4,095
Credit impaired (Note)	100.00	2,518	2,518	-	-	-	2,518	2,518
		<u>14,332</u>	<u>7,233</u>		<u>74,239</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>88,571</u>	<u>7,396</u>
Contract assets (Note 18(a))	2.04	<u>33,401</u>	<u>681</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,401</u>	<u>681</u>
		<u>47,733</u>	<u>7,914</u>		<u>74,239</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>121,972</u>	<u>8,077</u>
	2023							
	Expected loss rate %	Malaysia Gross carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowance RM'000	Expected loss rate %	Singapore Gross carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowance RM'000	Total Gross carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowance RM'000
Trade receivables (Note 17)								
Current (not past due)	6.89	2,815	194	0.19	12,794	24	15,609	218
Less than 3 months past due	1.17	828	10	0.19	25,798	49	26,626	59
3 to 6 months past due	9.18	1,077	99	-	-	-	1,077	99
Over 6 months to 1 year past due	6.86	799	54	-	-	-	799	54
Over 1 year to 2 years past due	54.98	2,026	1,114	-	-	-	2,026	1,114
Over 2 years past due	100.00	4,049	4,049	-	-	-	4,049	4,049
Credit impaired (Note)	100.00	8,097	8,097	-	-	-	8,097	8,097
		<u>19,691</u>	<u>13,617</u>		<u>38,592</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>58,283</u>	<u>13,690</u>
Contract assets (Note 18(a))	0.90	<u>13,474</u>	<u>122</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,474</u>	<u>122</u>
		<u>33,165</u>	<u>13,739</u>		<u>38,592</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>71,757</u>	<u>13,812</u>

Note: Due to the increment of credit risk of a customer based on the latest market information and payment history, 100% expected loss rate is applied for all the agings of a customer as at 30 June 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Movements in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables and contract assets are as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
At the beginning of the year	13,812	8,013
Exchange realignments	1	14
(Reversal)/allowance of impairment loss recognised	(5,736)	5,785
At the end of the year	8,077	13,812

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade receivables and contract assets contributed to the decrease in the loss allowance as at 30 June 2024:

- decrease in loss allowance provided due to the collection from customers of long-aged trade receivables; while partially offsetting by the increase in balances of trade receivables and contract assets, resulted in the reversal of loss allowance of approximately RM5,736,000.

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade receivables and contract assets contributed to the increase in the loss allowance as at 30 June 2023:

- increase in loss allowance provided for certain customers with higher credit risks based on the latest market information and payment history; while partially offsetting by the decrease in balances of trade receivables and contract assets, resulted in the increase of loss allowance of approximately RM5,785,000.

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the management of the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable. The management of the Group believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of other receivables and deposits since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12 months ECL. As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group assessed the ECL for other receivables and deposits were insignificant and thus no loss allowance was recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits with maturity over three months and pledged bank deposits

To manage this risk, deposits are mainly placed with reputable financial institutions with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions.

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables shows the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash outflows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

For bank loans which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the Group can be required to pay, that is, if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect. The maturity analysis for other bank loans and leases liabilities is prepared on the scheduled repayment dates.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

As at 30 June 2024

	On demand or within 1 year RM'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RM'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years RM'000	Total contractual undiscounted cash flows RM'000	Carrying amounts RM'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	123,355	–	–	123,355	123,355
Bank loans	4,673	4,677	1,989	11,339	10,458
Leases liabilities	290	191	309	790	721
	<u>128,318</u>	<u>4,868</u>	<u>2,298</u>	<u>135,484</u>	<u>134,534</u>

As at 30 June 2023

	On demand or within 1 year RM'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RM'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years RM'000	Total contractual undiscounted cash flows RM'000	Carrying amounts RM'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	70,030	–	–	70,030	70,030
Bank loans	4,677	4,677	6,683	16,037	14,181
Leases liabilities	276	115	28	419	400
	<u>74,983</u>	<u>4,792</u>	<u>6,711</u>	<u>86,486</u>	<u>84,611</u>

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to the Group's fixed-rate short-term fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and leases liabilities. The management of the Group considers that the Group's exposure from these fixed-rate short-term fixed deposits with maturity over three months, pledged bank deposits and leases liabilities to interest rate risk is not significant.

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from cash at banks and bank loans. Cash at banks and bank loans at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Malaysia base lending rate from the Group's bank loans denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

As at 30 June 2024, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 95 basis points (2023: 95 basis points) in interest rates for bank loans, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit for the year (2023: increase/decrease the Group's loss for the year) and decrease/increase the retained earnings by approximately RM76,000 (2023: RM102,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates annualised impact on the Group's net interest that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to floating rate instruments which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk at that date. The analysis has been performed on the same basis throughout the year ended 30 June 2023.

(d) Foreign currency exchange risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, hence exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arises. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and to keep the net exposure to an acceptable level. The Group will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The Group has foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Malaysian Ringgit ("RM"), translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

	Exposure to foreign currencies			
	2024		2023	
	Hong Kong dollars RM'000	Singapore dollars RM'000	Hong Kong dollars RM'000	Singapore dollars RM'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>43,974</u>	<u>3,007</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Foreign currency exchange risk (Continued)

ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous changes in the Group's profit for the year (2023: loss for the year) and retained profits that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

	2024			2023		
	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates	Effect on profit for the year RM'000	Effect on retained profits RM'000	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates	Effect on loss for the year RM'000	Effect on retained profits RM'000
Hong Kong dollars	5%	1,671	1,671	5%	—*	—*
	(5%)	(1,671)	(1,671)	(5%)	—*	—*
Singapore dollars	5%	114	114	5%	—	—
	(5%)	(114)	(114)	(5%)	—	—

* The amount represents an amount less than RM1,000.

(e) Fair values estimations

The carrying amount of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2024 and 2023.

27. COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

Significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of each of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Equipment	81	96

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

28. SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of subsidiaries at 30 June 2024:

Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Class of shares held	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Proportion of ownership interest			Principal activity
				Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by subsidiaries	
JBB Delima Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	US\$2	100%	100%	–	Investment holding
Classic Solution Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	US\$1	100%	100%	–	Investment holding
Harbour Elite International Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	US\$2	100%	100%	–	Investment holding
JBB Holdings (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Ordinary	RM36,000,002	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
JBB Resources (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$10,000	100%	–	100%	Construction and trading of sand
JBB Resources (Singapore) Private Limited	Singapore	Ordinary	SGD100,000	100%	–	100%	Construction and trading of marine gas oil and sand
JBB Builders (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Ordinary	RM41,000,000	100%	–	100%	Marine construction, building and infrastructure services and trading of marine gas oil
JBB Marine (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Ordinary	RM1,000,000	52%	–	52%	Marine transportation and fleet management
Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Ordinary	RM1,000,000	50%	–	50%	Land based machinery works and rental
Pavilion Ingenious Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Ordinary	RM1,000,000	100%	–	100%	Sand dredging and loading works

* Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. is considered to be a subsidiary of the Company despite the Company holds indirectly not more than half of the equity interest therein as the Company has the power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors of this entity, and has power to affect the returns of this entity.

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28. SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

The following table lists out the information relating to each of the Group's subsidiaries which has a material non-controlling interest (NCI). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

JBB Marine (M) Sdn. Bhd.

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
NCI percentage	48%	48%
Current assets	14,144	14,290
Non-current assets	—*	—*
Current liabilities	(27)	(25)
Non-current liabilities	—*	—*
Net assets	14,117	14,265
Carrying amount of NCI	6,776	6,847

* The amount represents an amount less than RM1,000.

Revenue	—	—
(Loss) for the year and total comprehensive (expenses)	(148)	(146)
(Loss) allocated to NCI	(71)	(70)
Cash flows (used in) operating activities	(186)	(125)
Cash flows generated from investing activities	40	41

Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd.

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
NCI percentage	50%	50%
Current assets	1,595	2,605
Non-current assets	50	124
Current liabilities	(793)	(820)
Non-current liabilities	—	—
Net assets	852	1,909
Carrying amount of NCI	426	955

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

28. SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. (Continued)

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Revenue	2,957	5,083
(Loss)/profit for the year and total comprehensive (expenses)/income	(1,058)	166
(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI	(529)	83
Dividends paid to NCI	-	(1,500)
Cash flows (used in)/generated from operating activities	(285)	2,031
Cash flows generated from investing activities	3	16
Cash flows (used in) financing activities	-	(3,000)

29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following parties/companies were related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group during the year:

Name of party	Relationship with the Group
JBB Kimlun	A joint venture
Kukuh Sejahtera Sdn. Bhd.	A company controlled by a key management personnel of the Group

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

The remuneration of key management personnel, including amounts paid to the executive directors of the Company as disclosed in Note 8 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 9, of the Group during the year is as follows:

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Short-term employee benefits	2,338	2,063
Post-employment benefits	150	133
	2,488	2,196

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with related parties

During the year, the Group entered into the following related party transactions:

Non-continuing transactions

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Management fee expenses JBB Kimlun	<u>69</u>	<u>69</u>
Professional fee expenses Kukuh Sejahtera Sdn. Bhd.	<u>240</u>	<u>60</u>

The directors of the Company consider that the above related party transactions during the year were conducted on mutually-agreed terms in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

(c) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The related party transactions in respect of the professional fee expenses to Kukuh Sejahtera Sdn. Bhd. above constitute continuing connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However those transactions are exempt from the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as they are below the de minimis threshold under Rule 14A.76(1).

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Performance bonds

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Performance bonds for contracts in favour of customers	<u>-</u>	<u>2,362</u>

The above performance bonds were given by banks in favour of some of Group's customers as security for the due performance and observance of the Group's obligations under the contracts entered into between the Group and its customers. If the Group fails to provide satisfactory performance to its customers to whom performance bonds have been given, such customers may demand the banks to pay to them the sum or sums stipulated in such demand. The Group will then become liable to compensate such banks accordingly. The performance bonds will be released based on the terms of the respective contracts for the relevant customers.

Except for the above mentioned, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

31. NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO IFRSs NOT YET EFFECTIVE

At the date of this report, the Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁵
Amendments to IFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback ¹
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current ¹
Amendments to IAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants ¹
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements ¹
Amendments to IAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability ²
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments ³
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ⁴
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures ⁴
IFRS S1	General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information ²
IFRS S2	Climate-related Disclosures ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to IFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

32. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	80	164
Investment in a subsidiary	88,822	87,673
Amount due from a subsidiary	—	—
	<u>88,902</u>	<u>87,837</u>
Current assets		
Other receivables, prepayment and deposits	124	403
Amounts due from subsidiaries	44,449	1,336
Cash and cash equivalents	935	44,219
	<u>45,508</u>	<u>45,958</u>
Current liabilities		
Accruals and other payables	350	358
Amounts due to subsidiaries	219	152
Leases liabilities	74	83
	<u>643</u>	<u>593</u>
Net current assets	<u>44,865</u>	<u>45,365</u>
Total assets less current liabilities	<u>133,767</u>	<u>133,202</u>
Non-current liabilities		
Lease liabilities	—	73
Net assets	<u>133,767</u>	<u>133,129</u>
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	2,672	2,672
Reserves	131,095	130,457
	<u>133,767</u>	<u>133,129</u>

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 September 2024

Ng Say Piyu
Chairman and Executive Director

Lam Fung Eng
Executive Director

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

32. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

Movements in the Company's reserves:

	Share premium RM'000	Exchange reserve RM'000	Capital reserve RM'000	(Accumulated losses)/ Retained profits RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2022	71,999	5,040	44,602	(13,456)	108,185
Loss for the year	–	–	–	14,812	14,812
Other comprehensive income for the year					
Currency translation difference	–	7,460	–	–	7,460
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	7,460	–	14,812	22,272
At 30 June 2023/1 July 2023	71,999	12,500	44,602	1,356	130,457
Loss for the year	–	–	–	(1,110)	(1,110)
Other comprehensive income for the year					
Currency translation difference	–	1,748	–	–	1,748
Total comprehensive income/ (expenses) for the year	–	1,748	–	(1,110)	638
At 30 June 2024	71,999	14,248	44,602	246	131,095

Note:

Capital reserve represented the difference between the nominal value of the issued share capital of the Company and the net asset value of subsidiaries upon the reorganisation in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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33. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

- (i) During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group entered into a contra agreement with Kimlun Sdn. Bhd., a connected party at subsidiary level, pursuant to which trade payables due to the Kimlun Sdn. Bhd. by the Group with total amount of approximately RM1,180,000 are deemed to be settled by the assignment of a property beneficially owned by the Group under a deed of settlement dated 19 February 2020.

Please refer to note 16(a)(i) for further details.

- (ii) During the year ended 30 June 2024, additions to motor vehicles of the Group of approximately RM426,000 were financed by lease liabilities.

Please refer to note 13 for further details.

- (iii) During the year ended 30 June 2023, upon the completion of major transaction pursuant to the master supplemental agreement entered into with Customer A and Party B, both independent third parties to the Group, in relation to the settlement transactions (reference is made to the Publications in relation to Major Transaction), trade receivables of approximately RM41,620,000 are deemed to be settled by the assignment of 19 properties to the Group and 1 property to Subcontractor A with the properties of approximately RM41,620,000 in aggregate owned by Party B.

In relation to the assignment of 1 property to Subcontractor A as abovementioned, the Group entered into a deed of settlement with Subcontractor A, pursuant to which trade payables due to Subcontractor A by the Group with a total amount of approximately RM1,993,000 are deemed to be settled by the assignment of such property of approximately RM1,993,000 from Party B to Subcontractor A.

The legal titles of the properties had not been transferred to the Group as at 30 June 2023. Accordingly, trade receivables of approximately RM41,620,000 and trade payables of approximately RM1,993,000 were derecognised, and deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately RM39,627,000 were recognised as non-current assets until the title of the properties are transferred.

Please refer to note 16(a)(iii) for further details.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A share option scheme (the “**Scheme**”) was adopted by the Company on 11 April 2019 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants which will expire on 10 April 2029. Under the Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to the eligible participants, including employees, directors, advisors, consultants, service providers, agents, customers, suppliers, partners or joint-venture partners of the Group, to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted at any time under the Scheme together with options which may be granted under any other share option schemes for the time being of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue of 500,000,000 shares as at the date of Listing (the “**Scheme Mandate Limit**”). The Company may seek approval of the shareholders in general meeting to refresh the Scheme Mandate Limit provided that the total number of shares available for issue upon exercise of all options which may be granted under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of approval of refreshing of the Scheme Mandate Limit. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issued from time to time.

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days from the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1.00. The subscription price is determined by the board of directors of the Company, and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company’s shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the Company’s shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company’s shares on the date of grant.

No share options are granted since the adoption of the Scheme and there are no outstanding share options under the Scheme as at 30 June 2024 and 2023.

35. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined contribution retirement plans

The Group operates the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the “**MPF Scheme**”) for its employees in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Cap. 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the eligible employees of the Group’s subsidiaries in Malaysia and Singapore are required to participate in Statutory Employees Provident Fund in Malaysia and the Central Provident Fund schemes in Singapore, respectively (the “**Schemes**”). The Schemes are defined contribution retirement plans of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

35. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Defined contribution retirement plans (Continued)

The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The assets of the Statutory Employee Provident Fund in Malaysia are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 4%-13% of the relevant payroll costs to the scheme, which contribution is matched by employees at lower rate 0%-11%.

The Group contributed 8.5%-17% (2023: 8.5%-17%) of the relevant wages while the employees contributed 7%-20% (2023: 7%-20%) of the relevant wages to the Central Provident Fund scheme in Singapore, subject to a cap of monthly ordinary wages of SGD6,000 and annual additional wages of SGD102,000 less total ordinary wages subject to Central Provident Fund for the year, for all employees who are Singapore citizens or permanent residents of Singapore.

During the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group has no forfeiture of contributions to the Schemes under the defined contribution retirement plans (i.e. contributions processed by the employer on behalf of the employee who has left the defined contribution retirement plans prior to vesting fully in such contributions) as the contributions to the Schemes are vested fully and immediately to the employees once the contributions to the Schemes have been paid. As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, no forfeited contributions to the Schemes under the defined contribution retirement plans may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions. The total expense recognised in the profits or loss of approximately RM891,000 (2023: RM754,000) during the year ended 30 June 2024 represents contributions payable to these Schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the Schemes (Note 7(b)).

36. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (i) Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group entered into a sale agreement to dispose Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd., a 50% non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group which engages in the business of land-based machinery works and rental, to Mr. Toh Ang Poo (the "**Disposal**"), who together with his spouse, held 50% shares of Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. before the Disposal. The consideration of the Disposal was RM1.0 million and the net assets of Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. before the Disposal was approximately RM0.9 million. A gain on disposal of approximately RM0.6 million was recognised. Upon the completion of the Disposal, the Group will no longer have any interest in Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. and Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. will cease to be the subsidiary of the Group. Therefore, the financial results of Gabungan Jasapadu Sdn. Bhd. will not be consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements thereafter.
- (ii) Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group entered into a sales and purchase agreement to dispose 1 property located in the area of Mukim of Plentong, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia to an independent third party to the Group, amounted to approximately RM2,500,000, conditional upon obtaining the foreign consent from the State Authority of Johor given that the purchaser is the foreigner of Malaysia. The carrying amount of the deposits paid for the abovementioned property, which was included in "Deposits paid for acquisition of investment properties", amounted to approximately RM2,301,000 as at 30 June 2024.

Financial Summary

RESULTS

	2024	For the year ended 30 June			
	RM'000	2023	2022	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	329,330	217,776	512,303	141,040	125,531
Gross profit	8,332	12,285	29,159	6,678	19,835
Profit/(loss) before taxation	3,226	(6,922)	16,758	(9,644)	2,520
Income tax expenses	(832)	(1,291)	(3,263)	(1,815)	(2,200)
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,394	(8,213)	13,495	(11,459)	320
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:					
– Owners of the Company	2,994	(8,226)	12,527	(9,416)	2,158
– Non-controlling interests	(600)	13	968	(2,043)	(1,838)
	2,394	(8,213)	13,495	(11,459)	320

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2024	As at 30 June			
	RM'000	2023	2022	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Total assets	276,808	218,867	294,794	269,868	250,368
Total liabilities	(140,457)	(85,539)	(155,534)	(147,500)	(114,410)
Net assets	136,351	133,328	139,260	122,368	135,958
Equity attributable to equity owners of the Company	129,149	125,526	129,971	114,047	125,594
Non-controlling interests	7,202	7,802	9,289	8,321	10,364
Total equity	136,351	133,328	139,260	122,368	135,958

Particulars of Major Properties

As at 30 June 2024

A. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

No.	Property	Uses	Term of lease	Built-up area (approximate square feet)	Nature of Property
1	No. 47, Jalan SiLC 2/16, Kawasan Perindustrian SiLC 81550 Iskandar Puteri, Johor	Intended for rental purpose	Interest in perpetuity	5,166	Commercial
2	No. 49, Jalan SiLC 2/16, Kawasan Perindustrian SiLC 81550 Iskandar Puteri, Johor	Intended for rental purpose	Interest in perpetuity	5,142	Commercial

B. DEPOSITS PAID FOR ACQUISITION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

No.	Property	Uses	Term of lease	Built-up area (approximate square feet)	Nature of Property
Properties located in the area of Mukim of Pengerang and Mukim of Pantai Timur, Kota Tinggi, Johor, Malaysia					
1	Parcel No. 52 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
2	Parcel No. 53 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
3	Parcel No. 54 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
4	Parcel No. 57 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
5	Parcel No. 58 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential

Particulars of Major Properties

No.	Property	Uses	Term of lease	Built-up area (approximate square feet)	Nature of Property
6	Parcel No. 59 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
7	Parcel No. 63 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
8	Parcel No. 67 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
9	Parcel No. 68 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
10	Parcel No. 77 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
11	Parcel No. 79 Phase 1B, Cluster, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,485	Residential
12	Parcel No. 18 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
13	Parcel No. 171 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,215	Residential
14	Parcel No. 88 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential

Particulars of Major Properties

No.	Property	Uses	Term of lease	Built-up area (approximate square feet)	Nature of Property
15	Parcel No. 89 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
16	Parcel No. 95 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,215	Residential
17	Parcel No. 97 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
18	Parcel No. 105 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
19	Parcel No. 116 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
20	Parcel No. 123 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
21	Parcel No. 232 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
22	Parcel No. 233 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential

Particulars of Major Properties

No.	Property	Uses	Term of lease	Built-up area (approximate square feet)	Nature of Property
23	Parcel No. 240 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
24	Parcel No. 242 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
25	Parcel No. 245 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
26	Parcel No. 246 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,005	Residential
27	Parcel No. 247 Phase 1B, Double Storey Terrace House, H.S.(D) 36899 PTD 6008, in the Mukim of Pengerang, District of Kota Tinggi, State of Johor	Intended to held for sale	Leased for a term of 99 years till 25 May 2115	2,215	Residential

Properties located in the area of Mukim of Tebrau, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor, Malaysia

28	B10-01, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,207	Residential
29	B22-01, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,207	Residential
30	B24-01, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,207	Residential

Particulars of Major Properties

No.	Property	Uses	Term of lease	Built-up area (approximate square feet)	Nature of Property
31	B30-02, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,659	Residential
32	B31-01, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,207	Residential
33	B32-01, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,207	Residential
34	B32-03, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,659	Residential
35	B33-01, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,207	Residential
36	B35-02, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,659	Residential
37	B36-02, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,659	Residential
38	B40-02, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,659	Residential
39	B41-02, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,659	Residential
40	B47-05, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,217	Residential
41	B51-05, The Astaka, Jalan Astaka Boulevard, One Bukit Senyum, 80300 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Intended to held for sale	Interest in perpetuity	2,217	Residential